NOTICE

All drawings located at the end of the document.

ANNUAL UPDATE

August 1, 2001, through August 1, 2002

Historical Release Report

Prepared by Kaiser-Hill Company, L.L.C.

Revision 0



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ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, AND INITIALISMS

AL action level

ALF Action Level and Standards Framework for Surface Water, Groundwater

& Soils

AME Actinide Migration Evaluation

AOC Area of Concern

AR Administrative Record
ARA accelerated response action

bgs below ground surface

BTEX benzene, toluene, ethylbenzene, and xylene

BZ Buffer Zone

CAD/ROD Corrective Action Decision/Record of Decision

CDPHE Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment

CEARP Comprehensive Environmental Assessment and Response Program
CERCLA Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability

Act

CHWA Colorado Hazardous Waste Act

C₁ curie

cm² square centimeter

CPIR Contingency Plan Implementation Report

cpm counts per minute

D&D decontamination and decommissioning

DDCP Decontamination and Decommissioning Characterization Protocol

DNAPL dense nonaqueous phase liquid
DOE US Department of Energy
dpm disintegrations per minute

dpm/kg disintegrations per minute per kilogram dpm/L disintegrations per minute per liter

DQO data quality objectives EG&G EG&G Rocky Flats, Inc

EPA US Environmental Protection Agency

ER Environmental Restoration ERA Ecological Risk Assessment

FIDLER Field Instrument for the Detection of Low-Energy Radiation

FIFRA Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act

 $\begin{array}{ll} \text{ft} & \text{foot/feet} \\ \text{ft}^2 & \text{square feet} \\ \text{FY} & \text{F1scal Year} \end{array}$

g gram

GPR Ground Penetrating Radar
GPS Global Positioning System
HDPE high density polyethylene
HEPA high-efficiency particulate air
HHRA Human Health Risk Assessment

HI hazard index

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ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, AND INITIALISMS

HPGe High Purity Germanium
HRR Historical Release Report
HSA Historical Site Assessment

IA Industrial Area

IAG Interagency Agreement

IASAP Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan

IDM investigative derived materials

IHSS Individual Hazardous Substance Site
IM/IRA Interim Measure/Interim Remedial Action

IMP Integrated Monitoring Program
IRIS Integrated Risk Information System

ITS Interceptor Trench System

IWCP Integrated Work Control Package K-H Kaiser-Hill Company, L L C

μC₁/g microcuries per gram

μg/kg micrograms per kilogram (ppb)
 μg/L micrograms per liter (ppb)
 MDL method detection limit

mg/kg milligrams per kilogram (ppm)
mg/L milligrams per liter (ppm)
mg/m³ milligrams per cubic meter

MH manhole

mr/hr millirem per hour
MST modular storage tank

M and TE measuring and testing equipment

nCi/g nanocuries per gram NFA No Further Action

NPWL New Process Waste Lines
NRC National Response Center

NTS Nevada Test Site

OPWL Original Process Waste Lines

OU Operable Unit PA Protected Area

PAC potential area of concern

PAM Proposed Action Memorandum

PARCC precision, accuracy, representativeness, completeness, and comparability

PCB polychlorinated biphenyl

PCE tetrachloroethene pC1/g picocuries per gram

PCOC potential contaminant of concern

pg/g picograms per gram

PIC Potential Incident of Concern

POC Point of Compliance POE Point of Evaluation

ABBREVIATIONS, ACRONYMS, AND INITIALISMS

ppb parts per billion (µg/kg or µg/L)
ppm parts per million (mg/kg or mg/L)

PPRG Programmatic Preliminary Remediation Goal

PSZ Perimeter Security Zone

PU&D Property Utilization and Disposal

QC quality control

RCRA Resource Conservation and Recovery Act

RCRA 3004(u) Appendix 1, Waste Management Units RCRA Part B Permit Application

RFCA Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement

RFETS Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site

RFFO Rocky Flats Field Office

RFI/RI RCRA Facility Investigation/Remedial Investigation

RFP Rocky Flats Plant
RI Remedial Investigation

RLCR Reconnaissance-Level Characterization Report RMRS Rocky Mountain Remediation Services, L L C

RQ reportable quantity

RSAL radionuclide soil action levels

RSOP RFCA Standard Operating Protocol

SAP Sampling and Analysis Plan

SCFA Subsurface Contaminant Focus Area

SEP Solar Evaporation Pond SID South Interceptor Ditch

SITE Superfund Innovative Technology Evaluation

SNM Special Nuclear Material STP Sewage Treatment Plant

SVOC semivolatile organic compound

SWD Soil Water Database

SWMU Solid Waste Management Unit

TCA 1,1,1-trichloroethane

TCE trichloroethene

TCLP Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure

TDEM time-domain electromagnetic toxicity equivalent factor

TEQ toxicity equivalent

TPH total petroleum hydrocarbons
TSCA Toxic Substances Control Act
UBC Under Building Contamination
USFWS U S Fish and Wildlife Service
VOC volatile organic compound

yd³ cubic yards

SECTION 1.0 INTRODUCTION

1.0 INTRODUCTION

Background

The Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site (RFETS) (the Site) began operation in 1951. Since 1951, materials defined as hazardous substances, pollutants, and contaminants by the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA), and materials defined as hazardous waste and hazardous constituents by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) and/or the Colorado Hazardous Waste Act (CHWA), have been produced, purchased, stored, consumed, disposed, and released at various locations at RFETS. Contaminants remain within some facility tank and pipe systems and filter plenums. Certain contaminants have been detected and remain in groundwater, sediments, surface water, and soil at the Site and thus pose potential human health and environmental risks.

RCRA regulations require that all Solid Waste Management Units (SWMUs) be identified. This became applicable to RFETS with the signing of a Compliance Agreement on July 31, 1986. At that time, the exact definition of a SWMU had not been formalized, therefore, guidance from the State of Colorado and the regional office of the U.S. Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) was used. The State of Colorado and EPA required the identification of all areas where environmental releases may have occurred, including hazardous waste and nonhazardous waste-related releases. Also included were single-release areas and long-term waste management areas where waste storage may (or is known to) have occurred.

SWMUs were initially identified in 1985 by the U.S. Department of Energy (DOE) Los Alamos Operations Office and are presented in the Draft Comprehensive Environmental Assessment and Response Program (CEARP) Phase I Installation Assessment. The study consisted of a records search, open literature survey, and interviews with RFETS employees. The SWMU terminology is a RCRA designation consisting of inactive waste disposal sites, accidentally contaminated sites, and sites found to pose environmental concern due to past or current waste management practices. Inspections were conducted at each site. The first identification of RFETS SWMUs, consistent with the guidance provided by the State of Colorado and the regional EPA, was presented as an appendix to the November 1986 RCRA Part B Permit Application.

Formal efforts to document the extent of Site contamination were established with the signing of the Interagency Agreement (IAG) in 1991. At that time, SWMUs at RFETS were renamed Individual Hazardous Substance Sites (IHSSs). IHSS is a term defined under CERCLA and the IAG as "locations associated with a release or threat of release of hazardous substances that may cause harm to human health/or the environment." The term IHSS is used today at RFETS. The IAG grouped IHSSs by similar contaminant or geographic location into 16 larger Operable Units (OUs), and schedules were set for further characterization. In accordance with the IAG, a Historical Release Report (HRR) was developed. The original intent of the HRR was to capture existing information on historical incidents and plant practices involving hazardous substances at RFETS. Additionally,

the IAG prescribed that the HRR reporting process continue quarterly for reporting of new or newly identified releases of hazardous substances to the environment (now identified as Potential Areas of Concern [PACs])

In 1996, the Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement (RFCA) superceded the IAG RFCA incorporated the earlier IAG requirements for updating the HRR, however, it was agreed that reporting would be required annually instead of quarterly The first Annual Update was submitted in September 1996

The 16 OUs designated in the IAG were consolidated into 10 OUs during the RFCA negotiation process to reduce field and administrative requirements. The consolidation of former OUs is presented in Table 1.1

Table 1.1 RFCA Consolidation of Former OUs

IAG Operable Unit Designation	RFCA Operable Unit Designation
Operable Unit 1 ¹	Closed under CAD/ROD1
Operable Unit 2	Incorporated into Buffer Zone Operable Unit
Operable Unit 3	*Closed under CAD/ROD
Operable Unit 4	Incorporated into Industrial Area Operable Unit
Operable Unit 5	Unchanged Under RFCA
Operable Unit 6	Unchanged Under RFCA
Operable Unit 7	Unchanged Under RFCA
Operable Unit 8	Incorporated into Industrial Area Operable Unit
Operable Unit 9	Incorporated into Industrial Area Operable Unit
Operable Unit 10 ²	Incorporated into Industrial Area Operable Unit ²
Operable Unit 11	Closed Under CAD/ROD . " «E
Operable Unit 12	Incorporated into Industrial Area Operable Unit
Operable Unit 13	Incorporated into Industrial Area Operable Unit
Operable Unit 14	Incorporated into Industrial Area Operable Unit
Operable Unit 15 ⁸	Closed Under CAD/ROD ³
Operable Unit 16	Closed Under CAD/HOD

Areas shaded indicate accepted closure of an OU (i e , CAD/ROD)

²IHSSs 170, 174A, 174B, and 177 within former Operable Unit 10 are in the Buffer Zone Operable Unit

At that time, Corrective Action Decisions/Record of Decisions (CADs/RODs) for OUs 11, 15, and 16 were already complete and CADs/RODs for OUs 1, 3, 5, 6, and 7 were in process or expected For this reason these OUs retained their IAG designations The Buffer Zone (BZ) OU incorporates all IHSSs from OU 2, IHSSs 170, 174A, and 174B from the former OU 10, and all PACs within

¹Extraction and treatment of groundwater from the İHSS 119 1 Collection well was discontinued in February 2002 under agreements documented in the Final Major Modification to the OU 1 CAD/ROD (see Appendix 2)

³Several IHSSs within former Operable Unit 15 were deferred until D&D is initiated or complete (refer to OU 15 CAD/ROD or Appendix 1)

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those IHSSs and the BZ The Industrial Area (IA) OU incorporates all IHSSs from OUs 4, 8, 9, 12, 13, and 14, IHSSs 115 and 196 from OU 6, all IHSSs from OU 10 with the exception of 170, 174A, and 174B, and all PACs and Under Building Contamination (UBC) Sites located within the IA

A large portion of the text contained within this Annual Update pertains to new information gathered to update previous IHSS, PAC, or UBC Site descriptions. Many of the PAC narrative updates reflect regulatory agency comments to earlier annual updates. In addition, starting October 24, 2001, through April 3, 2002, eight No Further Action (NFA) status meetings were conducted with DOE, Kaiser-Hill Company, L L C (K-H), EPA, and the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) to discuss outstanding HRR issues. The meetings resulted in agreement of 91 NFA decisions relating to past HRR Quarterly and Annual Reports. Subsequent to the outcome of these meetings, it was agreed that the 61 Potential Incidents of Concern (PICs) be discussed as addressed in the original HRR (DOE 1992). A PIC is defined as a documented event or occurrence resulting in a potential release to the environment, but with insufficient information to establish a location. All 61 PICs were addressed in the NFA status meetings. NFA status regarding 48 PICs was agreed to, while 13 PICs require further discussion and/or evaluation (see Appendix 1).

This document has been prepared in accordance with Part 9, Subpart B, paragraph 119 (I) of RFCA (DOE 1996), Notification of Spills, Releases, or Findings, and is presented in the format described below. For this reporting period, August 1, 2001, through August 1, 2002, there were no additional HRR reportable spills, releases, or findings of contaminants identified at RFETS

For purposes of the HRR process and mapping clarity, original IHSS locations were designated a unique "PAC area" prefix number based upon geographic location. For example, IHSS 123 1 is designated as PAC 700-123 1. An area where there has been a recent release or finding of a hazardous substance in the environment (post-1992) is also assigned a PAC area prefix number, followed by the next numerically highest PAC reference number for that area. These areas are referred to as PACs and are equivalent to IHSSs in that they are CERCLA sites requiring disposition through the HRR and CERCLA reporting process. PAC prefixes are selected according to 14 geographic subdivisions, as illustrated on Figure 1.1 Large PAC areas (i.e., PACs that cross geographic PAC boundaries), such as the Original Process Waste Lines (OPWL), (PAC #000-121) and the Central Avenue Ditch (PAC #000-172), have been assigned a 000 prefix due to their boundary extent. To date, there are 12 IHSSs and/or PACs with the 000 prefix.

In addition to the 14 geographic areas, potential UBC Sites were also discussed in the original HRR (DOE 1992) UBC areas were necessary because of the potential contamination of soil under specific buildings from broken process waste lines or other potential sources related to the building histories Appendix 4, Plate #4, Potential Areas of Concern, shows the UBC locations identified at RFETS

PAC narratives include DOE Rocky Flats Field Office (RFFO) recommendations for NFA or No Further Remedial Action (NFRA) These recommendations are based on process knowledge,

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analytical data from characterization and/or verification sampling, conservative risk-based screens, or formally conducted personal interviews

RFCA defines the NFA remedy selection as the determination that remedial actions are not currently warranted, however, such decisions are subject to revisitation at the time of the Final CAD/ROD. The Agency Acceptance Form included in past Quarterly and Annual Updates to the HRR was discontinued in the Fiscal Year (FY) 2000 Annual Update. As such, the current IHSS, PAC, and UBC Site regulatory status will be determined as part of an ongoing process between RFETS personnel and regulatory agencies. This Annual Update is divided into three sections and four appendices. They are described as follows.

Section 1.0 is a historical summary of the HRR process and identifies the contents of this document Section 1.0 includes three tables, as follows

Table 1.1, located in the introductory background section, provides an overview of the OUs that resulted from regulatory agreements (that is, the IAG and RFCA)

Table 1.2 is provided as a summary of the IHSS, PAC and UBC Site status contained within this Annual Update to the HRR

Table 1.3 is an up-to-date account of (1) the number of geographic areas (i.e., IHSSs, PACs, and UBC Sites) accepted as proposed NFA, either by written concurrence from the regulatory agencies or through the CAD/ROD process, (2) the number of geographic areas "proposed" for NFA since the 1992 HRR, for which concurrence has not been received from the regulatory agencies, and (3) the number of total geographic areas warranting further research, investigation, or action

Section 2.0 provides revised PAC/UBC Site narratives and incorporates new information regarding previously designated HRR sites The revised narratives include the following types of information

- Additional information or findings related to previously designated CERCLA sites, such as new data, boundary changes, corrections identified, etc.
- Proposed NFA/NFRA status based upon process knowledge, analytical data, conservative risk-based screening, source removal (or approved treatment) of contaminants in accordance with agency-approved decision documents, such as the IA Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP), BZSAP, subsequent SAP addenda, Proposed Action Memorandums (PAMs), Interim Measure/Interim Remedial Actions (IM/IRAs), or other authorizing decision documents,
- Additional information requested by the regulatory agencies during the comment and response period to meet the proposed NFA criteria,
- Approved NFA status based upon final CAD/ROD or other authorizing documentation, such as letters from the regulatory agencies, and
- Accelerated actions taken within the Environmental Restoration (ER) framework of field activities



Table 1.2 HRR PAC UBC Narrative Updates Contained in This Annual Report

IHSS	OU	PAC	Site Description/Status	Updated	Proposed NFA
110	BZ	NE-110	Trench T-3	2001 Annual Update	2001 Annual Update
	<u> </u>			2002 Annual Update	
NA	BZ	NE-1407	OU 1 Treatment Facility	Eighth Quarterly Update	2002 Annual Update
170	BZ	NW-170	PU&D Yard	1999 Annual Update	2001 Annual Update
133 2	BZ	SW-133 2	Ash Prt 2, Ghost Location	2001 Annual Update	2001 Annual Update
	OU 5			2002 Annual Update	
133 4	BZ	SW-133 4	Ash Pit 4, Ghost Location	2001 Annual Update	2001 Annual Update
	OU 5			2002 Annual Update	
121	IA	000-121	Process Waste Tank #40	1992 HRR	2002 Annual Update
148	IA	100-148	Building 123 Waste Leaks	1998 Annual Update	2002 Annual Update
NA	IA	100-603	Building 123 Bioassay Waste Spill	2001 Annual Update	2001 Annual Update
NA	IA	100-609	Building 121 Security Incinerator	2002 Annual Update	2002 Annual Update
NA	IA	100-611	Building 123 Scrubber Solution Spill	2002 Annual Update	2002 Annual Update
NA	IA	500-906	Asphalt Surface Near Building 559	2002 Annual Update	2002 Annual Update
NA	IA	600-1005	Former Pesticide Storage Area	Seventh Quarterly Update	2002 Annual Update
NA	IA	700-1006	Process Waste Spill Portal 1	2002 Annual Update	2002 Annual Update
NA	IA	700-1114a	Release During Liquid Transfer	Annual 1997	2001 Annual Update
		and 1114b	Operations from B774	1	
183	BZ	900-183	Gas Detoxification Area	2000 Annual Update	2001 Annual Update
109	BZ	900-109	Trench T-2 Ryan Pit	1997 Annual Update	2001 Annual Update
NA	IA	UBC-123	Building 123 UBC	2002 Annual Update	2002 Annual Update
NA	IA	UBC-125	Building 125 UBC	2002 Annual Update	2002 Annual Update
NA	IA	UBC-889	Building 889 UBC	2002 Annual Update	2002 Annual Update

Refer to Appendix 1 for current status of all HRR sites

Refer to Appendix 2 for regulatory agency correspondence letters

Table 1.3 HRR Site Tracking and Status Through September 2002¹

HRR Site Status	IHSSs, PACS, and UBCs	PICs
Proposed NFA Accepted (CAD/ROD Process or other approval)	150	48
Proposed NFA (Pending Agency Review)	29	
Potential Further Action Warranted	180	13
Total	359	61

¹Tracking includes IHSS, PAC/PIC, and UBC Sites at RFETS

Section 3.0 briefly describes events for several environmental projects that occurred at the Site during the reporting period that are considered significant and should be documented. Information regarding OU 1-IHSS 119 1, the Solar Evaporation Ponds (SEP) (IHSS 101), the Original Landfill (IHSS 115) and the status made toward final agreements for the BZ Contamination Review sites

¹ NFA or NFRA was conditionally approved by EPA and CDPHE provided additional clarification or other information be provided in this Annual Update to the HRR

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which were issued by the CDPHE on August 23, 1999, are included New in this Annual Update is a comprehensive list (Table 3 5) of buildings and structures that have been demolished through the D&D process at the Site

Appendix 1 provides a list of all sites identified in the original HRR, Quarterly Updates, and Annual Updates to date. A cross-reference with IHSS/UBC Site number (if applicable), IHSS numbers for PACs occurring within an IHSS boundary, and OU designation is provided in accordance with RFCA. Additionally, Appendix 1 provides a reference to Quarterly or Annual Reports updating the information provided in the original PAC identification. Recommendation for a PAC as a Proposed NFA or Approved for NFA is also provided, along with a reference to the Quarterly or Annual Report the designation was assigned. HRR sites, which have been approved for NFA as proposed are presented with the approval date and applicable footnote.

Appendix 2 provides specific HRR correspondence letters from the regulatory agencies. The letters pertain to reviews of HRR Quarterly Update and Annual Update Reports. Resolution of issues and disposition of the subject PACs, IHSSs, and UBC Sites will be addressed through ongoing discussions and correspondence with the regulatory agencies. In brief, the letters conditionally document acceptance of proposed NFA status, request additional information or data for some PACs or IHSSs that were proposed NFA, or specify nonconcurrence with the PAC/IHSS or UBC Site proposed for NFA in the HRR reporting process.

Appendix 3 provides notification and documentation for replacement/movement of soil that has undergone a hazardous and radiological constituent analysis (i.e., comparison to RFCA Action Levels [ALs] for soils greater than RFCA Tier II ALs). This reporting is consistent with the approval agreement for the RFCA Standard Operating Protocol (RSOP) for Asphalt and Soil Management. The reporting and documentation include a summary of the movement activity, volumes, origination, receiving sites, and contamination type(s). This appendix is identified as a "place-keeper" to describe and map such locations. There were no soil samples exceeding the RFCA Tier II ALs relocated to other areas of "Put Back" during this reporting period. Figure A-3.1 shows where such relocation/put-back decisions occurred historically

Appendix 4 contains four plates and presents the most current and accurate IHSS, PAC, and UBC Site boundaries and status. The RFCA Consolidated Operable Unit Map presented in RFCA and the original HRR PAC Area format are combined and illustrated as Plate #1. Plate #1 only illustrates IHSSs for which further investigation or action is warranted (as proposed in the HRR reporting process). Final NFA/NFRA and proposed NFA/NFRA IHSSs, PACs and UBC Sites are illustrated on a separate coverage (Plate #2), thereby easily delineating between the HRR sites that require further action and progress made toward Site remediation. In addition, due to the complex nature of the original and new process waste transfer systems (IHSS 121 and PAC 000-504, respectively) and associated IHSSs resulting from these lines, an additional map (Plate #3) illustrates these areas on a separate coverage. All areas shown on Plate #3 require further investigation at the present time. Plate #3 was revised in FY2000 to show areas of known or suspected leaks within the waste transfer system piping, and specific line section numbers. This plate also identifies the type of material used.



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for piping, results of pressure tests, and whether the pipe has been abandoned or is in current use Several upgrades were made relevant to the process waste line coverage during this reporting period. The PAC and UBC map (Plate #4) is consistent with past HRR Update Reports and shows PAC and UBC Sites that require further investigation.

Summary

This report is intended to provide a comprehensive compilation of historical information updated to reflect present conditions and response actions at RFETS with regard to environmental releases or significant events. It is not the intention of this Annual Update or past updates to change or amend researched information in the original HRR, but rather to provide additional facts for specific areas as they become available. Prior to initiating work within any designated area, all available documents should be reviewed, including, but not limited to, Environmental Technical Memorandums, Data Summary Reports, project specific-decision documents, and Accelerated Action Completion Reports

SECTION 2.0 REVISED PAC NARRATIVES



PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: NE-110

IHSS Reference Number

110, Buffer Zone Operable Unit

Unit Name

Trench T-3

Approximate Location

N750,000, E2,087,000

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

1964 - 1968

Description of Operation or Occurrence

(Original HRR [DOE 1992])

Trench T-3 was used primarily for the disposal of sanitary wastewater and sewage treatment plant sludge. The sludge removed from the wastewater treatment plant was placed on sludge drying beds. Dried material removed from the sludge drying beds was placed into Trench T-3 (one of the East Disposal Trenches, also referred to as the East Trenches) until August 1968. The sanitary sludge disposal trenches are reported to be approximately 10 feet deep with 2 feet of soil cover (DOE 1992). In addition, miscellaneous waste including crushed drums, asphalt planking, and construction debris was also disposed of in Trench T-3 (DOE 1996a).

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

Some uranium and plutonium contamination was present in sludge during this time frame. It is reported that the older sludge had primarily uranium contamination with newer sludge having an increasing amount of plutonium contamination. Total long-lived alpha activity present in the sludge in the East Trenches (not specifically Trench T-3) was reported to be between a maximum of 3,591 picocuries per gram (pCi/g) in June 1960 and a minimum of 382 pCi/g in August 1964. Uranium contamination was present in flattened drums that were disposed in this trench (DOE 1992). Flattened drums, estimated to be more than 300 in total number are known to have been buried in Trench T-3 (DOE 1996a).

Approximately 2,400 gallons of water and lathe coolant generated in Building 444 was reportedly disposed of in one of the East Trenches (not specifically Trench T-3) This waste had an average activity of 150,000 disintegrations per minute per liter (dpm/l) (believed to be total alpha activity) The activity of this material was reported as 1 35 x 10⁸ disintegrations per minute (dpm) with



approximately 1.3 kilograms (kg) of depleted uranium present in the waste. It is unknown whether or not this material was in drums (DOE 1992)

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

A source removal action was conducted in summer 1996 to excavate and treat contaminated material using low-temperature thermal desorption. This action was authorized by a Proposed Action Memorandum (PAM) for the Source Removal at Trenches T-3 and T-4 (IHSSs 110 and 111 1, respectively), Revision 2, dated March 28, 1996 (DOE 1996b). Approximately 1,706 cubic yards of volatile organic compound (VOC)-contaminated material was removed from Trench T-3 (PAC NE-110) and treated

Excavation was completed July 3, 1996, and treatment of Trench T-3 material was completed by July 11, 1996. The completion report for the project details the treatment process, contaminants removed, condition of the trench following the removal action, and analytical results (DOE 1996c)

Approximately 200 cubic yards of debris (primarily crushed drums) were removed from the trench, treated if contaminated with VOCs, and packaged for offsite disposal. During packaging, 1 to 2 pounds of a black material was released from a drum and spread over a small work area. The material was found to be radioactive and may have been depleted uranium. Two roll-off containers and two waste-crates were used to contain the soil contaminated with this material (DOE 1996c). The containers were shipped to an approved offsite disposal facility.

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

Soil treated as part of the source removal action was returned to the trench upon review of the post-treatment analytical data to confirm cleanup ALs were met. Debris excavated from the trench was characterized, treated, size-reduced, and containerized. Containerized debris was shipped to the Nevada Test Site (NTS) in September 1997. The source removal action for Trench T-3 removed contamination sources in accordance with cleanup values stipulated in the PAM. Review of the analytical data from this removal action indicate that disposal of the 2,400 gallons of water and lathe coolant from Building 444 did not occur in Trench T-3. Analytical data for this project are documented in the Completion Report for the Source Removal at Trenches T-3 and T-4, IHSSs 110 and 111.1 (DOE 1996c)

In 1999, the East Trenches groundwater remediation project was completed which collected and treated a plume of contaminated groundwater from the East Trenches area That project is described in the Final East Trenches Plume Project Closeout Report (DOE 2000)



Action/No Further Action Recommendation

The post-treatment levels of VOCs in the treated soil returned to Trench T-3 (PAC NE-110) were below the thermal desorption unit performance standards specified in the PAM (DOE 1996b), as documented in the completion report (DOE 1996c) Additionally, the excavation verification sample results for the contaminants of concern from Trench T-3 were below the cleanup values stipulated in the PAM (DOE 1996c)

These cleanup values were consistent with the RFCA Tier I subsurface soil action levels (DOE 1996d) Detectable VOCs in the excavation verification samples for Trench T-3 included carbon tetrachloride in one sample at a concentration of 1 8 parts per million (ppm) and tetrachloroethene in three samples with concentrations ranging from 0 74 ppm to 6 3 ppm. Approved cleanup levels for carbon tetrachloride and tetrachloroethene were 11 ppm and 11 5 ppm respectively (DOE 1996c)

Trench T-3 (PAC NE-110) was proposed for No Further Action (NFA) in the 1997 and 2000 Annual Updates to the HRR because the source removal and treatment goals specified in the PAM (DOE 1996b) were achieved and were consistent with the ALs agreed upon in RFCA (DOE 1996d). In accordance with the PAM (DOE 1996b), the source removal is considered complete because the verification sample concentrations were below cleanup levels and/or completed upon reaching groundwater or bedrock.

The regulatory agencies agreed to NFA as proposed for PAC NE-110 (Trench T-3) on October 2, 2001 The NFA agreement, however, was conditional based upon clarification regarding why an original HRR (DOE 1992) reference pertaining to 2,400 gallons of lathe coolant was deleted from the PAC NE-110 Narrative Update in the Annual Update for FY2000 As agreed, an explanation is provided in the Comments section below

Comments

Trenches T-3 through T-11 are referred to as the East Trenches (DOE 1992)

Trench T-3 (PAC NE-110) had few operational differences from Trenches T-4 through T-11

No documentation was found regarding the exact dates of operation of individual trenches Interviewees were unaware of operating dates and could provide no additional information (DOE 1992)

The PAC Narrative Update for PAC NE-110 submitted in the 1997 Annual Update to the HRR states that no evidence could be found either from physical excavation or analytical data review to support the 1992 HRR reference pertaining to 2,400 gallons of lathe coolant being disposed of in one of the East Trenches Recent additional review of referenced material supporting the 1992 HRR could not provide further disposition with regard to where the lathe coolant was disposed. The 2000 Annual Update removed text regarding the lathe coolant because the PAC Narrative was site-specific

to current information regarding Trench T-3 The 1992 HRR for the East Trenches is generally comprehensive, grouping all the information for all the trenches and is not site-specific. It is also possible that the liquid potentially disposed of in one of the East Trenches was diluted sufficiently so that no residual effect has been identified to date, or that the coolant never reached the East Trenches

References

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DOE, 1996a, Annual Update for the Historical Release Report, August 1, 1995, through August 1, 1996, RF/ER-96-0046, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September

DOE, 1996b, Proposed Action Memorandum for the Source Removal at Trenches T-3 and T-4 IHSSs 110 and 111 1, Revision 2, RF/ER-95-111 UN, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, March

DOE, 1996c, Completion Report for the Source Removal at Trenches T-3 and T-4 IHSSs 110 and 111 1, RF/ER-96-0051, Revision 2, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September

DOE, 1996d, Final Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement, Department of Energy, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

DOE, 2000, Final East Trenches Plume Project Closeout Report, Fiscal Year 1999, RF/RMRS-99-443 UN, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, February

K-H, 2000, Historical Release Report (Interim Update) and Response to Comments for HRR Annual Updates (1997, 1998 & 1999), Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, August



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PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: NE-1407

IHSS Number

Not Applicable

Unit Name

OU 2 Treatment Facility

Location

N749,900, E2,087,000

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

March 9, 1993

Description of Operation or Occurrence

The OU 2 Treatment Facility was located in the 900 Area on the hillside north of Woman Creek and was in operation from May 1991 until August 1995. The facility was used primarily to treat contaminated groundwater using a chemical precipitation/microfiltration/granular activated carbon system. On March 9, 1993, at 3 10 p.m., approximately 50 gallons of untreated seepage/spring water leaked from a ruptured elbow in a secondary containment line near the facility.

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

Routine sampling of the influent water indicated concentrations of carbon tetrachloride, trichloroethane, tetrachloroethene, chromium, and 1,2-dichloroenene were slightly above the Safe Drinking Act (SWDA) drinking water standards (DOE 1993)

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

In response to the leak, the pump was turned off, and a berm was constructed to contain the spill area within a radius of 150 square feet. Analytical data for the influent water suggested that the release did not pose an unacceptable risk to human health and the environment and therefore, immediate removal of the affected soil was not performed

In accordance with Buffer Zone Sampling and Analysis Plan (BZSAP) Addendum #BZ-02-01 for the NE/NW Group (DOE 2002), characterization samples were collected on June 25, 2002 (Figure 2 1), from five locations Analytical results for surface and subsurface soil indicate potential contaminant concentrations were less than Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement (RFCA) Tier II Action Levels (ALs) Analytical results greater than method detection limits (MDLs) and/or background (mean plus two standard deviations) are shown on Table 2 1



Table 2.1 Analytical Data Below MDL and/or Background

Analytė	Total Sampler Collected	Samples	Detection Frequency (%)	Max Result	Avg Result	(lier.LAI) (miy/kg) (TierJIAL Simplico	Bkyrd		
Methylene chloride	5	1	20	0 94	0 94	578	5 78	NA	ug/kg	No
Tetrachloroethene	5	3	60	33	2 233333	3150	31 5	NA	ug/kg	No
Aluminum	5	1	20	17300	17300	1000000	1000000	16902	mg/kg	No
Arsenic	5	5	100	67	4 94	299	2 99	10 09	mg/kg	Yes
Calcium	5	4	80	16900	11950			4467	mg/kg	No
Chromium	5	3	60	31 1	25 83333	44300	4410	16 99	mg/kg	No
Copper	5	3	60	36 9	31 83333	71100	71100	18 06	mg/kg	No
Iron	5	3	60	21900	20266 67	576000	576000	18037	mg/kg	No
Lithium	5	4	80	13 4	12 475	38400	38400	11 55	mg/kg	No
Magnesium	5	4	80	12200	8260			2849 3	mg/kg	No
Manganese	5	2	40	436	414	83600	83600	365 08	mg/kg	No
Nickel	5	3	60	28 3	23 5	38400	38400	14 91	mg/kg	No
Potassium	5	1	20	2980	2980		<u> </u>	2967 2	mg/kg	No
Sodium	5	5	100	1260	526 4			91 84	mg/kg	No
Strontium	5	3	60	84 2	64 46667	1000000	1000000	48 94	mg/kg	No
Vanadium	5	2	40	58 1	52 1	13400	13400	45 59	mg/kg	No

Table presents surface and subsurface sampling results greater than MDL and/or background

- Tier II values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier II values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident.
- Tier I values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier I values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

Based upon the known concentrations of influent water that were slightly above the SDWA drinking water standards and the June 2002 characterization results, it is unlikely that this release contributes an actual or potential risk to human health or the environment

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

Based upon the actions taken in 1993 and characterization results of the soil samples collected in accordance with BZSAP Addendum #BZ-02-01 for the NE/NW Group (DOE 2002), no potential contaminant source or remnant concentrations could be identified for PAC NE-1407 Therefore, in accordance with RFCA (DOE 1996), PAC NE-1407 is being proposed for No Further Action at this time



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Comments

Arsenic concentrations exceeded RFCA Tier II ALs at all five locations but were well below the background concentrations of 10 09 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg)

References

DOE, 1996, Final Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement, Department of Energy, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

DOE, 2002, Buffer Zone Sampling and Analysis Plan, Addendum # BZ-02-01, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, April



PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: PAC NW-170

IHSS Reference Number

170, Buffer Zone Operable Unit

Unit Name

PU&D Storage Yard

Approximate Location

N751,500, E2,082,000

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

1974 - 1994

Description of Operation or Occurrence

Historically, the Property Utilization and Disposal (PU&D) storage yard was used for storing empty drums and dumpsters, cargo boxes, cable spools, and similar materials. The yard was divided in thirds with wire fences. The eastern third was used for storage of scrap metal and encompassed the drum (PAC-NW-174A) and dumpster (PAC-NW-174B) storage areas. The center third was used for the storage of equipment such as stainless steel tanks. The western third was used for the storage of excess property. The greatest potential for contamination was considered the eastern third because scrap metal may have been stored without prior decontamination and hazardous materials in drums and dumpsters were transferred in this area of the yard (DOE, 1992).

An unknown powder spilled out of a drum while the drum, which had no bung and was believed to be empty, was being rolled over to a truck for offsite recycling (DOE, 1992). Approximately 95 percent of the spilled powder was recovered with the affected soil and analyzed as a soil sample. The drum was found to contain a small amount of radioactive powder. This powder was not detected by exterior radiation monitoring, however results of a sample of the pure powder indicated 3,000 picocuries per gram (pCi/g) plutonium, 1,000 pCi/g americium, and 100 pCi/g uranium-235. The powder was composed of 60 percent aluminum oxide and 32.5 percent chromium oxide (Rockwell, 1987, DOE, 1992). This incident probably occurred in IHSS 174A, PU&D Drum Storage Facility (PAC-NW-174A).

An incident occurred in October 1990 involving drums stored in the yard. Approximately 100 empty drums were stored in the yard with the bungs unsecured. Rainwater entered the drums became contaminated with residual hazardous materials, however it was not radioactively contaminated (DOE 1992). This incident probably occurred in IHSS 174A, PU&D Drum Storage Facility (PAC-NW-174A).

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Detonation of unstable reactive chemicals was conducted on three occasions at the PU&D Yard on December 28, 1996, November 1, 1997, and November 27, 1997. The types of chemicals regarded as unstable (benzoyl peroxide, 1-methyl 3-nitro1-nitrosoguanidine, anhydrous ethyl ether, methyl ethyl ketone, ammonium perchlorate, kerosene, BZ alloy, red phosphorous) were permitted for disposal using detonation methods by the CDPHE and EPA. Air sampling and radiological surveys were conducted prior to and after each event, and there were no reported releases associated with the operations (DOE, 1997).

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

A powder composed primarily of aluminum and chromium oxides, contaminated with plutonium, americium, and uranium, was spilled. Other releases may have occurred from leaking batteries, drums, and scrap metal stored without prior decontamination. Hazardous materials in drums and dumpsters were transferred in this area of the yard and may have resulted in release(s) (DOE, 1992).

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

An internal investigation report was generated after the unknown powder incident PU&D, Waste Operations, and Waste Guidance groups were involved with the cleanup operations resulting from the rainwater in the drums. The rainwater in the drums was disposed in accordance with Site waste procedures. The drum bungs were tightened to prevent potential re-occurrence, and drum decontamination procedures were implemented (DOE, 1992).

Assessment of environmental contamination attributable to PU&D yard operations was initiated as part of the OU 10 Phase I RFI/RI (EG&G, 1995), and a pre-remedial investigation was conducted to assess VOCs in the subsurface soil (RMRS, 1997) Other sampling events and investigations are described in the following section

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

In 1993, 37 surface soil samples taken from IHSS 170 were analyzed for total metals, SVOCs, pesticides, and polychlorinated biphenyls (PCBs) No results were above RFCA Tier II surface soil Action Levels (ALs) (DOE, et al 1996) Forty-six locations within and adjacent to IHSS 170, 174a and 174b, also were surveyed with a High Purity Germanium (HPG) detector, and no anomalous radionuclide activities were observed IHSS 170 overlaps IHSS 174a and IHSS 174b (see Appendix 4, Plates 1 and 2) A summary of surface soil detections for IHSS 170 is given in Table 2 2

In 1994, approximately 235 soil gas locations were sampled within and adjacent to IHSS 170, 174a and 174b, for VOC analysis. The data is presented in the Draft Technical Memorandum 1, OU 10, Other Outside Closures (EG&G 1995), and shows that VOCs were potentially present in subsurface soils along the eastern third of the PU&D yard. Based upon these results, a pre-remedial investigation of IHSSs 170, 174a and 174b, was performed in August 1997 (RMRS, 1997a).



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Characterization of the PU&D Yard was conducted to investigate the potential presence of a VOC contaminant source. The investigation consisted of 20 soil borings and 38 subsurface soil samples over IHSSs 170, 174A and 174B, which were analyzed for VOCs. In most cases, the borehole locations corresponded with areas where VOC detections in soil gas samples were observed in the 1994 survey.

Table 2.2 Summary of Surface Soil Analyses in IHSS 170 (EG&G, 1995) and Comparison of Detects to RFCA Tier II Open Space Levels

Contaminants of Concern	Location	Number of Surface Soil Samples	Number of Detects Above RFCA Tier II Open Space ALs
Total metals	IHSS 170	37	0
SVOCs	IHSS 170	37	0
Pesticides	IHSS 170	37	0
PCBs	IHSS 170	37	0
Radionuclides (by HPGe)	IHSS 170, 174A, and 174B	46	0

As a result, borehole locations within IHSS 170 were concentrated in the eastern third of the IHSS Additionally, two boreholes were placed in areas of visibly stained soil. Table 2.3 summarizes the analytical results for soil borings associated with IHSS 170 (RMRS, 1997b). No VOC contaminants of concern (tetrachloroethene, trichloroethene, and 1,1,1-tetrachloroethane) were detected in subsurface soil samples from IHSS 170 (RMRS, 1997b). As indicated in Table 2.3, methylene chloride (a common laboratory contaminant) was detected in several of the subsurface soil samples, however, the contaminant was also detected in the method blank associated with the analyses. As a result, the identification of methylene chloride in the samples is likely attributable to laboratory contamination. Napthalene was estimated in one sample from borehole 17897 at 390 μ g/Kg, substantially below the RFCA Tier II subsurface soil ALs of 101,000 μ g/kg

Each soil boring had a pre-work 17-point survey performed with a Field Instrument for the Detection of Low-Energy Radiation (FIDLER) Based on the survey results, the three highest FIDLER measurements were selected for surface soil samples and analyzed for isotopic radionuclides. The isotopic results were below background levels

Six groundwater samples were collected during the pre-remedial investigation of IHSSs 170, 174A and 174B. Three of the six samples were within the IHSS 170 boundary. Table 2.4 summarizes the analytical results for these three samples. The tetrachloroethene (PCE) concentration of 15 μ g/L detected in groundwater, from borehole 18197, is above the RFCA Tier II groundwater AL of 5 μ g/L. Trichlorotrifluoroethane was also detected in groundwater from IHSS 170 that also may indicate impact from past practices (i.e., freon-based lathe coolant). However, a RFCA AL for the compound has not been calculated. The 1,1,1-trichloroethane (TCA) of 6.3 μ g/L was below the RFCA Tier II groundwater AL of 200 μ g/L



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Table 2.3 VOC Analytical Results for IHSS 170 Subsurface Soil (RMRS, 1997b)

	ier	<u> </u>									
ævel for ne (µg/L)	RFCA Tier II	101,000	101,000	101,000	101,000	101,000	101,000	101,000	101,000	101,000	
Action Level for Napthalene (µg/L)	RFCA Tier I	10,100,000	10,100,000	10,100,000	10,100,000	10,100,000	10,100,000	10,100,000	10,100,000	10,100,000	
Napthalene (µg/L)		<630 (ND)	3907	<630 (ND)							
Comparison Value for Methylene Chloride (μg/L)	RFCA Tier II	5 78	5 78	5 78	5 78	5 78	5 78	5 78	5 78	5 78	
Comparison Methylene Cl	RFCA Tier I	578	578	578	829	578	578	829	829	829	
Methylene Chloride (μg/L)		2,100B	<630 (ND)	440JB	2,600B	400JB	400JB	410JB	370JB	400JB	
Sample Depth (ft)		4 4-4 9	5 4-5 9	5 0-5 5	5 0-5 5	5 0-5 5	5 0-5 5	9 9-9 9	5 0-5 5	5 0-5 5	
Borehole No.		17797	17897	18097	18197	18297	18397(A)	18497(A)	18597(A)	18697(A)	

= Borehole location immediately adjacent (downgradient) to the IHSS = Not detected

٧Q

Estimated concentration of analyte detected below the method practical quantitation limit
 Analyte detected in the method blank

Tier II values for nonradionuciides represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity. Tier II values for radionuciides are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident. Tier I values for nonradionuciides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity. Tier I values for radionuciides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident.

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Analytical data from the pre-remedial investigation were evaluated for data usability and assessed in terms of the five data quality parameters precision, accuracy, representativeness, completeness, and comparability (PARCC) parameters. The data are considered sufficient to meet the PARCC parameters and meet the projects data quality objectives to characterize subsurface VOC contamination in IHSS 170

Based on the analytical results from the pre-remedial investigation, a VOC contaminant source was not identified. Additionally, concentrations of VOCs equal to or above RFCA Tier I subsurface soil AL were not identified in the area of IHSS 170 (see Table 2.2)

PCE detected in groundwater (see Table 2 4) indicates that the area was likely affected by previous drum storage and handling operations from IHSS 174a (PAC-NW-174a) However, PCE was not detected in the soil samples from boreholes placed in IHSS 170 indicating a residual source in excess of ALs does not remain

Action/No Further Action Recommendation for IHSS 170

No surface or subsurface soil analyses demonstrated the presence of contaminants above RFCA Tier II surface soil ALs in IHSS 170 Additionally, based on surface and subsurface soil analytical data collected during the pre-remedial investigation, no existing or potential source of contamination associated with IHSS 170 could be identified. A potential source of VOC contamination likely exists within IHSS 174 a and may have dispersed through the IHSS 170 subsurface. All data for this update have been reevaluated and compared with RFCA ALs using current screening methodologies. The recommendation for NFA of IHSS 170 was approved during the NFA Status meetings held in 2002.

Groundwater at IHSS 170 containing PCE concentrations above the RFCA Tier II groundwater AL is not considered in the Action/NFA recommendation because groundwater contamination at RFETS is addressed by the Integrated Water Management Plan (KH, 1996) A plume of VOC contamination, which encompasses IHSS 170, has been delineated The plume is monitored by the RFCA groundwater monitoring program at the perimeter Monitoring indicates that there are no known or potential surface water impacts Details on the groundwater monitoring program are reported in the Annual RFCA Groundwater Monitoring Report(s) (RMRS, 1998)

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Table 2.4 VOC Analytical Results for IHSS 170 Groundwater (RMRS 1997)

Borehole No	Sample Depth (ft)	PCE (µg/L)	Compariso	Comparison Value for PCE (μg/L)	1,1,1-TCA (μg/L)	Action Level for 1,1,1-TCA (μg/L)	əvel for A (μg/L)	Trichlorotrifluoroethane (μg/L)* *No existing RFCA action level
			FFCA Tier I	RFCA Tier II		RFCA Tier I	RFCA Tier II	
		!						
17897	7 33	<5 (ND)	200	9	<5 (ND)	20,000	200	35
18097	7.2	<5 (ND)	200	2	<5 (ND)	20,000	200	<5 (ND)
18197	68	15	200	5	63	20,000	200	<5 (ND)

= Borehole location immediately adjacent (downgradient) to the IHSS

A = Borehole loca ND = Not detected

Estimated concentration of analyte detected below the method practical quantitation limit
 Analyte detected in the method blank
 Tier II values for nonradionucildes represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
 Tier II values for radionucildes are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident
 Tier I values for nonradionucildes represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
 Tier I values for radionucildes are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

Comments

IHSS 170 overlaps with PAC-NW-174a (IHSS 174a), PAC-NW-174b (IHSS 174b), PAC-NW-1500, and PAC-NW-1501

References

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KH, 1996, Integrated Water Management Plan for the Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site (Final), RF/ER-96-0037, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, August

RMRS, 1997a, Final Sampling and Analysis Plan for the Pre-Remedial Investigation of IHSSs 170, 174A and 174B, Property Utilization & Storage Yard, RF/RMRS-97-036, Rev 0, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, August

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RMRS, 1998, Draft 1997 Annual RFCA Groundwater Monitoring Report, RF/RMRS-98-273 UN, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September

Rockwell, 1987, Internal Letter to File from F J Blaha, Subject Empty Drum Recycling Incident of 12/4/87, December

PAC REFERENCE NUMBERS: SW-133.2 AND 133.4 (GHOST LOCATIONS)

IHSS Reference Numbers

SW-133 2 and 133 4

Unit Name

Ash Pits #2 and #4 (OU 5) (Ghost Locations Identified in 1995 for

Further Investigation)

Approximate Location

N748,000, E2,080,000

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

1950s - 1968

Description of Operation or Occurrence

General History of the Ash Pits as Documented in the 1992 HRR (DOE 1992)

The 1992 HRR reported four ash burial sites identified as IHSSs SW-133 1, SW-133 2, SW-133 3, and SW-133 4 located south and east of the former incinerator area (IHSS 133 5) These trenches were used for disposal of ash (and noncombustible trash from various sources) from the incinerator that operated from approximately 1952 until 1968 Noncombustible trash, such as counting discs, broken glassware, and metal was collected in a nearby dumpster and disposed of in the trenches In September 1954, five ash samples from the burning of Building 991 wastes were collected. The average activity of the ash was 4.5 x 10⁷ disintegrations per milligram per kilogram (dpm/kg) of dry ash The alpha activity of the ash was approximately 100 times higher than the usual ash samples from the incinerator. In 1956, special monitoring was performed during and after contaminated waste was burned in the Plant incinerator. Ash samples contained 1 9 grams of radioactive material (depleted uranium) per kilogram of ash. Smear surveys of the incinerator before and after burning showed no increase in contamination. It was estimated that approximately 30,000 cubic feet of soil and ash were buried in the trenches. Ash from the incinerator and "dump area" was radiologically monitored in 1959 (DOE 1992) and showed activities of 4,000 counts per minute (cpm) alpha and 30 millirems per hour (mr/hr) beta (DOE 1992) The ash was buried in one of the trenches. It is unclear whether the ash dump refers to the area immediately around the incinerator or the Original Landfill (IHSS SW-115) Special air sampling of the Plant incinerator was conducted in 1958 to address concerns of burning potentially contaminated waste from Buildings 444 and 447

The ash pit trenches are approximately 150 to 200 feet long, 12 feet wide, and 10 feet deep, and have been staked with steel fence posts and mapped. Approximately 3 feet of soil covers each trench location. Two additional burial trenches (PACs SW-1701 and SW-1702) were identified in 1994 (DOE 1996a) based on anomalies found during a time-domain electromagnetic (TDEM) conductivity survey. The TDEM survey also identified additional anomalies adjacent to Ash Pits 2 and 4 (IHSSs 133 2 and IHSS 133 4 respectively). In each case, the southern most anomaly at each location was referred to as a twin investigation area as documented in the Operable Unit 5.



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Final Phase 1 RFI/RI Report (RMRS 1996) The areas are shown on Figure 2 2 and are referred to as "Ghost Ash Pits", 1 e SW-133 2 (Ghost) and SW-133 4 (Ghost)

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

Small quantities of depleted uranium-contaminated combustibles were burned along with the general combustible Plant refuse One estimate indicates that less than 100 grams of depleted uranium were in the combustibles A monthly ash sampling program was initiated in January 1962 and indicated there was 1 to 8 kilograms of depleted uranium per ton of ash (DOE 1992)

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

Sampling events were conducted from November 24, 1953, through December 9, 1954 In 1970, the locations of Ash Pits 1-1 through 1-4 were marked in the field. The ash in these trenches was evaluated and considered to present no problems unless disturbed and inhaled.

The ash pit sites and surrounding area were extensively sampled as part of the Final OU 5 RFI/RI (DOE 1996) and through groundwater and surface water monitoring. The locations of boreholes, wells, surface soil samples, sediment samples, and surface water samples used in this evaluation are shown on Figure 2.2. On December 5, 2001, the regulatory agencies were in agreement that based upon the analytical data provided in the 2001 Annual Update to the HRR, PAC SW-1701 and PAC SW-133.3 were NFA. Further, the agencies agreed that the SW-133.2 and SW-133.4. "Ghost" locations were NFA and analytical data specific to the Ghost pits should be submitted in this Annual Update. Table 2.5 and Table 2.6 show surface and subsurface soil results from boreholes located within each Ghost Ash Pit. All of the data from these locations are below RFCA. Tier II ALs with exception of one beryllium detection and one arsenic detection which were slightly above background (i.e., current Tier II ALs are below background).

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

In accordance with RFCA (DOE, et al 1996b), the basis for an NFA determination is establishing that there is no actual or potential risk to human health or the environment. Specifically, the "ghost" ash pit locations present no potential risk to human health or the environment based upon the data collected. The 1996 TDEM survey presented in the Final RFI/RI Report along with borehole data show that no contaminant source could be identified. Tables 2.6 and 2.7 summarize the results.



Table 2.5 Summary of Analytical Results for Surface and Subsurface Soils at IHSS 133.2 (Ghost) Location

Analyte	Maximum	Unit	Tier I Action	Tier II Action	Background
•	Concentration		Level	Level	Concentration
Alumınum	23200	mg/kg	1000000	1000000	35373 2
Americium-241	0	pCı/g	215	38	0 02
Arsenic	17	mg/kg	299	2 99	13 1
Barrum		mg/kg	133000	133000	289 4
Beryllium	1	mg/kg	104	1 04	14 2
Cadmium	1	mg/kg	1920	1920	1 7
Calcium	9970	mg/kg	NA	NA	39382 27
Chromium	28	mg/kg	44300	4410	68 3
Cobalt	15	mg/kg	115000 0	115000	29 0
Copper	34	mg/kg	71100 0	71100	38 2
Gross Alpha	41	pC1/g	NA	NA	43 5
Gross Beta	49	pC1/g	NA	NA	36 8
Iron	25400	mg/kg	576000 0	576000	41046 5
Lead	27	mg/kg	1000 0	1000	25 0
Lithium	19	mg/kg	38400 0	38400	34 7
Magnesium		mg/kg	NA	NA NA	9315 4
Manganese	1070	mg/kg	83600	83600	901 6
Nickel	31	mg/kg	38400 0	38400	62 2
Plutonium-239/240	0	pCı/g	1429 0	252	0 02
Potassium	2660	Mg/kg	NA	NA.	6196 8
Selemum	Ō	Mg/kg	96100	9610	4 8
Silicon	237	Mg/kg	NA	NA	NA
Sodium	1590	Mg/kg	NA	NA	1251 2
Strontium	96	Mg/kg	1000000 0	1000000	211 4
Thallium	0	Mg/kg	NA	NA NA	1.8
Uranium-234		pCı/g	1738	307	2 6
Uramum-235		pCı/g	09	24	0 12
Uranıum-238	2	pC1/g	586	103	1.5
Vanadium		Mg/kg	13400	13400	88 5
Zinc	74	Mg/kg	576000	576000	139 1

Tier II values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity

Tier II values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

Tier I values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity. Tier I values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

Table 2.6 Summary of Analytical Results for Surface and Subsurface Soils at IHSS 133.4 (Ghost) Location

Analyte	Maximum	Unit	Tier I Action	Tier II Action	Background
	Concentration		Level	Level	Concentration
Aluminum	32800	mg/kg	1000000	1000000	35373 2
Americium-241	0	pCı/g	215	38	0 02
Antimony	16	mg/kg	768	768	16 97
Arsenic	6	mg/kg	299	2 99	13 1
Barium	248	mg/kg	133000	133000	289 4
Beryllium	2	mg/kg	104	1 04	14 2
Cadmium	1	mg/kg	1920	1920	17
Calcium	31700	mg/kg	NA	NA	39382 27
Chromium	34	mg/kg	44300	4410	68 3
Cobalt	22	mg/kg	115000 0	115000	29 0
Copper	26	mg/kg	71100 0	71100	38 2
Gross Alpha	34	pCı/g	NA	NA	43 5
Gross Beta	37	pCı/g	NA	NA	36 8
Iron	29700	mg/kg	576000 0	576000	41046 5
Lead	25	mg/kg	1000 0	1000	25 0
Lithium	29	mg/kg	38400 0	38400	34 7
Magnesium	6000	mg/kg	NA	NA	9315 4
Manganese	473	mg/kg	83600	83600	901 6
Mercury	0	mg/kg	576	576	1 52
Nickel	30	mg/kg	38400 0	38400	62 2
Plutonium-239/240	0	pCı/g	1429 0	252	0 02
Potassium	7040	mg/kg	NA	NA	6196 8
Sodium	1370	mg/kg	NA	NA	1251 2
Strontium	72	mg/kg	1000000 0	1000000	211 4
Tın	5	mg/kg	1000000 0	1000000	286 31
Uranium-234	2	pCi/g	1738	307	26
Uranium-235	0	pCı/g	135	24	0 12
Uranium-238	3	pCı/g	586	103	1 5
Vanadium	94	mg/kg	13400	13400	88 5
Zinc	77	mg/kg	576000	576000	139 1

Tier II values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity

Tier II values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident
Tier I values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity

Tier I values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

The Final OU 5 RFI/RI Report summarized all data that had been collected and recommended that NFA was warranted at OU 5 based on the human health risk assessment. Data presented in this PAC Narrative Update is specific to the SW-133 2 and SW-133 4 "Ghost" locations and discussed during the NFA Status meeting on December 5, 2001. In the meeting, the regulatory agencies agreed that based upon the analytical data provided in the 2001 Annual Update to the HRR, PAC SW-1701 and PAC SW-133 3 were NFA as shown on Figure 2.2. Further, the agencies agreed that the SW-133 2 and SW-133 4 "Ghost" locations were NFA and therefore will be placed on Plate 2 (see Appendix 4)

Comments

None

References

DOE, 1992, Historical Release Report for the Rocky Flats Plant, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, June

DOE 1993, Background Geochemical Characterization Report, Golden, CO, September

DOE 1995, Geochemical Characterization of Background Surface Soils Background Soils Characterization Program, Golden, CO, May

DOE, 1996a, Final Phase I RFI/RI Report, Woman Creek Drainage, Operable Unit 5, Vol 1, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, April

DOE, 1996b, Final Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

DOE, 2000, Final Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement Attachment 5, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site Action Levels and Standards Framework for Surface Water, Ground Water, and Soils, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, March

PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: 000-121 (TANK 40)

IHSS Number

Not Applicable

Unit Name

Original Process Waste Lines (OPWL), Tank 40

Location

N749,000, E2,084,000

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

1952 to 1983 (approximate)

Description of Operation or Occurrence

Tank 40 is part of IHSS 000-121, the Original Process Waste Lines(OPWL) It consists of two 400-gallon underground concrete tanks underlying a concrete vault approximately 7 feet deep located in the 800 Area west of Building 889 Tank T-40 was reportedly installed in the mid-1950s and was abandoned in 1981 or 1982 The tank was emptied, rinsed, and foamed in 1996

Building 889 housed decontamination and waste reduction operations for wastes originating outside the Protected Area (PA) Wastes entering Building 889 included surplus equipment that would be decontaminated by steam cleaning for reuse onsite or sale offsite. High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters, combustible wastes, and nonreusable equipment were compacted, placed in crates, and shipped offsite for disposal

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

Potential contaminants of concern (PCOCs) include radionuclides, metals, volatile organic compounds (VOCs) and semi-volatile organic compounds (SVOCs) (refer to Industrial [IA] Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) Addendum #IA-02-01 [DOE 2001]) High-purity germanium (HPGe) surveys conducted during the Operable Unit (OU) 9 Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Facility Investigation/Remedial Investigation (RFI/RI) indicated that uranium-235 and uranium-238 activities were above background Additionally, one Field Instrument for the Detection of Low-Energy Radiation (FIDLER) measurement at a site on the southeastern side of the tank indicated activity above background U-233/234 exceeded background at a depth of 0 to 0 5 foot Groundwater samples collected from boreholes near the tank indicated that barium, calcium, magnesium, manganese, mercury, sodium, and strontium exceeded background These data are available in the IA Data Summary Report (DOE 2000)

Historical data indicate the presence of methylene chloride and tetrachlorothene (PCE) in subsurface soil and the presence of beryllium in surface soil. Tables 2.7 and 2.8 summarize historical and new soil characterization data. Table 2.7 shows that four subsurface samples had methylene chloride concentrations greater than the reporting limit and that the maximum concentration exceeded the Tier II action level (AL). Table 2.8 also shows that two subsurface



samples had PCE concentrations greater than the reporting limit and that the maximum concentration exceeded the Tier II AL Table 2 8 shows that one surface sample had a beryllium concentration greater than the Tier II AL No other contaminants exceeded Tier II ALs Table 2 9 presents sample results for contaminants that exceeded Tier II ALs All exceedances are associated with historical data, and the analytical results for methylene chloride and PCE are qualified as estimated values (i.e., J-qualified) Figure 2 3 shows the location of all samples (historical and new)

Table 2.7 Tank 40 Subsurface Soil Summary Statistics for Historical and Newly Acquired Data

Analyte	Total Samples Collected	Total Samples Greater Than Bkgrd or RL	Detection Frequency (%)	of Results	Average of Results	Action Level	Tier II Action Level	Background Level	Unit
2-Butanone	6	1	16 66667	6 6		NA	NA	NA	ug/kg
2-Methylnaphthalene	6	3	50	9200	3383 333	NA	NA	NA	ug/kg
Acetone	6	4	66 66667	91	37	27,200,000	272,000	NA	ug/kg
Benzo(a)anthracene	6	1	16 66667	50	50	160,000	1,600	NA	ug/kg
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	6	1	16 66667	1900	1900	311,000,000	3,110,000	NA	ug/kg
Calcium	5	4	80	78900	60450	NA	NA	39382 27	mg/kg
Carbon disulfide	6	1	16 66667	780	780	988,000	9,880	NA	ug/kg
Dibenzofuran	6	1	16 66667	87	87	NA	NA	NA	ug/kg
Ethylbenzene	6	2	33 33333	1200	614	932,000	9,320	NA	ug/kg
Methylene chloride	6	4	66 66667	13	56	578	5 78	NA	ug/kg
Naphthalene	9	4	44 44444	12000	4685	10,100,000	101,000	NA	ug/kg
Phenanthrene	6	2	33 33333	260	166	NA	NA	NA	ug/kg
Plutonium-239/240	1	1	100	0 03323	0 03323	1,088	252	0 02	pCi/g
Pyrene	6	1	16 66667	57	57	397,000,000	3,970,000	NA	ug/kg
Tetrachloroethene	6	2	33 33333	33	17	3,150	31 5	NA	ug/kg
Uranium-235	7	4	57 14286	0 296	0 2055	113	24	0 12	pCvg
Uranium-238	7	4	57 14286	4 33	2 815	506	103	1 49	pCvg
Xylenes (total)	6	2	33 33333 79	00	4040	9,740,000	97,400	NA	ug/kg

Bkgrd - background plus two standard deviations

RL - reporting limit

- Tier II values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier II values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident
- Tier I values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier I values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

Table 2.8 Tank 40 Surface Soil Summary Statistics for Historical and Newly Acquired Data

Analyte	Total Samples Collected	Total Samples Greater Than Bkgrd or RL	Detection Frequency (%)	Maximum Results	Average Results	Tier I Action Level	Tier II Action Level	Background Level	Result Unit
2-Pentanone, 4- Hydroxy-4-Methyl	2	2	100	5800	5650	NA	NA	NA	ug/kg
4-Methyl-3-Penten-2- One	3	3	100	530	440	NA	NA	NA	ug/kg
Acenaphthene	3	1	33 33333	51	51	115,000,000	115,000 000	NA	ug/kg
Anthracene	3	1	33 33333	46	46	576,000,000	576,000,000	NA	ug/kg
Benzo(a)anthracene	3	3	100	230	120 6666667	614,000	6,140	NA	ug/kg
Benzo(a)pyrene	3	3	100	230	115	61,400	614	NA	ug/kg
Benzo(b)fluoranthene	3	3	100	420	204	614,000	6,140	NA	ug/kg
Benzo(ghi)perylene	3	2	66 66667	230	135	NA	NA	NA	ug/kg
Beryllium	3	1	33 33333	2 1	21	104	1 04	0 966	mg/kg
Calcium	3	3	100	33900	30700	NA	NA	4467	mg/kg
Chrysene	3	3	100	270	137	61,400,000	614,000	NA	ug/kg
Fluoranthene	3	3	100	530	273 3333333	76,800,000	76,800,000	NA	ug/kg
Heptane, 3,4-Dimethyl-	1	1	100	160	160	NA	NA	NA	ug/kg
Indeno(1,2,3-cd)pyrene	3	2	66 66667	100	72 5	614,000	6,140	NA	ug/kg
Methylene chloride	3	2	66 66667	6	4	239,000,000	598,000	NA	ug/kg
Phenanthrene	3	3	100	320	169 3333333	NA	NA	NA	ug/kg
Pyrene	3	3	100	520	266 6666667	57,600,000	57,600,000	NA	ug/kg
Sodium	3	2	66 66667	132	129 5	NA	NA	91 84	mg/kg
Strontium	3	2	66 66667	63 5	57 3	1,000,000	1,000,000	48 94	mg/kg
Uranium-234	3	2	66 66667	5 118	3 946	1,738	307	2 253	pci/g
Uranium-235	3	2	66 66667	0 1863	0 16565	135	24	0 0939	pci/g
Zinc	3	1	33 33333	79.2	79 2	576,000	576,000	73 76	mg/kg

Bkgrd - background plus two standard deviations

RL - reporting limit

- . Tier II values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier II values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident
- Tier I values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier I values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident



Table 2.9 Tank 40 Sample Results Greater Than Tier II Action Levels

Sampling Location	Sample Type	Analyte	Result	Tier I AL	Tier II AL	Bkgrd	Unit	Validation Qualifier
04895	Historical/ Subsurface	Methylene chloride	6	578	5 78	NA	ug/kg	J
04995	Historical/ Subsurface	Methylene chloride	13	578	5 78	NA	mg/kg	J
04995	Historical/ Subsurface	Tetrachloroethene	33	3150	31 5	NA	ug/kg	J
04995	Historical/ Surface	Beryllium	21	104	1 04	0 966	mg/kg	None
05095	Historical/ Subsurface	Methylene chloride	6	578	5 78	NA	ug/kg	J

- J Estimated value
- Tier II values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier II values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident
- Tier I values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier I values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

The accelerated action included removal of Tank 40 Debris associated with the upper vault was disposed of as sanitary waste, and the two tanks were disposed of as low-level radioactive waste Remedial activities were conducted between April 19 and July 18, 2002 Details are provided in the Closeout Report for IHSS Group 800-6 (DOE 2002)

Soil samples were collected and analyzed after Tank 40 was removed at Locations CF38-017, CF38-018, and CF38-024 (Figure 2 3) Sampling results indicate all contaminant concentrations at these locations were less than RFCA Tier II ALs

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

No confirmed or reported releases are known to have been reported in the Tank 40 Process Waste Transfer System Based upon review of the analytical data presented in this PAC narrative update, it is unlikely that Tank 40 presented an actual or potential risk to human health or the environment

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

Tank 40 was excavated and packaged for disposal in Fiscal Year (FY)2002 Sampling results from the soil beneath the removed tank (i.e., newly acquired data) show all contaminant concentrations are less than RFCA Tier II ALs. Historical data show the presence of methylene chloride and PCE above Tier II ALs, however, the historical data are qualified and most likely no longer representative (i.e., soil removed). These concentrations are slightly above Tier II ALs and considerably less than the Tier I ALs (Table 2.7 and 2.9). Also, recent results for methylene chloride and PCE from locations CF38-17 and CF38-018 indicate that these VOCs may no longer be present at concentrations exceeding Tier II ALs. Historical concentrations at locations 05095 and 04995 exceeded the Tier II ALs, however, recent concentrations at locations CF38-017 and CF38-018, which are very close to locations 05095 and 04995, were less than the Tier II



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ALs In addition, the beryllium concentration in surface soil (location 04995) was considerably less than the Tier I AL. Therefore, the potential risk to human health or the environment appears to be very low

Based upon the above-mentioned remedial actions associated with the Under Building Contamination (UBC) Site 889 Project, the actions taken and results of sampling confirm that NFA is justified or warranted. Historical concentrations exceeded Tier II ALs, however, concentrations were considerably less than the Tier I ALs. No potential contaminant source or remnant concentrations could be associated with Tank 40 once it was removed and all recent data is below Tier II ALs. Therefore, in accordance with RFCA (DOE, et al 1996), OPWL Tank 40 is being proposed for No Further Action.

Comments

None

References

DOE, 1992, Historical Release Report for the Rocky Flats Plant, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, June

DOE, CDPHE, EPA, 1996, Final Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement, Department of Energy, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

DOE, 2000, Industrial Area Data Summary Report, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO

DOE, 2001, Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan, Addendum #IA-02-01, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, November

DOE, 2002, Draft IHSS Group 800-6 Closeout Report for Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September

K-H, 2002, Buffer Zone Sampling and Analysis Plan, Addendum # BZ-02-01, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, April



KH-01-902 UN Rev 0 Date 09/02

PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: 100-148

IHSS Number

148, OU 13

Unit Name

Waste Leaks (IAG Name Waste Spills)

Location

N749,000, E2,082,000 (Building 123)

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

No documentation was found that detailed the dates of occurrence Building 123 was first occupied in 1953. It is believed that leaks of process waste could have occurred from the start of operations up to approximately 1975.

Description of Operation or Occurrence

Persons interviewed for the Comprehensive Environmental Assessment and Response Program (CEARP) Phase 1 document indicated that several small spills of nitrate-bearing wastes occurred around the outside of Building 123. These wastes may have contained radionuclides. Additionally, interviewees indicated that there were potential releases of nitrate-bearing wastes from the OPWL buried beneath Building 123. This pipeline was in use from the start of operations in Building 123 until the OPWL were replaced by the New Process Waste Lines (NPWL). The abandonment of the OPWL beneath Building 123 occurred no later than February 1975 when engineering drawings documented the abandonment of the OPWL system. The OPWL were typically abandoned in-place.

Building 123 was serviced by a 4-inch-diameter process waste line buried beneath the north and east wings of the building. The main process waste line drained from west to east in the north wing, and from north to south in the east wing. The pipe was sloped at 1 percent. A number of connections were made to the main pipe, some of which consisted of headers servicing a number of process waste drains in the building. The pipe was probably constructed of a type of iron called "Duriron". The OPWL piping from Building 123 led to an underground tank system behind Building 441 that collected wastes generated by both Buildings 123 and 441. From this tank system, the process waste materials were pumped out for treatment in the process waste system.

The OPWL drain was not double-contained, and varied in depth from approximately 0.5 to 3 feet beneath the bottom of the concrete floor of Building 123. The line came out from beneath the southern end of the east wing of the building, with an invert elevation of approximately 6,032.5 feet. Interviewees have stated that this line, being constructed of a type of iron, probably leaked considerable amounts of waste without personnel being aware of the leak. The types of waste consisted of laboratory wastes from analysis of urine, fecal, and other bioassay samples. Nitrates and low levels of radionuclides were associated with the wastes carried in the OPWL. The



NPWL that replaced the OPWL consisted of either double contained or overhead lines (DOE 2000a) Leakage from the NPWL would be easily detected

IHSS Group 100-4, which includes IHSS 100-148, is shown in Figure 2.4 Process waste lines and sampling locations are also shown

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

Building 123, the Health Physics Laboratory, generated low-level radioactive waste as well as chemical wastes. Process wastes reportedly leaked from the OPWL, including nitrate-bearing wastes that may have contained radionuclides. Unconfirmed reports of contaminant spills were also indicated in interviews with building employees. In the late 1960s or early 1970s, a cesium-contaminated liquid was reportedly spilled on the concrete floor in Room 109. The floor was immediately sealed to immobilize the contamination. Room 109 also contained source storage pits. Undocumented thorium research was performed in Room 105. Scoping surveys conducted in May through July 1997 revealed elevated levels of radioactivity in both Rooms 105 and 109. In-situ gamma spectroscopic measurements performed in August 1997 indicated the presence of cesium-137 and thallium-232 in Rooms 109 and 105, respectively (RMRS 1998).

As described in Industrial Area (IA) Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) Addendum #IA-02-01 (DOE 2001a), potential contaminants of concern (PCOCs) at IHSS 148 were determined based on data collected during the characterization of Under Building Contamination (UBC) Site 123, as summarized in the Final Data Summary Report for the Characterization of UBCs 123 and 886 (DOE 2001b), and data collected during previous studies (DOE 2001c, DOE 2000b) These preaccelerated action data, greater than background plus two standard deviations or MDLs, along with Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement (RFCA) Tier I and Tier II Action Levels (ALs) are referenced in the Draft Closeout Report Because a sufficient number of samples were collected during previous studies to characterize IHSS 148, additional characterization was not required Results from previous sampling and analysis of surface and subsurface soil at UBC Site 123 and IHSS 148 indicated that

- Lead was detected in subsurface soil above the Tier I AL at one location,
- Radionuclides and metals were detected at concentrations above background plus two standard deviations at UBC Site 123 and IHSS 148,
- An arsenic concentration exceeding the Tier II AL but below background was detected at one location in surface soil,
- A beryllium concentration exceeding the Tier II AL was detected at one location in surface soil, and
- Methylene chloride was detected in subsurface soil at levels slightly above the RFCA Tier II
 AL

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

The accelerated action included removal of the Building 123 slab, footers, source pits, manholes, sumps, process waste lines, and contaminated soil, as well as site reclamation. Activities were conducted between January 29 and April 18, 2002. Details are provided in the Closeout Report for IHSS Groups 100-4 and 100-5 (DOE 2002a)

Confirmation sampling and analysis was conducted, after excavation and before backfilling, to verify accelerated action goals. Confirmation sampling results indicate that all contaminant concentrations are less than RFCA Tier II ALs. Figure 2.5 and Table 2.10 present confirmation sampling results that are greater than background plus two standard deviations or MDLs, along with RFCA Tier I and Tier II ALs for reference

Table 2.10 Confirmation Sampling Results Greater Than Background Plus Two Standard
Deviations or Method Detection Limits

Location Code	Analyte	Result (pCi/g)	Background Plus Two Standard Deviations (pCi/g)	Tier II AL (pCi/g)	Tier I AL (pCi/g)
BU39-0001	Uranium-238	3 03	1 49	506 00	103 00
BU39-0004	Americium-241	0 08	0 02	209 00	38 00
BU39-0011	Uranium-238	3 09	1 49	506 00	103 00
BV39-0003	Uranium-235	0 30	0 12	113 00	24 00
	Uranium-235	0 23	0 12	113 00	24 00
	Uranium-238	3 70	1 49	506 00	103 00
	Uranium-238	5 06	1 49	506 00	103 00
Eastern Process Line	Americium-241	0 13	0 02	209 00	38 00
	Plutonium-239/240	0 06	0 02	1,088 00	252 00
	Uranium-238	2 47	1 49	506 00	103 00
Northern Process Line	Plutonium-239/240	0 11	0 02	1,088 00	252 00
	Uranium-235	0 15	0 12	113 00	24 00

- Tier II values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier II values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident
- Tier! values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier I values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

Residual contamination, consisting of confirmation sampling locations and pre-accelerated action sampling locations that were not remediated, are shown on Figure 2 6 and summarized in Table 2 11 Additional removal actions beyond Environmental Restoration (ER) RFCA Standard Operating Protocol (RSOP) Notification #IA-02-01 accelerated action goals (DOE 2002b) were not required at IHSS 100-4 because of the following

- Residual radionuclide activities in subsurface soil were less than RFCA Tier II ALs and only slightly greater than background plus two standard deviations
- Residual lead concentrations in subsurface soil were less than the Tier II AL and only slightly
 greater than background plus two standard deviations

Table 2.11 Residual Contamination at IHSS 148

Location	Analyte	Madio	Rodding	Timite	Rackomund	MEN	Tier II AI	Tier I AI
	A A LANGE OF THE PARTY OF THE P		Concentration	6	Plus Two Standard Deviations	X	(pCi/g)	(pCi/g)
BU38-0005	Amencium-241	Subsurface Soil	0 05	pCv/g	0 02	AN	209	38
BU39-0004	Americium-241	Subsurface Soil	0 08	pCv/g	0 02	NA	209	38
Eastern Process Line	Americium-241	Subsurface Soil	0 13	pC//g	0 02	AN	209	38
Eastern Process Line	Plutonium-239/24	Subsurface Soil	0 06	pCv/g	0 02	A	1,088	252
Northern Process Line	Plutonium-239/24	Subsurface Soil	011	pC//g	0 02	AN	1,088	252
SS306893	Americium-241	Surface Soil	0 03	pCv/g	0 02	NA	215	38
SS306793	Americium-241	Surface Soil	0 12	pCt/g	0 02	NA	215	38
	Beryllium	Surface Soil	1 20	mg/kg	0 97	AN	104	-
	Cobalt	Surface Soil	28 70	mg/kg	10 91	NA	115,000	115,000
SS307093	Americium-241	Surface Soil	0 03	pCt/g	0 02	AN	215	38
	Copper	Surface Soil	25 10	mg/kg	18 06	AN	71,100	71,100
	Lead	Surface Soil	152 00	mg/kg	54 62	NA	1,000	1,000
	Plutonium-239/240	Surface Soil	0 16	pCı/g	20 0	AN	1,429	252
	Zinc	Surface Soil	113 00	mg/kg	73 76	AN	576,000	576,000
SS307293	Cobalt	Surface Soil	11 30	mg/kg	10 91	۸N	115,000	115,000
	Americium-241	Surface Soil	0 05	pC//g	0 02	AN	215	38
SS307393	Americium-241	Surface Soil	0 03	pCı/g	0 02	AN	215	38
	Copper	Surface Soil	22 70	mg/kg	18 06	AN	71,100	71,100
	Lead	Surface Soil	128 00	mg/kg	54 62	AN	1,000	1,000
	Plutonium-239/240	Surface Soil	0 17	pCı/g	0 02	AN	1429	252
	Zinc	Surface Soil	134 00	mg/kg	73 76	NA	576,000	576,000
SS307593	Americium-241	Surface Soil	0 02	pCi/g	0 02	NA	215	38
	Lead	Surface Soil	165 00	mg/kg	54 62	NA	1,000	1,000
	Zinc	Surface Soil	85 50	mg/kg	73 76	NA	576,000	576,000
SS307693	Americium-241	Surface Soil	0 19	pCı/g	0 02	NA	215	38
	Barium	Surface Soil	203 00	mg/kg	141 26	NA	133,000	133,000
	Copper	Surface Soil	19 80	mg/kg	18 06	NA	71,100	71,100
	Strontium	Surface Soil	94 70	mg/kg	48 94	NA A	1,000,000	1,000,000
	Uranium-238	Surface Soil	214	pCi/g	2 00	NA	566	103

Table 2.11 Residual Contamination at IHSS 148

	1 2	Table 7.11 Vesidnai Collegiillianoli at attoc	al Colleanination	21 00 111				
Location	Analyte	Media	Residual	Units	Background	MDL	Tier II AL	Tier I AL
			Concentration		Plus Two Standard		(pCl/g)	(bcn8)
					Deviations	200	000 873	576 000
	Zinc	Surface Soil	133 00	mg/kg	73 76	Z	070,000	373,000
HDD-2-07	Acetone	Subsurface Soil	23	μg/kg	NA	13	27,200,000	2/2,000
	Methylene Chloride	Subsurface Soil	25	µg/kg	NA	6	578	σ
	his/o-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	Subsurface Soil	1200	μg/kg	NA A	340	311,000,000	3,110,000
	Compar Total	Subsurface Soil	182	μα/κα	38 21	0 10	71,100	71,100
	Copper, rotal	Outour and Con	700	llo/kg	NA	6	578	6
_	Methylene Chloride	Subsurface Soil	300	Suffin	NA	13	27,200,000	272,000
=	Acetone	Subsurface Soil	3000	Par Bu	NA	=	10.100.000	101,000
	Naphthalene	Subsurface Soil	1300	рууди	200	n :	433 000	4.330
12	1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	Subsurface Soil	6 00	рууд	3	۱ (00,000	000 626
	Acetone	Subsurface Soil	69 00	µg/kg	NA A	ď	27,200,000	2 11,000
	Bis(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	Subsurface Soil	50 00	μg/kg	×	10	311,000,000	3,110,000
	Methylene Chloride	Subsurface Soil	34 00	μg/kg	NA	5	578	σ
	Naphthalene	Subsurface Soil	13 00	μg/kg	NA	=	10,100,000	101,000
	l Iranium-235	Subsurface Soil	0 20	pCv/g	0 12	×	135	24
3	Carbon Tetrachloride	Subsurface Soil	11 00	руудч	NA	6	3,560	36
	Methylene Chloride	Subsurface Soil	34 00	μg/kg	NA	σı	578	6
	Naphthalene	Subsurface Soil	16 00	µg∕kg	NA	=	10,100,000	101,000
16	Acetone	Subsurface Soil	6 00	μg/kg	NA	5	27,200,000	2/2,000
	Benzo(a)pyrene	Subsurface Soil	760 00	µg/kg	NA	730	701,000	6,0,0
	Fluoranthene	Subsurface Soil	1500 00	μg/kg	NA	/30	537,000,000	3,370,000
	Pyrene	Subsurface Soil	1300 00	μg/kg	NA	730	397,000,000	3,970,000
47	Acetone	Subsurface Soil	8 00	μg/kg	NA	6	27,200,000	272,000
	Bl. +5000000	Subsurface Soil	0 03	pC/g	0 02	Ä	1,429	252
	Acetone	Subsurface Soil	18 00	μg/kg	NA	5	27,200,000	272,000
10	Eliporanthene	Subsurface Soil	1200 00	μg/kg	NA AN	710	537,000,000	5,370,000
	Nanhthalana	Subsurface Soil	10 00	µg/kg	NA.	51	10,100,000	101,000
	Ph.itoniim-239/240	Subsurface Soil	0 09	bC/d	0 02	¥	1,429	252

T andion	A	36.31	J	11.			77 17 17	141
	n many w	YAZZILA	Concentration		Plus Two Standard	į	(pCl/g)	(pCt/g)
			:		Deviations			
	Pyrene	Subsurface Soil	1100 00	μg/kg	AN	710	397,000,000	3,970,000
19	Naphthalene	Subsurface Soil	10 00	μg/kg	NA	СЛ	10,100,000	101,000
20	Acetone	Subsurface Soil	99 00	μg/kg	A	တ	27,200,000	272,000
21	Plutonium-239/240	Subsurface Soil	0 13	pCi/g	0 02	Ä	1,429	252
22	Americium-241	Subsurface Soil	0 10	pCı/g	20 0	NA	215	38
3	Americium-241	Subsurface Soil	0 10	pCı/g	0 02	NA	215	38
	Fluoranthene	Subsurface Soil	410 00	μg/kg	AN	360	537,000,000	5,370,000
	Pyrene	Subsurface Soil	420 00	μg/kg	NA	360	397,000,000	3,970,000
4	Fluoranthene	Subsurface Soil	480 00	βy/6π	AN	350	537,000,000	5,370,000
	Pyrene	Subsurface Soil	540 00	ру/би	AN	350	397,000,000	3,970,000
8	Fluoranthene	Subsurface Soil	810 00	μg/kg	NA	370	537,000,000	5,370,000
	Pyrene	Subsurface Soil	740 00	μg/kg	N _N	370	397,000,000	3,970,000
HDD-2-01	Methylene Chloride	Subsurface Soil	29 00	µg∕kg	AN	6	578	တ
 Tier it values for nonradi 	Tier it values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic to	arcinogenic risk or a haz	ard index of 1 for nonc	arcinogenic	loxicity			

Tier II values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident
Tier I values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
Tier I values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

- Residual semivolatile organic compound (SVOC) concentrations were less than Tier II ALs
- Radionuclide activities in surface soil were less than Tier II ALs and only slightly greater than background plus two standard deviations (DOE 2002b)
- A beryllium concentration in surface soil, outside of UBC 123, IHSS 148, and PAC 100-611 but within the AOC, at only one location and was 0 16 milligrams per kilogram (mg/kg) greater than the RFCA Tier II AL
- Methylene chloride concentrations in subsurface soil, outside of UBC Site 123, IHSS 148, and PAC 100-611 but within the Area of Concern (AOC), were greater than the RFCA Tier II AL at six locations. Methylene chloride does not pose a significant risk at these concentrations. Additionally, methylene chloride was found in laboratory blanks associated with the data set.
- All excavated areas were backfilled and revegetated after confirmation sampling results were
 received and discussed with regulatory agencies through the consultative process Excavated
 soil with radionuclide activities less than RFCA Tier II ALs was used as backfill in the trench
 from which it was removed Additionally, 32 end-dump loads of topsoil from offsite sources
 were used to bring excavated areas up to grade
- The IHSS Group 100-4 area was rough-graded before topsoil was distributed over the site The topsoil was graded, then scarified, and a seed mix consisting of Canada bluegrass was spread over the site using broadcast seeding methods. Hydromulch was applied to conserve moisture and prevent seed erosion.

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

Sumps and process waste lines within IHSS 100-148 were excavated and packaged for disposal Confirmation sampling results from the soil beneath the sumps and process waste lines indicated that all contaminant concentrations were less than RFCA Tier II ALs Therefore, there is no actual or potential risk to human health or the environment

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

Based upon characterization sample results collected in accordance with IASAP Addendum #IA-02-01 (DOE 2001a), no potential contaminant or residual contaminant source could be identified Residual analytical soil concentrations for contaminants of concern (COCs) are shown on Table 2 11 as well as Figure 2 6 (UBC Site 123) Therefore, in accordance with RFCA (DOE 1996), IHSS 148 (PAC 100-148) is proposed for No Further Action at this time

Comments

None



References

DOE, 2000b, Industrial Area Data Summary Report, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September

DOE, 2000a, Final Sampling and Analysis Plan for the Characterization of Under Building Contamination for UBC 123 and Building 886 Implementing Horizontal Directional Drilling and Environmental Measurement While Drilling, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, Colorado, May

DOE, 2001c, Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, June

DOE 2001a, Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan Addendum #IA-02-01, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, November

DOE 2001b, Final Data Summary Report for the Characterization of UBCs 123 and 886, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September

DOE 2002a, Draft Closeout Report for IHSS Groups 100-4 and 100-5, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

DOE 2002b, Environmental Restoration RFCA Standard Operating Protocol Notification #02-01, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, January

RMRS, 1997, Closure Plan for the Building 123 Components of RCRA Unit 40, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, November

RMRS, 1998, Proposed Action Memorandum for the Decommissioning of Building 123, RF/RMRS-97-012, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, March



PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: 100-603

IHSS Reference Number

Not Applicable

Unit Name

Building 123 Bioassay Waste Spill

Location

N749,000, E2,082,000 (Southwest of Building 123)

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

June 9, 1989

Description of Operation or Occurrence

An underground process waste line from Building 123 was being excavated and replaced due to a break in the line (PAC 100-602). The excavated end of the broken line was temporarily capped with a plastic bag, and process waste from Building 123 was rerouted to bypass the broken line. The pump used to reroute the waste failed and allowed some of the waste to overflow into the broken line. Part of this waste leaked around the plastic bag and into the excavation where the broken line was capped. The release occurred within the excavation. Rainwater that was being pumped out of the trench at the time of the spill was not contaminated, as confirmed by sampling (DOE 1992).

Physical/Chemical Description Constituents Released

The release consisted of bioassay waste containing hydrochloric acid and nitric acid with a pH of approximately 1. The waste also may have contained urine, and up to a combined total of 1.5 gallons of ammonium thiocyanate, ammonium iodide, and ammonium hydroxide. The calculated maximum volume of the release was 30 gallons. Due to inclement weather, the released material mixed with rainwater in the excavation.

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

The release was contained within the trench and within 8 feet of the building with berms as confirmed by sampling Based on this, rainwater being pumped from the trench at the time of the release at locations farther than 8 feet from the building and both south and southwest of the building was not contaminated by the release The potentially contaminated rainwater contained within the bermed area of the trench totaled approximately 100 gallons and was neutralized, pumped and treated at Building 374

Samples were collected to evaluate the spread of contamination The release was documented in Resource Conservation and Recover Act (RCRA) Contingency Plan Implementation Report No 89-006 (DOE 1989)



In late 2000, four subsurface soil samples were collected in and around PAC 100-603 as part of the Under Building Contamination (UBC) Site123 characterization project. Each sample was analyzed for volatile organic compounds (VOCs), semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs), total metals, and isotopic radionuclides

Analytical data for the chemical and radiological soil samples collected at locations HDD-3-01 and HDD-3-02 were verified and validated consistent with the data quality objective (DQO) decision rules for the UBC Site 123 Characterization Project (Figure 2 7) Upon completion of data analysis for that project, it was determined that no environmental remediation action was necessary relative to radiological or hazardous constituents at UBC Site 123 A more detailed explanation of the data analysis is presented in the Final Data Summary Report for the Characterization of UBCs 123 and 886 (DOE 2001a)

Samples from locations HDD-3-Trench-A and HDD-3-Trench-B were collected within the PAC boundaries at approximately 20 inches below the top of existing asphalt VOC and SVOC concentrations were reported at below method detection limits (MDLs) (U-qualified by the labs) or well below Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement (RFCA) Tier II Action Levels (ALs) Radionuclide and metal results were reported to be nondetect (U-qualified by the labs) or at levels below Site mean background plus two standard deviations (with the exception of those analytes in Table 2 12 below) All of the reported concentrations were significantly below the RFCA Tier II ALs

Table 2.12 Analytes Exceeding Background Mean Plus Two Standard Deviations

Sampling Location	Analytical Concentration mg/kg or pCi/g	Tier I Action Level	Tier II Action Level	Mean Background Concentration	Background Mean + 2 Stand. Deviations
HDD-3-Trench- A	Cadmium - 3 5	2040 mg/kg	2040 mg/kg	0 82 mg/kg	1 70 mg/kg
HDD-3-Trench-	Lead - 36 8	1000 mg/kg	1000 mg/kg	10 87 mg/kg	24 97 mg/kg
HDD-3-Trench- B	Am-241 - 0 100 (J-qualified)	209 pCt/g	38 pCi/g	0 00 pCi/g	0 02 pC/g
HDD-3-Trench- B	Cadmium - 53	2040 mg/kg	2040 mg/kg	0 82 mg/kg	1 70 mg/kg
HDD-3-Trench- B	Lead - 66 9	1000 mg/kg	1000 mg/kg	10 87 mg/kg	24 97 mg/kg

Source K-H, 2001b, Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan, Tables F-4 and F-5, RFETS, June

- Tier II values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier II values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident
- Tier I values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier I values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

Results from 11 samples collected shortly after the incident to evaluate the spread of contamination indicated that contamination was restricted to the excavation within 8 feet of Building 123 Rainwater potentially contaminated by the spill was neutralized, pumped from the excavation, and transferred to the process waste system for treatment in Building 374



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Action/No Further Action Recommendation

Results of the analyses are summarized in Table 2 12 along with the appropriate RFCA ALs of analytical results were below RFCA ALs

The regulatory agencies agreed to No Further Action (NFA) as proposed in the 2001 Historical Release Report (HRR) Annual Update on December 19, 2001 Clarification was provided in the Quarterly Letter (#32 of AR1) related to the rainwater in the trench and specifically where the release occurred (i.e., within the excavation) This PAC narrative has been rewritten for clarity However, due to additional information being collected as part of the UBC Site 123 characterization project and the previously requested clarification, in accordance with RFCA (DOE 1996) per the joint Agency letter of February 14, 2002, PAC 100-603 is NFA

Comments

Analytical results for HDD-3-01 and HDD-3-02 are included in the Final Data Summary Report for the Characterization of UBCs 123 and 886 (K-H 2001a)

It should be noted that the original HRR (DOE 1992) mentions that the waste stream for Building 123, a bioassay laboratory, may have had small concentrations of ammonium thiocyanate, ammonium iodide and ammonium hydroxide. While these compounds were not specifically sampled for in Fiscal Year (FY)2000, it is very unlikely that RFCA Tier II ALs could have been exceeded. The RFCA Tier II ALs for ammonium and cyanide are greater than 1 million and greater than 40,900 parts per million, respectively.

During the NFA status meetings held between October 2001 and April 2002, between DOE, Kaiser-Hill Company, L L C, Environmental Protection Agency, and the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, it was agreed that clarification to the PAC narrative for PAC 100-603 would be included in the Working Group Quarterly letters to clarify issues related to the rainwater in the trench and specifically where the release occurred (i.e., within the excavation) This revised PAC narrative has been rewritten to include clarification and incorporate new data

References

DOE, 1989, RCRA Contingency Plan Implementation Report No 89-006, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, June

DOE, 1992, Historical Release Report for the Rocky Flats Plant, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, June

DOE, CDPHE, EPA, 1996, Final Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

K-H, 2001a, Final Data Summary Report for the Characterization of UBC Sites 123 and 886, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, August



Kaiser-Hill Company LLC	KH-01-902 UN
Annual Update for the Historical Release Report	Rev 0
	Date 09/02

DOE, 2001b, Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan, Appendix Tables F-4 and F-5, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, June

The Area of Concern (AOC), shown on Figure 2 8, was determined based on analytical results from IASAP Addendum #IA-02-01 (DOE 2001b) sampling The AOC is defined as the area with contaminant concentrations greater than method detection limits (MDLs) The AOC map also illustrates the limits of Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement (RFCA) Tier II and Tier I Action Level (AL) exceedances for PCBs Because there are no existing RFCA ALs for dioxin/furans, a different framework was used for comparison of analytical results Both Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) cleanup guidelines (EPA 1998) for residential and industrial use (in accordance with RFCA) and a value of 9 toxicity equivalents (TEQs) (consultative process) were used for comparison Results for dioxin/furan were converted to TEQ using a toxicity equivalency factor (TEF) in accordance with SW8290 (EPA 1994) and a recent World Health Organization (WHO) (WHO 1995) and compared directly with the TEO of 9 The TEO values for dioxin cogeners are summed for each sampling location and the TEQ values for furan cogeners were summed for each sampling location. These data are presented in Table 2.15. As shown on Table 21(2 15) there are no exceedances of the 9ppt TEQ for the summed dioxin compounds All summated TEQ values are well within the cited Front Range background range of 0 1 to 155 TEQ This comparison is shown in Table 2 15. There were no exceedances of the TEQ Additionally, there were no exceedances of RFCA Tier II or Tier I ALs (PCBs) or EPA cleanup guidelines

In accordance with the IASAP Addendum #IA-02-01 (DOE 2001), the AOC based on characterization data becomes the revised PAC shape. This change will be archived through the Site Geographic Information Services Group and is reflected on Plate 2 (Appendix 4)

There are no qualifications of the data Results indicate that no chemical contamination exists in excess of RFCA Tier I or Tier II ALs for PCBs, or for dioxins/furans in excess of TEQ

Accelerated Action Description

The accelerated action objectives were developed and described in Environmental Restoration (ER) RFCA Standard Operating Protocol (RSOP) Notification #02-01 (DOE 2002b) The accelerated action objectives for PAC 100-609 included the following

- Remove the concrete slabs, which will be dispositioned in accordance with the RSOP for Recycling Concrete (DOE 1999), and
- Remediate soil if dioxins or furans are detected at levels greater than MDLs or levels agreed upon through the RFCA consultative process



Table 2.15 Summed TEQs by Sample Location

Sampling Location	Summed Dioxin TEQ (ppt)	Summed Furan TEQ (ppt)
BT38-001	6 27	0 96
BT38-002	4 10	7 36
BT39-001	4 02	0 93
BT39-002	2 13	0 29
BT39-003	7 65	2 81
BT39-004	1 65	061

Concrete Slabs

The two slabs associated with PAC 100-609 were removed using a forklift after a corner of the slabs was broken up sufficiently with a jackhammer to gain access to the underlying soil. The main slab was 20 inches thick. One composite sample was collected from the concrete for waste characterization. The sample was analyzed for metals, dioxins, and furans. Concrete was surveyed for radiological constituents and recycled in accordance with the RSOP for Recycling Concrete (DOE 1999).

Soil Removal

Because all analytical results indicated that dioxin and furan concentrations were less than EPA cleanup guidelines for residential use and PCBs were less than RFCA Tier II ALs, no soil was removed Therefore, confirmation samples were not collected because soil was not remediated Characterization samples were analyzed at an offsite laboratory, which also serve as confirmation samples

Site Reclamation

PAC 100-609 was covered with approximately 6 to 8 inches of roadbase, and wheel-rolled and compacted with a loader

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

No documentation was found detailing a release of contaminants from the operation of this incinerator

Based on the actions taken and characterization results, there is no actual or potential risk to human health or the environment Soil concentrations are below RFCA Tier II ALs and EPA cleanup guidelines

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

Based upon the removal of the two concrete slabs and subsequent sampling in accordance with the IASAP Addendum #IA-02-01 (DOE 2001), no potential contaminant or residual contaminant source could be identified Residual analytical soil concentrations for contaminants of concern

are shown in Table 2 14 In accordance with RFCA (DOE 1996), PAC 100-609 is proposed for No Further Action at this time

Comments

None

References

EPA, 1994, Test Methods for Evaluating Solid Waste, Physical/Chemical Methods, Integrated Manual (SW-846), 3rd Edition, Office of Solid Waste and Emergency Response, September

EPA, 1998, EPA Cleanup Guidelines for Residential and Industrial Use

DOE, 1992, Historical Release Report for the Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, September

DOE, 1999, RFCA Standard Operating Protocol for Recycling Concrete, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO

DOE, 2001, Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan Addendum #IA-02-01, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, November

DOE, 2002, Environmental Restoration RFCA Standard Operating Protocol Notification #02-01, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, January

World Health Organization, 1998, Assessment of the Health Risk of Dioxins Re-Evaluation of the Tolerable Daily Intake (TDI), WHO European Center for Environment and Health, Geneva, Switzerland, May



PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: 100-611

IHSS Number

Not Applicable

Unit Name

Building 123 Scrubber Solution Spill

Location

N749,000, E2,082,000 (west side of Building 123)

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

November 7, 1989

Description of Operation or Occurrence

An inoperative pump in the Building 123 process waste transfer system caused the Building 123 scrubber system to overflow, spilling scrubbing solution into a bermed area outside of the building and into three pits beneath the floor of the building. Also, approximately 5 gallons of liquid were present in and around a nearby storm water drainage ditch that served the Building 123 parking lot. It was speculated that this liquid leaked from the berm wall interface with the underlying asphalt. However, it was later concluded that this liquid was not associated with the incident (i.e., it was in the ditch prior to the incident). All of the spilled solution was contained within secondary containment structures, and none of the solution was believed to have impacted the environment.

Under normal operating conditions, the scrubbing solution drained into the process waste system when the scrubbing process was completed. The spill occurred because waste pump switches were in the wrong position and the influent valve that was blocked by glass filtering wool from Building 123.

Normal scrubbing solution drainage was restored when the glass wool material was cleared and the inoperative process waste pump was restarted. A submersible pump was used to transfer the scrubbing solution from the bermed area to process waste drains in Building 123. Measures were proposed to prevent the subsequent buildup of glass wool in the process waste system. A Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Contingency Plan Implementation Report (CPIR) (89-019) was written

All spilled materials were contained and transferred into the Building 123 process waste system for eventual treatment at Building 374

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

The scrubbing solution consisted primarily of water, which was used to scrub nitric acid, hydrofluoric acid, and hydrochloric acid used in Building 123 Approximately 50 gallons were released to the bermed area, and several hundred gallons were contained in the three pits beneath



the Building 123 floor Analyses indicated the solution in the bermed area had a pH of 1 6, and the solution in the three pits had a pH of 6 0

The 5 gallons of liquid in the parking lot drainage ditch did not react when sodium bicarbonate was applied, indicating it was not acidic and, therefore, was not the scrubbing solution

Five samples were collected on February 5, 2002, and analyzed for pH (DOE 2001) The location of these samples and analytical results are shown on Figure 2 9 Analytical results are presented in Table 2 16 Results indicate no chemical contamination exists

Table 2.16 PAC 100-611 Characterization Data Summary

Location Code	Analyte	Result (S.A.)	MDL	Background Plus Two Standard Deviations	Tier II AL	Tier I AL
BU38-0010	pН	8 4	NA	NA	NA	NA
BU38-0012	pН	88	NA	NA	NA	NA
BU38-0013	pН	88	NA	NA	NA	NA
BU38-0014	pН	8 7	NA	NA	NA	NA
BU38-0015	pН	8 8	NA	NA	NA	NA

NA Not Applicable

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

A submersible pump was used to transfer the scrubbing solution from the bermed area to a process waste drain for eventual treatment at Building 374 Based on the results of the pH measurements, no action was required

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

Based on the characterization results, there is no actual or potential risk to human health or the environment

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

Based upon the characterization sample results collected in accordance with the IA SAP Addendum #IA-02-01 (DOE 2001), no potential contaminant or residual contaminant source could be identified Residual analytical results for the COCs (i e pH) are shown on Table 2 16 Therefore, in accordance with RFCA (DOE 1996), PAC 100-611 is proposed for No Further Action

Comments

None

References

DOE, 1992, Historical Release Report for the Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, June

DOE, 1996, Final Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

DOE, 2001, Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan, Addendum IA-02-01, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, November



PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: 500-906

IHSS Number

Not Applicable

Unit Name

Asphalt Surface Near Building 559

Location

N750,100, E2,083,500

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

March 22, 1993

Description of Operation or Occurrence

On March 22, 1993 at 2 00 p m, approximately 1 gallon of F001 wastewater spilled onto the pavement from a hose that was used to extract excess water from a tanker. The water was from the P304 sump, which collects water from the exterior of the Building 559/561 tunnel and the Building 561 basement. Normally this water was released into the surface water drainage system through pumping to a footing drain system that flows by gravity. However, the water in question was found to exceed Segment 5 stream standards for some analytes, and was thus being removed by tanker. The tanker was accidentally filled beyond the level allowed by Rocky Flats. Transportation Guidelines. These guidelines require that no more than four-fifths of the capacity of the tanker be used. After approximately 1,000 gallons of water had been off-loaded from the tanker into drums, the hose that was used leaked some water as it was transferred back to storage

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

The water contained F001 hazardous waste constituents, including carbon tetrachloride, trichloroethene and 1,1-dichloroethene, based on four sampling events that occurred from July 1992 through March 1993 Chemical analytes covered by Toxicity Characteristic Leaching Procedure (TCLP) were also identified, but the concentrations were below those of a characteristic Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) hazardous waste Contamination levels exceeded Segment 5 stream standards for some constituents

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

Oil-dry absorbent was used to absorb the water and was managed as RCRA-regulated hazardous waste after use in a RCRA permitted storage area. The incident was reported to the regulatory agencies in CPIR No 93-004, as well as the Fourth Quarterly Update to the Historical Release Report (HRR) (DOE 1993). The HRR reporting process assigned the location as PAC 500-906.

The soil immediately under the asphalt surface (PAC 500-906) was sampled in April 2002 in accordance with Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan (IASAP) Addendum #IA-02-01 (DOE 2001) Two soil samples were collected and analyzed for volatile organic compounds



(VOCs) Sampling locations and results greater than method detection limits are shown in Figure 2 10 as well as Table 2 17 All analytical results were less than Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement (RFCA) Tier II Action Levels (ALs)

Table 2.17 PAC 500-906 Sample Results Greater Than Method Detection Limits

Sampling Location	Analyte	Result	Tier I	Tier II	Units
CD43-001	Methylene chloride	2	2 39E +08	5 98E +05	ug/kg
CD43-002	Acetone	48	1 92E +08	1 92E +08	ug/kg
CD43-002	Ethylbenzene	5 5	1 92E +08	1 92E +08	ug/kg
CD43-002	Methylene chloride	18	2 39E +08	5 98E +05	ug/kg
CD43-002	Xylenes (total)	24	1 00E +9	1 00E +9	ug/kg

Tier II values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

Hazardous constituents released to the environment are believed to be minimal, if any, due to the small amount of material spilled on the asphalt surface and the immediate cleanup response. The characterization sampling described above confirms that VOCs did not reach the underlying soil horizon.

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

Based upon the characterization results presented in Table 2 17 and on Figure 2 10, soil concentrations are below RFCA Tier II ALs for the potential contaminants of concern and no contaminant source could be identified. Further, the characterization results indicate that there is no actual or potential risk to human health or the environment and, therefore, in accordance with RFCA (DOE 1996), PAC 500-906 is proposed for No Further Action

Comments

In relation to this incident, the October 2000 renewal of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System Permit contains provisions that currently allow for the discharge of this groundwater (with restriction to volume and contaminant concentration) to the sanitary collection system (EPA 2000)



Tier II values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

Tier I values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity

[•] Tier I values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

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References

DOE, 1993, Fourth Quarterly Update to the Historical Release Report, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

DOE, 1996, Final Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement, Department of Energy, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

DOE, 2001, Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan Addendum #IA-02-01 Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, November

EPA, 2000, Renewal of the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System (NPDES) Permit, No #CO0001333, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, October



PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: 600-1005

IHSS Number

Not Applicable

Unit Name

Former Pesticide Storage Area

Location

N749,000, E2,083,000

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

Approximately 1982

Description of Operation or Occurrence

(Original Historical Release Report)

Building 667 was originally used to store pesticides. This site is located several hundred feet north of former Building 850 in what is currently the 881 parking lot (Figure 2 11). In approximately 1982, it is believed that the original pesticide shed (Building 667) was relocated to an area southwest of Building 371 (refer to Plate 4, Appendix 4). At this new location, the building was renamed Building 367, and pesticide storage in the shed resumed for an unknown time. The shed is no longer used for pesticide storage.

It is assumed that pesticides and herbicides were stored at the Building 667 site at least through 1978. It is possible that pesticides and/or herbicides were spilled during loading or mixing operations (DOE 1992). In addition, it is possible that the floor at the prior building location was once dirt, increasing the possibility of residual amounts of pesticides remaining at the site. No known rinsing of pesticide containers occurred at the shed

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

Pesticides, which are regulated under the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, and Rodenticide Act (FIFRA), were stored in this area. It is possible that some pesticides were released to the environment. A list of pesticides stored in Building 667 follows

Spectracide 600 (ant killer),
Mouse Maze (poisoned grain for mice and pigeons),
Bee Bopper (bee and wasp spray, includes chlordane),
Malkill (insecticide),
TMTD-Rhoplex (rabbit and deer repellant),
Decon rodent poison grain,
Ortho Liquid Iron (grass fertilizer),
Excel (lawn fertilizer),

DM14 (herbicide weed control),

Hyvar X-L (Bromacil weed killer),
Esteron 76BE (herbicide weed control),
Tordon 22K (herbicide weed control),
Ureabor (U S Borax granular weed and grass control),
Banvel,
Diazon,
Poison Grain (birds),
Malathion, and
Diazinon (black widow spider)

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

The former Building 667 location was introduced in to the Historical Release Report (HRR) system and former Operable Unit 10 in 1991 Specifically, there are no known or documented accounts of a herbicide or pesticide release to the environment, however, interviews with several plant employees stated that mixing of those compounds was fairly common practice in the shed The pesticide shed was relocated to its present location (currently PAC 300-702) in 1982

In accordance with Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan (SAP) Addendum #IA-02-01 for IHSS Group 600-6 (K-H 2001), characterization samples were collected on April 8, 2002 (Figure 2 11) Analytical results for herbicides and pesticides from two locations were all below the method detection limits (MDS) Analytical results for characterization samples for PAC 600-1005 are presented in the Data Summary Report for Group 600-6 (K-H 2002)

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

There has never been a documented release from activities performed at Building 667 Further, based upon the characterization sampling results (locations shown on Figure 2 11), there does not appear to be any actual or potential risk to human health or the environment All soil concentrations were below Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement (RFCA) Tier II Action Levels (ALs) and specifically, below MDLs

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

Based upon characterization sample results collected in accordance with the Industrial Area SAP Addendum #IA-02-01 for IHSS Group 600-6 (K-H 2001), no potential contaminant source could be identified. All sample results were below the MDLs, for potential contaminants of concern and, therefore, in accordance with RFCA (DOE 1996), PAC 600-1005 is proposed for No Further Action at this time.

Comments

Building 667 was relocated from the B881 parking lot to make room for additional parking spaces

References

DOE, 1992, Historical Release Report for the Rocky Flats Plant, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, June

DOE, 1996, Final Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement, Department of Energy, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

K-H, 2002, Draft Data Summary Report for Group 600-6, PAC 600-1005, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, September

PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: 700-1106

IHSS Number

Not Applicable

Unit Name

Process Waste Spill - Portal 1

Location

N750,000, E2,084,000

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

November 1986

Description of Operation or Occurrence

Approximately 10 gallons of process wastewater spilled from a tank truck at the entrance to Portal 1 The truck was en route from the Valve Vault 12 leak area to Solar Evaporation Pond 207A (Building 762A) The tank was overfilled, and the liquid splashed out of the top manhole while the truck was driven around a corner

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

Process wastewater from the Valve Vault 12 leak was released onto the street Analysis of water samples collected from Valve Vault 12 and a related process waste line leak indicated the total alpha activity was 170,000 picocuries per liter (pCi/L) and uranium-238 activity was 120,000 pCi/L. It was determined at the time of the spill that there was no radioactivity on the street

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

Samples were collected from Valve Vault 12 to assess the potential contamination released during the transport (noted above and provided in the PAC 300-186 narrative) Radiological surveys concluded at the time of the spill concluded that there was no radioactivity on the street No other historical documentation could be found which further detailed a response to the release

In accordance with the Industrial Area SAP Addendum #IA-02-01 for IHSS Group 700-12 (K-H 2001), characterization samples were collected on April 4, 2002 (Figure 2 12) Analytical results for radionuclides from two locations were well below RFCA Tier II ALs and were consistent with known background values. The data is presented on Figure 2 12. Analytical results from characterization samples for PAC 700-1106 are presented in the Data Summary Report for Group 700-12 (K-H 2002).



Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

Because the release was relatively small (10 gallons), to an asphalt surface, and no radioactivity could be found, this incident has not posed a potential risk to human health or the environment Further, recently collected analytical data support this fact, as shown on Figure 2 12

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

Based on the actions taken and characterization results for soil samples collected in accordance with the Industrial Area SAP Addendum #IA-02-01, IHSS Group 700-12 (K-H 2001), no potential contaminant source or remnant concentrations could be identified for PAC 700-1106 All soil concentrations were below RFCA Tier II ALs Therefore, in accordance with RFCA (DOE 1996), PAC 700-1106 is proposed at this time

Comments

None

References

DOE, 1992, Historical Release Report for the Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, June

DOE, 1996, Final Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement, Department of Energy, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

K-H, 2001, Industrial Area SAP Addendum #IA-02-01 for IHSS Group 700-12, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, November

K-H, 2001, Draft Data Summary Report for IHSS Group 700-12, PAC 700-1106, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September



PAC REFERENCE NUMBERS: 700-1114A AND 700-1114B

IHSS Reference Number

Not Applicable

Unit Name

Releases During Liquid Transfer Operations from B774

Occurrence Report Number

RFO-KHLL-LIQWASTE-1996-0004

Approximate Location

N751,126, E2,084,189

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

October 10 and 11, 1996

Description of Operation or Occurrence

On October 10 and 11, 1996, liquid transfer of a waste oil (contaminated with polychlorinated biphenyls [PCBs] and Resource Conservation and Recovery Act [RCRA] constituents) from Building 774 to a tanker truck resulted in several reportable/incidental releases at two separate locations. The first incident was identified when the tanker was staged temporarily west of Building 765 near the Portal 1 entrance (700-1114A). Personnel observed a liquid dripping from the vacuum pump apparatus through the exhaust/demister unit onto the pavement. After responding to the incident at Building 765, workers involved in the liquid transfer operation immediately walked down the area near Building 774 where the pumping operation had taken place earlier. Approximately the same amount of liquid was released to soil at that location (700-1114B) (DOE 1996a)

The liquid was condensate from the vacuum pump apparatus. It was estimated that approximately 1 cup of liquid was released at each location. A third release to the soil occurred at the Building 774 location the following day (700-1114B) (October 11, 1996) involving approximately 1 gallon of the same type of liquid. The release was due to the failure of a plastic bag affixed under the exhaust condensate line after the previous day's experience with the apparatus (DOE 1996a)

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

Laboratory analysis of the liquid indicated that both F001 and F002 waste codes were applicable and therefore, listed hazardous materials were generated during cleanup. Analysis for PCBs indicated less than 2 parts per million (ppm) PCBs, indicating no PCBs were present within the released liquid. The following compounds were identified in the released liquid, Trichloroethene (250 ppm), methylene chloride (33 ppm) and 1,1,1-trichloroethane (930 ppm). No radioactivity was identified (DOE, 1996a)



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Response to Operation or Occurrence

After the first two incidents on October 10, 1996, a plastic bag was placed under and around the exhaust condensate line to collect any residual release. In both instances, the Rocky Flats Fire Department was contacted immediately upon discovery of the liquid. Fire Department personnel performed a thorough cleanup of the liquid using rags (for the asphalt surfaces) and filled less than one 55-gallon drum of soil during the October 11, 1996, release. A fact finding meeting was held to further evaluate the design problem encountered with the tanker and sampling was conducted. The release was categorized and reported as an "incidental release," in accordance with the 29 Code of Federal Regulations 1910 120, Incidental Response. All associated wastes were containerized and managed in accordance with site requirements. The releases (at both locations) were reported in the 1997 Annual Update to the Historical Release Report (HRR) as 700-1114a and 700-1114b for the Building 774 location and the Building 765 location respectively (DOE 1997, Plate 2)

Fate of Constituents Released to the Environment

Less than one 55-gallon drum of soil and associated cleanup waste assumed to be contaminated with Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) Waste Codes F001 and F002 were removed and transported to a RCRA Hazardous Waste Management Unit No radiological contamination was found in the area of the release (DOE 1996a)

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

Based upon the amount of material spilled and cleanup response actions taken by the Fire Department in 1996 at both locations, no potential contaminant source or remnant concentrations exist at either location (700-1114a or 700-1114b). The regulatory agencies agreed to No Further Action (NFA) as proposed in the 1997 HRR Annual Update on February 27, 2002, provided the PAC narrative to be corrected to accurately reflect that the building associated with the first spill was 765 and is designated as 700-1114a. Therefore, in accordance with the Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement (RFCA) (DOE 1996b) and the joint agency letter of February 14, 2002, PACs 700-1114a and 700-1114b are considered NFA at this time

Comments

The incident did not result in any injury or potential hazard to human health or the environment

During the NFA Status meetings held between October 2001 and April 2002, between K-H, DOE, EPA and the Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment, it was agreed that this PAC Narrative would be rewritten to clarify where and how the specific locations occurred and how they numbered (i.e., 1114a and 1114b). Although the 1997 HRR Annual Update Plate #2 shows where the specific incidents occurred and properly assigned the PAC numbers, the text narrative did not specify the separate location numbers. This PAC Narrative has been rewritten for clarity.



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References

DOE, 1996a, Occurrence Report (RFO-KHLL-LIQWASTE-1996-0004), Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, October

DOE, 1996b, Final Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement, Department of Energy, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

RMRS, 1997, Annual Update to the Historical Release Report, August 1996 through August 1997, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September



PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: 900-109

IHSS Reference Number

109, Buffer Zone Operable Unit

Unit Name

Trench T-2 (Ryans Pit)

Approximate Location

N748,600, E2,085,800

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

1969 - 1971

Description of Operation or Occurrence

IHSS 109 (PAC 900-109) is generally referred to as Ryan's Pit and is located south of the 903 Pad (PAC 900-112) The area was primarily used for disposal of solvents, paint thinners, diesel fuel and other construction related chemicals/materials (DOE 1992) Historically, the building operation was to perform radiation screening of the waste and if identified as non-radioactive, the solvents were dumped in the trench as a method of disposal. The trench is referred to as Ryan's Pit after a member of the Waste Disposal Coordination Group who was involved with past solvent disposal (DOE 1996a)

After a review of the information gathered in preparation of the Historical Release Report (DOE 1992), it is believed that Ryan's Pit was not used in the same manner as the East Trenches as indicated in RCRA 3004(u) Based on a review of historical documents, an evaluation of many historical photographs, and interviews with former RFP personnel who were directly involved with plant waste disposal activities, it is probable that Ryan's Pit was used from approximately 1969 to 1971 for the disposal of nonradioactive liquid chemical wastes Previously, Ryan's Pit was believed to have been used similarly to the East Trenches because of discussion in a 1970 document entitled "A Summary of On Site Radioactive Waste Disposal" An evaluation of aerial and low-angle oblique photographs was made and included the years 1953, 1955, 1957, 1964, 1969, 1970, and 1971 Activities involving on-site burial of sludge from the sanitary wastewater treatment plant occurred from July 1954 through August 1968 These photographs clearly indicate the existence of the East Trenches in various stages of development. Yet none of the photographs from 1953 through 1968 provides any indication of ground disturbances in the area of Ryan's Pit In 1969 and 1970, there clearly is an open trench in the area south of the 903 Pad and in the general area as located in the 1970 report. In a May 1971, photograph, the trench is backfilled and graded, but still visible (DOE 1996a)

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

Soils contaminated from the dumping of solvents and other wastes were sampled extensively during the removal action in 1995 and prior to treatment. Analytical results for these samples indicated elevated volatile organic compounds including tetrachloroethene, xylene, toluene,



1,1,1-trichloroethane, trichloroethene, and ethylbenzene Radionuclides in the soil were compared to RFCA Tier I and Tier II Subsurface Soil Action Levels (DOE 1996b) and were all below the RFCA Tier II Action Levels

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

Disposal of waste at Ryan's Pit was discontinued in 1971 and the trench was backfilled. The IHSS 109 Accelerated Action Project was initiated in September of 1995 as a source removal in accordance with the Final Proposed Action Memorandum (PAM) approved by the Agencies on August 28, 1995 (DOE 1995a). Approximately 180 cubic yards of contaminated soil and debris (primarily crushed drums) were excavated from IHSS 109 and treated by low temperature thermal desorption to destroy the volatile organic component of contamination in the soil. Treatment of these soils required a CDPHE approved modification to the existing RCRA Part B permit (DOE 1995b). The removal of contaminated soil from Ryan's Pit was completed in September 1995 and treatment completed in February 1996 in accordance with the RAOs set forth in the approved PAM.

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

Solvents that may have been disposed included tetrachloroethene, trichloroethane, and possibly carbon tetrachloride, though not as likely. These were the solvents typically used at the plant during the time frame. Other chemicals which were dumped included paint thinner, diesel fuel (used as a brush softener) and small quantities of construction-related chemicals. RFI/RI investigations for Operable Unit 2 have identified elevated levels of volatile organic compounds (VOCs) in groundwater downgradient from the Ryan's Pit location (DOE 1995c). Sampling of the groundwater downgradient of Ryan's pit continues as part of the Integrated Monitoring Plan (IMP). The Draft 2001 Annual RFCA Groundwater Monitoring Report presents FY2001 groundwater data and proposes continued monitoring along the plume cross section (DOE 2002).

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

The excavation verification sample results for the volatile organic contaminants of concern show that the soils remaining in the excavation were below the PPRG cleanup standards specified in the PAM (DOE 1995a) at a depth of eight feet. With respect to RFCA ALs, which were approved after the final putback of Ryan's Pit spoils, there are Tier I exceedances for TCE and PCE in the South Wall. Toluene and ethylbenzene are below Tier I ALs but exceeded Tier II ALs

Radiological samples showed plutonium-239, americium-241, uranium-233/-234, -235 and -238 at levels above background in the excavated soils, however, these radiological levels were below RFCA Tier II Action Levels and less than the 15 mrem hypothetical future resident scenario, the most restrictive scenario for the future land use of the site (DOE 1996a)

On April 3, 2002, during an NFA Status Meeting, the EPA and CDPHE concurred with the recommendation for NFA submitted in the 1997 Annual Update to the HRR (DOE 1997) The Agencies however requested that the PAC Narrative for PAC 900-109 be amended in this



Annual Update to reflect the fact that contaminants in a nearby down-gradient groundwater monitoring well(s) (specifically well 07391) have not shown evidence of plume degradation. These comments have been incorporated into this narrative and therefore PAC 900-109 is considered NFA as agreed. It is understood that groundwater monitoring will continue as proposed.

Comments

The post-treatment levels of volatile organic compounds in the treated soils returned to Ryan's Pit (PAC 900-109) were less than the thermal desorption unit performance standards specified in the PAM Permit Modification (DOE 1995b) as documented in the completion report (DOE 1997)

Potential impacts to surface water were evaluated from existing groundwater data. One unnamed seep location near the Woman Creek drainage, that potentially could be related to Ryan's Pit, was sampled in FY2000 and showed PCE concentrations at the Groundwater Tier II AL (actual results were 4 ppb) for VOCs. In accordance with RFCA Attachment 5 (page 5-13), Groundwater Action Determinations, actions are required where there is potential to cause surface water to exceed surface water action levels. In this case, a detection at or just below the Groundwater Tier II Action Level from a seep with nearly zero flow rates could not result in an exceedance of RFCA Surface Water Action Levels.

Analytical results for the verification samples are presented in the completion report for the project (DOE 1997)

References

DOE, 1992, Historical Release Report for the Rocky Flats Plant, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, June

DOE, 1995a, Final Proposed Action Memorandum for the Remediation of Individual Hazardous Substance Site 109, Ryan's Pit, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, August

DOE, 1995b, Proposed Action Memorandum and Draft Modification of the Corrective Action Section for the Operating Permit for the Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, November

DOE, 1995c, Final OU 2, Phase II RFI/RI Report, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, October

DOE, 1996a, Annual Update for the Historical Release Report, August 1, 1995 through August 1, 1996 RF/ER-96-0046 September

DOE, 1996b, Final Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement, Department of Energy, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

DOE, 1997, Closeout Report for the Remediation of Individual Hazardous Substance Site 109, Ryan's Pit, Revision 0 RF-ER-96-0034 UN, July



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DOE, 2002, Draft 2001 Annual Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement (RFCA) Groundwater Monitoring Report, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September

KH, 1999, Final Technical Memorandum, Monitoring of the 903 Pad/Ryans Pit Plume, RF/RMRS-98-294 UN, Rev 0, May

PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: 900-183

IHSS Reference Number

183, Buffer Zone Operable Unit

Unit Name

Gas Detoxification Area

Approximate Location

N748,500, E2,086,000

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

Approximately 1963 - Approximately 1983

Description of Operation or Occurrence

(Original HRR [DOE 1992])

Building 952 was constructed in 1963 as a toxic gas storage building and was managed by the Industrial Hygiene group Beginning in approximately January 1967, bottles containing hazardous gases were transported by the Rocky Flats Fire Department from various buildings to Building 952 for storage Typically, shipments consisted of one or two lecture-size gas bottles Gases were stored up to 5 years prior to disposal Select gases were detoxified at the site. The method of detoxification was selected based on the characteristics of the material. Other gases were packed and shipped to offsite vendors for disposal (DOE 1992). There are no reports of a release to the surrounding soils from the storage of this material.

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

No documentation was found that detailed any releases to the building or surrounding soil resulting from this practice (DOE, 1992)

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

Select gases were detoxified using various commercial neutralization processes available at the time. Neutralization processes included reaction with water, acid, caustic, carbon, or air. Byproducts were disposed of as process wastes. Upon completion of the neutralization process for each type of gas, the glassware used in the process was triple-rinsed, crushed, and deposited in the Present Landfill (DOE 1992).

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

No documentation was found that detailed any release from IHSS 183 (PAC 900-183) (DOE, 1992) This IHSS was studied as part of Operable Unit (OU) 2 (DOE 1995) As presented in the Historical Release Report (HRR) and supporting reference material, past releases from IHSS 183 (PAC 900-183) are not known to have occurred (DOE, 1992) The reference material, which



included records on the movement, storage, and disposal of toxic gases, Industrial Hygiene status reports, and the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) 3004U Waste Management Report, were reevaluated to support the assertion that a release at IHSS 183 has not occurred (DOE 1992)

IHSS 183 was studied as part of the OU 2 FCRA Facility Investigation/Remedial Investigation (RFI/RI) and, for investigative purposes, was grouped with IHSS 140 (PAC 900-140) because of the close proximity of these two IHSSs. Of the nine boreholes located within IHSS 140, one borehole (12791) was located near IHSS 183. Samples were collected and analyzed for volatile organic compounds, semivolatile compounds, pesticides/polychlorinated biphenyls, metals, and radionuclides. Only methylene chloride (2 parts per billion [ppb]) and acetone (15 ppb) were detected in borehole 12791. These chemicals were not retained in the OU 2 RFI/RI or the associated human health risk assessment as chemicals of concern (DOE 1995). With respect to ecological receptors, IHSS 183 was not identified as a source area in the ecological risk assessment for the Woman Creek Watershed (DOE 1996).

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

The regulatory agencies provided conditional approval to this request for No Further Action (NFA) in an interim NFA meeting on November 14, 2001 provided that the closure plan correspondence from DOE RFFO to Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment (CDPHE) dated November 9, 1995 be submitted in this Annual Update to the HRR (see below references) The letter has been provided as an attachment for this PAC Narrative update in Appendix 2 (Regulatory Correspondence) and therefore, IHSS 183 (PAC 900-183) is considered accepted as proposed for NFA

Comments

It is recognized that IHSS 183 (PAC 900-183) overlaps with IHSS 155, which will be addressed as a separate action

In response to comments received from the regulatory agencies on July 9, 1999, this PAC Narrative update was submitted as part of an Interim Update to the HRR in August 2000 (K-H, 2000)

References

DOE, 1992, Historical Release Report for the Rocky Flats Plant, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, June

DOE, 1995, Final Phase I RFI/RI Report 903 Pad, Mound, and East Trenches Area, Operable Unit 2, RF/ER-95-0079 UN, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, October

DOE, 1995, Correspondence to J S Schieffelin (CDPHE) from K A Klein (DOE RFFO), RE RCRA Permit (91-09-30-01) Modification Request No 45 for expeditious closure of Unit 23, Building 952, November 9 1995

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DOE, 1996, Final Phase I RFI/RI Report Woman Creek Priority Drainage, Operable Unit 5, RF/ER-96-0012 UN, Rev 0, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, April

K-H, 2000, Historical Release Report (Interim Update) and Response to Comments for HRR Annual Updates (1997, 1998 & 1999), Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, August

PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: UBC SITE 123

IHSS Number

Not Applicable

Unit Name

Building 123 Under Building Contamination

Location

N749,000, E2,082,000 (Building 123)

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

No documentation was found that detailed the dates of occurrence Building 123 was first occupied in 1953 However, it is believed that leaks of process waste could have occurred from the start of operations up to approximately 1975

Description of Operation or Occurrence

Building 123 was located on Central Avenue, between Third and Fourth Streets The original building was constructed in 1953, with additions completed in 1968, 1972, and 1974 Building 123 housed the Site's Radiological Health Physics Laboratory, where water, biological materials, soil, air, and filter samples were analyzed for the presence of plutonium, americium, uranium, alpha, beta, and gamma radiation, tritium, beryllium, and organic constituents. In addition, personnel radiation badges were counted and repaired in Building 123. Radioactive sources, including cesium, were stored in belowgrade concrete pits. Low-level liquid and chemical wastes were generated and transferred to onsite treatment systems via the process waste transfer and collection system (DOE 1992). Portions of Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) Unit 40, including sumps and pipes, were part of UBC Site 123. Some of the underground process waste lines associated with Building 123 were abandoned in place and plugged with cement in 1982 (i.e., Original Process Waste Lines [OPWL]), while others remained in active use until laboratory operations were suspended in preparation for facility decommissioning (e.g., New Process Waste Lines [NPWL]). The process waste lines are shown on Figure 2.13.

Building 123 was decommissioned in 1998 in accordance with the Proposed Action Memorandum (PAM) for the decommissioning of Building 123 (RMRS 1998a). At that time, the building structure, along with the aboveground portions of the process waste system, was removed and the floor slab was sampled to assess areas of potential contamination. Contaminated portions of the slab that could not be decontaminated to meet the applicable unrestricted release criteria were encapsulated with epoxy paint to fix removable contamination and covered with steel plate.



In addition, the underground sumps, pipe chases, and process waste lines that ran from Room 156, through Rooms 157 and 158, to Valve Vault 18, were clean-closed in place in accordance with the Closure Plan for the Building 123 Components of RCRA Unit 40 (NPWL PAC 000-504) (RMRS 1997) Partial closure was certified by a Colorado-registered professional engineer on May 28, 1998 (RMRS 1998b) A contaminated sump, located in Room 125, was removed during decommissioning Final disposition of the building slab, underground sumps, process waste lines (including the abandoned lines), and source pits were deferred to the Environmental Restoration (ER) Program

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

Building 123, the Health Physics Laboratory, generated low-level radioactive waste as well as chemical wastes. The types of waste consisted of laboratory wastes from analysis of urine, fecal, and other bioassay samples. Process wastes reportedly leaked from the OPWL, including nitrate-bearing wastes that may have contained radionuclides. Unconfirmed reports of contaminant spills also were indicated in interviews with building employees. In the late 1960s or early 1970s, a cesium-contaminated liquid was reportedly spilled on the concrete floor in Room 109. The floor was immediately sealed to immobilize the contamination. Room 109 also contained source storage pits. Undocumented thorium research was performed in Room 105. Scoping surveys conducted in May through July 1997 revealed elevated levels of radioactivity in both Rooms 105 and 109. In-situ gamma spectroscopic measurements performed in August 1997 indicated the presence of cesium-137 and thallium-232 in Rooms 109 and 105, respectively (RMRS 1998c). Potential contaminants of concern (PCOCs) beneath the slab are uranium, plutonium, cesium, metals, and volatile organic compounds (VOCs) (DOE 2000a).

As described in Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan (IASAP) Addendum #IA-02-01 (DOE 2001b), PCOCs at UBC 123 were determined based on data collected during the characterization of UBC 123, as summarized in the Final Data Summary Report for the Characterization of UBCs 123 and 886 (DOE 2001b), and data collected during previous studies (DOE 2001c, DOE 2000b) These pre-accelerated action data, greater than background plus two standard deviations or method detection limits (MDLs), along with Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement (RFCA) Tier I and Tier II Action Levels (ALs) are shown on Figures 2 14 and 2 15 Because a sufficient number of samples were collected during previous studies to characterize UBC Site 123, additional characterization was not required Results from previous sampling and analysis of surface and subsurface soil at UBC 123 and IHSS 148 indicated that

- Lead was detected in subsurface soils above the Tier I AL at one location,
- Radionuclides and metals were detected at concentrations above background plus two standard deviations at UBC 123 and IHSS 148,
- An arsenic concentration exceeding the Tier II AL but below background was detected at one location in surface soil,
- A beryllium concentration exceeding the Tier II AL was detected at one location in surface soil, and
- Methylene chloride was detected in subsurface soil at levels slightly above the RFCA Tier II AL



Responses to Operation or Occurrence

The accelerated action included removal of the Building 123 slab, footers, source pits, manholes, sumps, process waste lines, and contaminated soil, as well as site reclamation. Activities were conducted between January 29 and April 18, 2002. Details are provided in the Draft Closeout Report for IHSS Groups 100-4 and 100-5 (DOE 2002a)

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Confirmation sampling and analysis were conducted, after excavation and before backfilling, to verify accelerated action goals. Confirmation sampling results indicate that all contaminant concentrations are less than RFCA Tier II ALs. Figure 2.16 and Table 2.18 present confirmation sampling results that are greater than background plus two standard deviations or MDLs, along with RFCA Tier I and Tier II ALs for reference.

Table 2.18 Confirmation Sampling Results Greater Than Background Plus Two Standard
Deviations or Method Detection Limits

Location Code	Analyte	Result (pCı/g)	Background Plus Two Standard Deviations (pC1/g)	1	Tier II AL (pCi/g)
BU38-0002	Uranium-238	1 66	1 49	103 00	506 00
BU38-0002	Uranium-238	1 66	1 49	103 00	506 00
BU38-0004	Uranium-235	0 20	0 12	24 00	113 00
	Uranium-238	1 68	1 49	103 00	506 00
BU38-0005	Americium-241	0 05	0 02	38 00	209 00
Central Point on Southern PWL	Uranium-238	1 55	1 49	103 00	506 00

- Tier II values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier II values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident
- Tier I values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier I values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

RCRA Unit Closure

The pipe chases and sumps in Rooms 156, 157, and 158, shown on Figure 2 17, were closed in accordance with the Closure Plan for Building 123 Components of RCRA Unit 40 (DOE 1997) but were not removed Closure of the sump in Room 125 and the underground pipe from Room 158 did not meet the closure performance standards (RMRS 1998b) and were deferred to ER remediation RCRA COCs at this location were metals and radionuclides

RCRA closure accelerated action objectives were to remove all sumps and process waste lines associated with RCRA Unit 40, shown on Figure 2 17, within the IHSS Group 100-4 Area of Concern (AOC) Sumps located in former Rooms 156, 157, and 158 were removed, along with more than 1 foot of soil around and beneath the sumps Pipelines between former Rooms 156 and 157 sump locations and more than 1 foot of soil around and beneath the pipelines was excavated Additionally, approximately 40 feet of associated 4-inch-diameter stainless steel pipeline was excavated Contamination was not detected on sumps or associated pipeline

Confirmation samples were collected from the soil beneath each sump location, and one was collected in the pipeline trench between the Room 156 and 157 sump locations. Confirmation sampling locations are BU38-0002, BU38-0003, BU38-0004, BU38-0005, BU38-0006, BU38-0007, BU38-0008 and the Central Point of Southern PWL. Soil samples were analyzed for

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radionuclides only because they could be used as an indication of sump or pipeline leaks. If elevated radionuclides were detected, additional analyses for metals would be required. As indicated in Table 2.19, americium-241 was slightly greater than background plus two standard deviations at one location, uranium-235 was slightly greater than background plus two standard deviations at one location, and uranium-238 was slightly greater than background plus two standard deviations at two locations. These data indicate that the sumps and pipelines had not leaked. Results for analytes greater than background plus two standard deviations are shown on Figure 2.16 and summarized in Table 2.19.

RCRA Unit 40 process waste lines were excavated and removed from the sumps to Manhole (MH)-2 The remaining pipeline south of MH-2 to Valve Vault 18 could not be removed because of infrastructure constraints. The location of this pipeline is shown on Figure 2.18 The sump (waste pumping station) in Room 125 was removed during decontamination and decommissioning (D&D) of the building. The following portions of RCRA Unit 40 were removed.

- Sumps in former Rooms 156, 157, and 158 and associated pipelines, and
- Process waste line from the sumps to MH-2

Residual Contamination

Accelerated actions for UBC-123 consisted of excavation of OPWL, NPWL, source pits, sumps, one RFCA Tier I lead exceedance, and one RFCA Tier I SVOC SOR exceedance Residual contamination, consisting of confirmation sampling locations and pre-accelerated action sampling locations that were not remediated at UBC-123 are summarized in Table 2 19 and shown on Figure 2 19 Pipelines that were not removed during the accelerated action are shown on Figure 2 20 Pipeline ends were grouted Additional removal actions beyond ER RSOP Notification #IA-02-01 accelerated action goals (DOE 2002b) were not required at IHSS 100-4 because of the following

- Residual radionuclide activities in subsurface soil were less than RFCA Tier II ALs and only
 slightly greater than background plus two standard deviations,
- Residual lead concentrations in subsurface soil were less than Tier II ALs and only slightly
 greater than background plus two standard deviations,
- Residual SVOC concentrations were less than Tier II ALs and only slightly greater than MDLs, and the Tier II SOR was less than 1, Radionuclide activities in surface soil were less than Tier II ALs and only slightly greater than background plus two standard deviations (DOE 2002b),
- Beryllium concentration in surface soil, outside of UBC 123, IHSS 148, and PAC 100-611 but within the AOC, at only one location and was 0 16 mg/kg greater than the RFCA Tier II AL, and
- Methylene chloride concentrations in subsurface soil, outside of UBC 123, IHSS 148, and PAC 100-611 but within the AOC, were greater than the RFCA Tier II AL at 6 locations Methylene chloride does not pose a significant risk at these concentrations. Additionally, methylene chloride was found in laboratory blanks associated with the data set

Figure 2.17 UBC 123 RCRA Unit 40 Central Avenue 114 0 Addition 1972 Rm 125 Sump 156 157 158 Addition 1968 RCRA Unit 40 MH-4 100-603 100-611 123S Valve Vault 18 To T-2 Manhole
Waste Pumping Station
Sump IHSS 121 IHSS 148 — P2 — P3 ☐ Pit RCRA Unit 40

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Table 2.19 Residual Contamination at UBC-123

notation .	Ansivte	Media	Residual	Units	Background	MDL	Tier I AL	Tier II AL
			Concentration		Plus Two		(pCi/g)	(pCvg)
					Deviations			
BU38-0005	Amencium-241	Subsurface Soil	90 0	pCv/g	0 02	NA	209	38
BU39-0004	Americium-241	Subsurface Soil	0 08	pCI/g	0 02	NA	509	38
Eastern Process Line	Americium-241	Subsurface Soil	0 13	pCi/g	0 02	AN	209	38
Eastern Process Line	Plutonium-239/24	Subsurface Soil	90 0	pCi/g	0 02	NA	1,088	252
Northern Process Line	Plutonium-239/24	Subsurface Soil	0 11	pCi/g	0 02	ΝΑ	1,088	252
SS306893	Americium-241	Surface Soil	0 03	pC//g	0 02	NA	215	38
SS306793	Americium-241	Surface Soil	0 12	pCi/g	0 02	NA	215	38
	Beryllium	Surface Soil	1 20	mg/kg	26 0	NA	104	1
	Cobalt	Surface Soil	28 70	mg/kg	10 91	NA	115,000	115,000
SS307093	Americium-241	Surface Soil	0 03	pC//g	0 02	NA	215	38
	Copper	Surface Soil	25 10	mg/kg	18 06	NA	71,100	71,100
	Lead	Surface Soil	152 00	mg/kg	54 62	NA	1,000	1,000
	Plutonium-239/240	Surface Soil	0 16	6/Od	0 02	NA	1,429	252
	Zinc	Surface Soil	113 00	mg/kg	73 76	NA	576,000	576,000
SS307293	Cobalt	Surface Soil	11 30	mg/kg	10 91	NA	115,000	115,000
	Americium-241	Surface Soil	0 05	pCi/g	0 02	NA	215	38
SS307393	Americium-241	Surface Soil	0 03	pC/g	0 02	NA	215	38
	Copper	Surface Soil	22 70	mg/kg	18 06	NA	71,100	71,100
	Lead	Surface Soil	128 00	mg/kg	54 62	NA	1,000	1,000
	Plutonium-239/240	Surface Soil	0 17	pCI/g	0 02	¥	1429	252
	Zinc	Surface Soil	134 00	mg/kg	73 76	NA	576,000	576,000
SS307593	Americium-241	Surface Soil	0 02	bCı/g	0 02	NA	215	38
	Lead	Surface Soil	165 00	mg/kg	54 62	¥	1,000	1,000
	Zinc	Surface Soil	85 50	mg/kg	73 76	ΑĀ	576,000	576,000
SS307693	Americium-241	Surface Soil	0 19	pCI/g	0 02	NA	215	38
	Banum	Surface Soil	203 00	mg/kg	141 26	ΑĀ	133,000	133,000
	Copper	Surface Soil	19 80	mg/kg	18 06	ΝA	71,100	71,100
	Strontium	Surface Soil	94 70	mg/kg	48 94	¥	1,000,000	1,000,000
	Uranıum-238	Surface Soil	2 14	pCI/g	2 00	¥.	566	103

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Location	Analyte	Media	Residual	Units	Background	MDL	(nC1/g)	(pC1/g)
			Concentration		Standard Deviations			à
	Zinc	Surface Soil	133 00	mg/kg	73.76	AA	576,000	576,000
70 0 000	Acetone	Subsurface Soil	23	ug/kg	NA	13	27,200,000	272,000
70-2-00	Methylene Chlonde	Subsurface Soil	25	ng/kg	NA	9	578	9
	his (2. Ethylhexyl) ohthalate	Subsurface Soil	1200	ug/kg	NA	340	311,000,000	3,110,000
	Conner Total	Subsurface Soil	182	ng/kg	38 21	0 10	71,100	71,100
-	Methylene Chlonde	Subsurface Soil	7 00	ug/kg	NA	ဖ	578	9
	Acetone	Subsurface Soil	30 00	µg/kg	NA NA	13	27,200,000	272,000
	Naothalene	Subsurface Soil	13 00	µg/kg	NA	11	10,100,000	101,000
10	1.2.4-Trichlorobenzene	Subsurface Soil	00 9	ug/kg	NA A	5	433,000	4,330
1.5	Acetone	Subsurface Soil	00 69	µg/kg	ΑN	ည	27,200,000	272,000
	Ris(2-Ethylhexyl)phthalate	Subsurface Soil	90 00	µg/kg	NA	9	311,000,000	3,110,000
	Methylene Chlonde	Subsurface Soil	34 00	µg/kg	NA	5	578	9
	Nanthalene	Subsurface Soil	13 00	µg/kg	NA NA	11	10,100,000	101,000
	1 Iraniim-235	Subsurface Soil	020	bC/Q	0 12	ΑN	135	24
13	Carbon Tetrachloride	Subsurface Soil	11 00	µg/kg	NA	9	3,560	36
2	Methylene Chloride	Subsurface Soil	34 00	ng/kg	AA	2	578	9
	Nanthalene	Subsurface Soil	16 00	ug/kg	NA	=	10,100,000	101,000
0,7	Acatona	Subsurface Soil	900	ua/ka	NA A	5	27,200,000	272,000
10	Repro/s)nyrana	Subsurface Soil	760 00	ug/kg	NA	730	701,000	7,010
	Flucianthana	Subsurface Soil	1500 00	ug/kg	NA	730	537,000,000	5,370,000
	Pyrene	Subsurface Soil	1300 00	µg/kg	NA	730	397,000,000	3,970,000
17	Acetone	Subsurface Soil	8 00	µg/kg	NA	9	27,200,000	272,000
	Plutonium-239/240	Subsurface Soil	0 03	bCi/g	0 02	NA	1,429	252
420	Acetone	Subsurface Soil	18 00	hg/kg	NA	2	27,200,000	272,000
2	Fluoranthene	Subsurface Soil	1200 00	ug/kg	NA	710	537,000,000	5,370,000
	Naothalene	Subsurface Soil	10 00	µg/kg	NA	2	10,100,000	101,000
	Phitopiim-239/240	Subsurface Soil	60 0	pC/g	20 0	NA	1,429	252
	Pyrene	Subsurface Soil	1100 00	µg/kg	AA	710	397,000,000	3,970,000
10	Napthalene	Subsurface Soil	10 00	µg/kg	NA	2	10,100,000	101,000

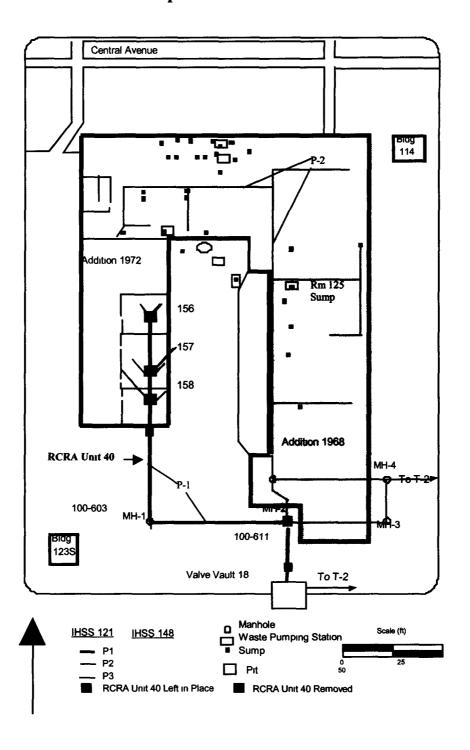
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20 Acetone 21 Plutonium-239/240 22 Americium-241 3 Americium-241	Subsurface Soil Subsurface Soil Subsurface Soil	99 00 0 13	ua/ka	Standard			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
		0 13		NA	9	27,200,000	272,000
	Subsurface Soil		pCi/g	0 02	A A	1,429	252
	Substition Soil	0 10	pCi/g	0 02	ΑA	215	38
		010	pCi/g	0 02	Ā	215	38
rinoranthene	Subsurface Soil	410 00	µg/kg	NA	360	537,000,000	5,370,000
Pyrene	Subsurface Soil	420 00	ng/kg	AA	360	397,000,000	3,970,000
4 Fluoranthene	Subsurface Soil	480 00	µg/kg	AN	350	537,000,000	5,370,000
Pyrene	Subsurface Soil	540 00	µg/kg	AA	350	397,000,000	3,970,000
8 Fluoranthene	Subsurface Soil	810 00	ug/kg	NA A	370	537,000,000	5,370,000
Pyrene	Subsurface Soil	740 00	µg/kg	ΑΝ	370	397,000,000	3,970,000
HDD-2-01 Methylene Chloride	Subsurface Soil	29 00	µg/kg	ΝΑ	9	578	9

Tier il values for nonradionucildes represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity. Tier il values for radionucildes are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident. Tier i values for nonradionucildes represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity. Tier i values for radionucildes are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident.

Figure 2.18
RCRA Unit 40 Pipeline Removed and Left in Place





Site Reclamation

All excavated areas were backfilled and revegetated after confirmation sampling results were received and discussed with regulatory agencies through the consultative process. Excavated soil with radionuclide concentrations less than RFCA Tier II ALs was used as backfill in the trench that it was removed from. Additionally, 32 end-dump loads of topsoil from offsite sources were used to bring excavated areas up to grade

The UBC-123 project area was rough graded before the topsoil was distributed over the site. The topsoil was graded, then scarified, and a seed mix consisting of Canada bluegrass was spread over the site using broadcast seeding methods. Hydromulch was applied to conserve moisture and prevent seed erosion.

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

Sumps and process waste lines within UBC 123 were excavated and packaged for disposal Confirmation sampling results for the soil beneath the sumps and process waste lines indicated all contaminant concentrations were less than RFCA Tier II ALs Therefore, there is no actual or potential risk to human health or the environment

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

Based upon characterization sample results collected in accordance with the IASAP Addendum #IA-02-01 (DOE 2001b), no potential contaminant or residual contaminant source could be identified Residual analytical soil concentrations for COCs are shown on Table 2 19 as well as Figure 2 19 (UBC 123) Therefore, in accordance with RFCA (DOE 1996) UBC 123 is proposed for No Further Action at this time

Comments

None

References

DOE, 1992, Historical Release Report for the Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, September

DOE, 1997, Closure Plan for Building 123 Components of RCRA Unit 40, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO

DOE, 2000a, Final Sampling and Analysis Plan for the Characterization of Under Building Contamination for UBC 123 and Building 886 Implementing Horizontal Directional Drilling and Environmental Measurement While Drilling, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, Colorado, May



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DOE, 2000b, Industrial Area Data Summary Report, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September

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DOE, 2001b, Final Data Summary Report for the Characterization of UBCs 123 and 886, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September

DOE, 2001c, Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, June

DOE, 2002a, Draft Closeout Report for IHSS Groups 100-4 and 100-5, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

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RMRS, 1997, Closure Plan for the Building 123 Components of RCRA Unit 40, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, November

RMRS, 1998a, Proposed Action Memorandum for the Decommissioning of Building 123, RF/RMRS-97-012, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, March

RMRS, 1998b, Closure Certification for the Building 123 Components of RCRA Unit 40, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, May

RMRS, 1998c, Final Close-Out Report, Building 123 Decommissioning Project RF/RMRS-98-253 UN, Rev 0, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO September



PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: UBC 125

IHSS Number

Not Applicable

Unit Name

Building 125 UBC

Approximate Location

N748,990, E2,081,475

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

In Service Date 1963 - 2002

Description of Operation or Occurrence

Building 125 housed the Standards Laboratories, as well as offices for Metrology management personnel. The Standards Laboratories provided analytical standards for the onsite laboratories and provided calibration and maintenance of metrology standards for Measurement and Test Equipment (M&TE) used at the Site. After calibration, M&TE was returned to the appropriate user groups

The only Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA)-regulated hazardous waste routinely produced in Building 125 consisted of lithium, nickel cadmium, and mercury batteries, which were generated in the electrical calibration process and accumulated in a 90-day collection area. In addition, used fluorescent bulbs, incandescent bulbs, and lead-acid batteries were accumulated. Fluorescent bulbs and incandescent bulbs were removed by utilities and maintenance workers and taken to an approved 90-day collection area. Lead-acid batteries were collected and sent to Waste Operations Property Utilization and Disposal PU&D for recycling Infrequent, nonroutine RCRA hazardous wastes that were produced included waste mercury and wipes contaminated with mercury (from the Vacuum, Moisture, and Pressure Laboratories), and waste Freon generated by cleaning the inside of pressure gages (from the Pressure Laboratory)

A number of nonhazardous wastes were generated in the building. These included office and laboratory trash, waste gloves, and wipes used to clean dirt and lubricants from M&TE. Wipes contaminated with equipment lubricant were generated on a nonroutine basis. Antifreeze was used in a humidity controller that required replacement every 1 or 2 years. Waste filters were produced during maintenance of the building's domestic water supply and heating, ventilating, and air conditioning systems. Sediment occasionally accumulated in the cooling tower located on the western exterior side of the building and required periodic cleanout by Maintenance personnel.

Ethyl alcohol was used for cleaning M&TE in processes where the solvents were allowed to evaporate to the atmosphere. The limited use of these solvents was required when precision surfaces had to be residue- and corrosion-free. Because the solvents would evaporate in the cleaning process, no RCRA-regulated waste was produced.



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Compressed gases used by the Standards Laboratories contained Zero Grade compressed air or atmospheric gases, either in pure form or mixed in various ratios. Depending on the application, the gases were either incorporated into gas standards or released to the atmosphere. Depleted compressed gas cylinders were managed by the Logistics group in Building 552 and did not constitute a waste stream for Building 125.

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

During the Historical Site Assessment (HSA) process for the decontamination and decommissioning (D&D) of Building 125, several individuals who worked in the facility over the past 10 to 15 years were interviewed. They were asked what they knew and/or were told of historical releases in and around the building. The interviews concluded that several small mercury spills occurred within Building 125 and were all less than one-half of the reportable quantity (RQ) of 1 pound. Interviews were once again conducted with site personnel in preparation for the Reconnaissance-Level Characterization Report (RLCR), Group 10 Cluster D&D project. There was noted corroboration between the two separate interview sets regarding these mercury spills

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

The mercury releases were localized in the vicinity of the work areas and controlled by the workers until a thorough, visually inspected cleanup was performed. In some instances, the Fire Department was called to assist with the cleanup. In several cases, the releases did not make it to the floor (i.e., mercury was released in cabinets or on countertops). On one occasion, mercury was released to the concrete slab on the South dock. During this incident, the mercury was immediately controlled and remediated by the Fire Department. All of the releases were cleaned up to the point that residual mercury was not visible, and at most was detectable by a mercury vapor analyzer. Further, the response to and cleanup of these releases was immediate (within 2 hours) and, for this reason, no intrusive sampling of the concrete was specified for the Group 10, Type 1 Facility RLCR.

During reconnaissance sampling in support of the RLCR, it was decided to use a Jerome Model 431 Mercury Vapor Analyzer (Serial #431-1710, last calibrated on May 29, 2001) to analyze for potential residual mercury vapors (in the parts per billion [ppb] range) from the areas identified during the interviews as having had a mercury release. The instrument was zeroed and operated per instructions. Readings at exact locations of known mercury releases were zero milligram per cubic meter (0 000mg/m3, where 1 mg/m³ Mercury vapor equals 0 122 ppm). The readings obtained above zero (0 000 mg/m³) were at or near the instrument's sensitivity limit of 0 003 mg/m³, and those readings were only accurate to +/-5% (based upon 0 100 mg/m³). Thus, all readings were essentially zero

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

With regard to the releases of mercury within Building 125, the chemical and physical properties of mercury indicate it would not likely migrate beyond the tile seams, which are in very good

condition and do not appear to have been compromised. In the unlikely event that mercury may have migrated through the tile flooring, it would have to penetrate the underlying mastic before reaching the concrete slab. Because mercury does not absorb into concrete, nor does it cut or penetrate concrete media, the potential for UBC at Building 125 is remote. In addition, there are no other known releases or hazardous spills associated with Building 125 and no original or new process waste lines associated with the facility.

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

In accordance with Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement (RFCA) Attachment 6 (DOE, 1996), UBC 125 was recommended for No Further Action (NFA) The mercury spills discussed in this narrative are what created the UBC potential for the building in the Historical Release Report (HRR) process (DOE 1992) The mercury spills were cleaned up and no other potential source(s) of contamination can be identified. Upon acceptance of this NFA (refer State HR #33 in Appendix 1), Building 125 was demolished

Comments

UBC 125 was initially identified in the original HRR (DOE 1992)

Building 125 was demolished under the D&D Program in Fiscal Year 2002 Sampling and monitoring were conducted within Building 125 in accordance with the RLCP contained in the Decontamination and Decommissioning Characterization Protocol (DDCP, MAN-077-DDCP) A detailed sampling package and report for the Building 125 Cluster was completed and submitted to the regulatory agencies and the Administrative Record (AR) The Agencies concurred with the NFA designation on April 2, 2002 and the building was demolished in September of 2002

References

DOE, 1992, Historical Release Report for the Rocky Flats Plant, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, June

DOE, 1996, Final Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement, Department of Energy, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July

KH, 2001, Reconnaissance Level Characterization Packages (RLCP) for the Building 125 Cluster, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September



PAC REFERENCE NUMBER: UBC 889

IHSS Number

Not Applicable

Unit Name

Building 889 UBC, including Tank 28

Location

N749,000, E2,084,000 (Building 889)

Date(s) of Operation or Occurrence

1969 to the late 1980s

Description of Operation or Occurrence

Building 889 was placed into service in 1969 Building 889 housed decontamination and waste reduction operations for wastes originating outside the Protected Area (PA) Wastes entering Building 889 included surplus equipment that would be decontaminated by steam cleaning for reuse onsite or sale offsite. High-efficiency particulate air (HEPA) filters, combustible wastes, and non-reusable equipment were compacted, placed in crates, and shipped offsite for disposal

Building 889 contained two concrete sumps within the concrete slab The sumps were designated as Tank 28 and were connected to the Original Process Waste Lines (OPWL), which ran to Tank 40 (refer to PAC 000-121, Tank 40 Narrative in this document)

Physical/Chemical Description of Constituents Released

As described in Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan (IASAP) Addendum #IA-02-01 (DOE 2001), potential contaminants of concern (PCOCs) at UBC 889 were determined based on process knowledge, and included uranium, metals, volatile organic compounds (VOCs), and semivolatile organic compounds (SVOCs) No historical data could be found for UBC 889

Responses to Operation or Occurrence

The accelerated action included removal of the Building 889 slab, footer walls, footers, sumps, tanks, and waste lines, as well as site grading and vegetation. The two Tank 28 sumps were removed. Activities were conducted between April 19 and July 18, 2002. Details are provided in the Draft Closeout Report for IHSS Group 800-6 (DOE 2002).



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Soil samples were collected and analyzed after the building slab, foundation, sumps, tanks and waste lines had been removed. Sampling locations are shown on Figure 2.21. Tables 2.20 and 2.21 summarize sampling results for subsurface and surface soil, respectively, associated with Building 889. The summary includes results associated with the two Tank 28 sumps, because they were located within the Building 889 footprint. Table 2.22 summarizes sampling results for subsurface soil associated with just the two Tank 28 sumps. No surface soil samples associated with Tank 28 could be collected. As indicated in all three tables, no contaminant concentrations exceeded Rocky Flats Cleanup Agreement (RFCA) Tier II action levels (ALs)

Fate of Constituents Released to Environment

Slabs, footer walls, footers, sumps, tanks, and waste lines within UBC 889 were excavated and packaged for disposal Sampling results from the soil beneath the removed items indicated that all contaminant concentrations were less than RFCA Tier II ALs Therefore, there is no actual or potential risk to human health or the environment

Action/No Further Action Recommendation

Based on the actions taken and sampling results, no further action is justified Soil concentrations are below RFCA Tier II ALs

Comments

None



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Table 2.20 UBC 889 Subsurface Soil Sampling Summary Statistics

Analyte Name	Total Samples Collected	Total Samples > Bkgrd or RL	Maximum Result	Tier I AL	Tier II AL	Bkgrd Level	Unit
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	24	2	99	433,000	4,330	NA	ug/kg
1,2-Dichloropropane	12	-	22	1,130	113	NA	ug⁄kg
2-Butanone	12	-	10			NA	ug/kg
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	12	-	55			AN	ug/kg
Acetone	12	7	820	27,200,000	272,000	Ϋ́Α	ug⁄kg
Benzo(a)anthracene	12	2	77	160,000	1600	NA	ug/kg
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	12	4	1,100	311,000,000	3,110,000	AA	ug/kg
Calcium	12	4	291,000			39,382 27	mg/kg
Carbon disulfide	12	-	34	988,000	088'6	NA	ug/kg
Chromium	12		88 1	44,300	4,410	68 27	mg/kg
Chrysene	12	2	93	16,000,000	160,000	NA	ug/kg
Copper	12	4	69 2	71,100	71,100	38 21	mg/kg
Fluoranthene	12	2	160	537,000,000	5,370 000	NA	ug/kg
Magnesium	12	3	12,000			9,315 44	mg/kg
Mercury	12	-	49	576	576	1 52	mg/kg
Methylene chloride	12	-		578	5 78	AA	ug/kg
Naphthalene	24	3	530	10,100,000	101,000	NA	ug/kg
Phenanthrene	12	3	120			NA NA	ug/kg
Phenol	12	-	160	3,750,000	37,500	NA	ug/kg
Pyrene	12	3	160	397,000,000	3,970,000	ΨN	ug/kg
Sodium	12	4	3,180			1,251 24	mg/kg
Strontium	12	2	268	1,000,000	1,000,000	211 38	mg/kg
Tetrachloroethene	12	2	27	3,150	315	AA	ug/kg
Toluene	12	1	0 94	707,000	7,070	NA AN	ug/kg
Uranium-235	12	8	0 308	113	24	0 12	pCi/g
Uranium-238	12	7	53	206	103	1 49	pCI/g
Vanadium	12	-	908	13,400	13,400	88 49	mg/kg
Xylenes (total)	12	-	82	9,740,000	97,400	NA	ug/kg
Bkgrd – background Rt. – renorting limit	Tier II values for nonn Tier II values for radio	adionuclides represent either 1 nuclides are based on an annu	Tier II values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E-06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity. Tier II values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose timit of 15 mem to a hypothetical future resident.	idex of 1 for noncarcinog stical future resident	enic toxicity		

RL - reporting limit

Tier il values for radionucides are based on an arrural dose ilmit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident
 Tier i values for nonradionucides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
 Tier i values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

Table 2.21 UBC 889 Surface Soil Sampling Summary Statistics

Analyte Name	Total Samples Collected	Total Samples Greater Than Bkgrd or RL	Maximum Result	Tier I Action Level	Tier II Action Level	Bkgrd Level	Unit
Barıum	5	1	194	133,000	133,000	141 26	mg/kg
Calcium	5	5	39,400			4,467	mg/kg
Chromium	5	3	20 1	44,300	4,410	16 99	mg/kg
Cobalt	5	1	114	115,000	115,000	10 91	mg/kg
Copper	5	3	73	71,100	71,100	18 06	mg/kg
Iron	5	3	31,300	576,000	576,000	18,037	mg/kg
Magnesium	5	4	11,400			2,849 3	mg/kg
Manganese	5	4	803	83,600	83,600	365 08	mg/kg
Nickel	5	4	24 6	38,400	38,400	14 91	mg/kg
Sodium	5	5	2,450			91 84	mg/kg
Strontium	5	5	131	1,000,000	1,000,000	48 94	mg/kg
Vanadium	5	3	76 9	13,400	13,400	45 59	mg/kg
Zinc	5	1	391	576,000	576,000	73 76	mg/kg

Bkgrd - background RL - reporting limit

Tier II values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity

Tier II values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident

Tier I values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity. Tier I values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident.

Table 2.22 Tank 28 Subsurface Soil Sampling Summary Statistics

Analyte Name	Total Samples Collected	Total Samples Greater Than Bkgrd or RL	Maximum Result	Tier I Action Level	Action Level	Bkgrd Level	Result Unit
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	10	1	6 6	433,000	4,330	NA	ug/kg
1,2-Dichloropropane	5	1	2 2	1,130	11 3	NA	ug/kg
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone	5	1	5 5			NA	ug/kg
Acetone	5	4	820	27,200,000	272,000	NA	ug/kg
Bis(2-ethylhexyl)phthalate	5	2	160	311,000,000	3,110,000	NA	ug/kg
Calcium	5	3	291,000			39,382 27	mg/kg
Carbon disulfide	5	1	3 4	988,000	9,880	NA	ug/kg
Naphthalene	10	2	530	10,100,000	101,000	NA	ug/kg
Phenol	5	1	160	3,750,000	37,500	NA	ug/kg
Strontium	5	2	268	1,000,000	1,000,000	211 38	mg/kg
Tetrachloroethene	5	3	27	3,150	31 5	NA	ug/kg
Uranium-235	5	5	0 308	113	24	0 12	pCı/g
Uranıum-238	5	4	5 3	506	103	1 49	pCı/g
Xylenes (total)	5	1	82	9,740,000	97,400	NA	ug/kg

Bkgrd -- background

RL - reporting limit

- Tier II values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+06 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier II values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 15 mrem to a hypothetical future resident
- Tier I values for nonradionuclides represent either 1E+04 carcinogenic risk or a hazard index of 1 for noncarcinogenic toxicity
- Tier I values for radionuclides are based on an annual dose limit of 85 mrem to a hypothetical future resident



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References

DOE 2001b, Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan Addendum #IA-02-01, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, November

DOE, 2002, Draft Closeout Report for IHSS Group 800-6, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September

SECTION 3.0 OTHER SIGNIFICANT EVENTS (TO DATE)

30 INTRODUCTION

Section 3 describes specific events, occurrences, and projects that have taken place during the reporting period for this Annual Update The event descriptions are brief summaries and may be useful for future projects and support of the Site's closure

3 1 CDPHE Buffer Zone Contamination Report (BZCR)

The 2001 Annual Update to the Historical Release Report (DOE 2001a) documented the final agreements made regarding 15 remaining areas identified by the CDPHE Buffer Zone Contamination Report (BZCR) as being of potential environmental concern. At a January 10, 2002 meeting, agreements were reached to resolve concerns for the remaining BZCR sites identified by CDPHE.

This summary provides the BZCR site status Except for Site 2 (Lindsay Ranch), the sites requiring further action have been sampled in accordance with an approved Sampling and Analysis Approach (K-H 2002a) Table 3.1 lists the BZCR locations and specific sampling requirements which were agreed to during several meetings with the regulatory agencies

Analytical results from this investigation are currently being evaluated and compared to RFCA ALs in accordance with RFCA Attachment 5 (DOE, et al. 1996). Miscellaneous debris from the Plant security force exercises at the Lindsay Ranch (BZCR Site 2) was cleaned up on August 20, 2002. Further action, including sampling, at this site is not warranted based upon prior agreements made with the regulatory agencies.

With respect to analytical data from sampling activities at other BZCR sites, only Site 31 (Figure 3 1) has undergone the RFCA AL comparison (Figure 3 2). There were no RFCA Tier II AL exceedances at this location as shown on Figure 3. It should be noted that BZCR Site 31 overlaps with PAC 300-700 (see Plate 2). The regulatory agencies concurred NFA for PAC 300-700 on February 14, 2002 (see Appendix 1). Final data assessment of the remaining BZCR Sites listed in Table 3.1 will be dispositioned with the regulatory agencies upon final review of the data and comparison to RFCA ALs.



Table 3.1 Buffer Zone Contamination Report Locations

Site ID	Sampling Method	Depth	Number of Sampling Locations	PCOC Parameters	Comments
BZCR Site 2	NA	NA	NA	NA	Debris from the Plant security exercises at the Lindsay Ranch site will be picked up
BZCR Site 6a	Surface Grab	0" – 6"	3	Metals (total) Gamma Spec	Photo 3
BZCR Site 6b	Surface Grab	0" – 6"	5	Metals (total) Gamma Spec	Photo 3 (Note This site will be investigated under the BZSAP for IHSS 216 3)
BZCR Site 7	Surface Grab	0" – 6"	5	Metals (total) Gamma Spec	Photo 6
BZCR Site 8	Surface/Subsurface Geoprobe or Hand Auger	0" – 6'	5	Metals (total) Gamma Spec	Photo 6 (2 foot composites)
BZCR Site 9	Surface Grab	0" – 6"	5	Metals (total) Gamma Spec PCBs	Photo 10 (Note overlap of Sites 7 and 8)
BZCR Site 12	Surface Grab	0" – 6"	5	Metals (total) VOCs PCBs Gamma Spec	Photo 3
BZCR Site 14	Surface Grab	0" – 6"	5	Metals (total) Gamma Spec	Photo 4
BZCR Site 16	Surface Grab	0" – 6"	5	Metals (total) Gamma Spec	
BZCR Site 19	Surface Grab	0" – 6"	3	Metals (total) Photo 8 Gamma Spec	
BZCR Site 28	Surface Grab	0" – 6"	5	Metals (total) Gamma Spec	Sediment in drainage (Photo 8)
BZCR Site 31	Geoprobe	0" – 15'	3	Metals (total) Gamma Spec	Photo 2 (Depth integrated 5 foot composite)
BZCR Site 32	Surface Grab	0"-6"	5	Metals (total) Gamma Spec	Multiple photos
BZCR Site 33a	Surface Grab	0"-6"	3	Metals (total) Gamma Spec	Multiple photos
BZCR Site 33b	Surface Grab	0" – 6"	3	Metals (total) Gamma Spec	Multiple photos

Total metals by SW846 Method 6010 Total VOCs by SW846 Method 8260 PCBs by SW846 Method 8082



Table 3.2 Analytical Data for BZCR Site 31

Analyte Name	Total Samples Collected	Maximum Result	Units	Tier I (mg/kg)	Tier II (mg/kg)	Mean Plus Two Standard Deviations
Subsurface Soil						
Cadmium	25	18	mg/kg	1,920	1,920	17
Chromium	25	91 5	mg/kg	44,300	4,410	68 27
Lead	25	38 6	mg/kg	1,000	1,000	24 97
Uranium-235	26	0 298	pCı/g	113	24	0 12
Uranium-238	26	3 88	pCı/g	506	103	1 49
Surface Soil						
Uranium-235	3	0 231	pCı/g	135	24	0 0939
Uranium-238	3	2 27	pCı/g	586	103	2
Copper	3	21 2	mg/kg	71,100	71,100	7

3 2 Operable Unit 1–IHSS 119 1 (July 31, 2001)

A major Modification to the OU 1 CAD/ROD (DOE 2001b) was submitted to EPA and CDPHE for approval in January 2001 for a modification to the selected remedy for IHSS 119 1 as identified in the original OU 1 CAD/ROD (DOE 1997). The Modification included continuation of groundwater extraction and treatment from the OU 1 collection well for a period of 1 year after signing the CAD/ROD Modification, and groundwater monitoring at IHSS 119 1 consistent with the RFETS Integrated Monitoring Program (IMP). The major Modification was signed by the regulatory agencies in February 2001.

The collection well was sampled quarterly Table 3 3 shows monthly volumes of water treated for the period of January through December 2001 VOC analytes above detection limits from the four 2001 samples are reported in Table 3 4 Figure 3 2 shows the behavior of trichloroethene (TCE) concentrations relative to time. This graph is the updated version of the graph in the OU 1 CAD/ROD Modification. There was a small spike in TCE concentrations in the September sample, however, concentrations did not exceed Tier I ALs. Based on historical data, this increase in concentration is likely attributable to dry conditions, is an anomalous laboratory result, or could be an outlier.



Table 3.3 Volume of Groundwater Collected From the OU 1 Collection Wells

Month (in 2001)	Volume of Water Collected (gallons)
January	1,010
February	780
March	645
Aprıl	745
May	750
June	1,330
July	970
August	940
September	695
October	705
November	645
December	410
Total	9,625

Table 3.4 OU 1 Collection Well Analytical Results for 2001 Sampling Events

Analyte	Concentration (μg/l)	RFCA Groundwater Tier II Action Levels (µg/l)
1,1,2-Trichlorotrifluoroethane	ND - 3 J	NA
1,1-Dichloroethene	10 JD - 23	7
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND - 3 J	200
Carbon tetrachloride	10 J - 20 J	5
Chloroform	ND - 1 J	100
Methylene chloride	ND - 81 BD	5
Tetrachloroethene	28 - 33	5
Trichloroethene	300 - 420	5

D = Diluted Sample

J = Detected at concentrations below the detection limit for this analysis



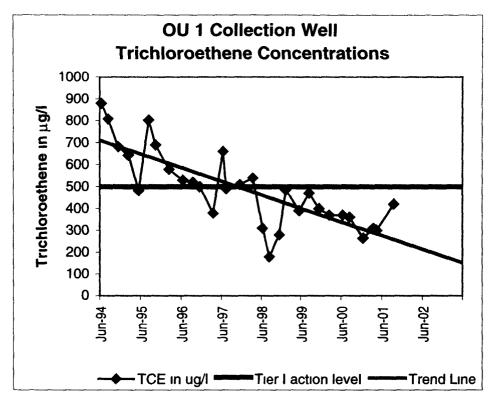


Figure 3.2 Trichloroethene Concentrations Relative to Time

Per the CAD/ROD Modification and based on the analytical data, beginning in April 2002, water from the collection well is no longer being collected. This is consistent with the modified CAD/ROD, which states that the collection well will be operated for 1 year after the signing of the final Modification (DOE 2001b). Also per the modified CAD/ROD, monitoring of the collection well will continue in order to verify that levels stay below RFCA Tier I ALs.

3 3 IHSSs SW-115 and SW-196 - The Original Landfill

The RFI/RI for the Original Landfill (OLF), issued in 1996, indicated that the site posed negligible risk to human health or the environment. As a lower-priority site, the OLF received little attention until recently under a RFCA Interim Measure/Interim Remedial Action (IM/IRA). Decision Document to assess remediation alternatives. In the process of clarifying the objectives of the accelerated action, it became evident that stabilizing the hillside slope would be a priority of any option that leaves the waste fill in its current location. These alternatives included

- 1 No further action,
- 2 Slope stabilization by regrading and installing a groundwater diversion system and cover,
- 3 Slope stabilization by installing buttress walls and installing a groundwater diversion system, and cover, and
- 4 Excavation and disposal (with options for both offsite and on-site disposal)



Most alternatives are complicated by the Preble's meadow jumping mouse (PMJM) Protection Area, which extends well into the OLF and requires that construction be phased and scheduled to avoid or minimize ecological impacts. Jurisdictional wetlands are found within the OLF boundaries. After extensive discussion and consideration, an approach was accepted by CDPHE, EPA, and the USFWS to revise the IM/IRA. The IM/IRA will undergo a 45-day public review period currently scheduled for early 2003. Fieldwork will follow design efforts in early 2004 and is scheduled for completion in 2005.

3 4 Closure of the Solar Evaporation Ponds (IHSS 000-101)

Closure of the Solar Evaporation Ponds (SEP) at RFETS, is proposed under alternative RCRA Interim Status closure requirements found in 6 CCR 1007-3, 265 110(d), because a release from the SEP has occurred and releases from other units in the area of the SEP have also contributed to this contamination. This alternative approach allows contamination from these units within this area to be evaluated as one Area of Concern (AOC), and allows RCRA closure using a risk-based analysis and compliance with the closure performance standards in 6 CCR 1007-3, 265 111(a) and (b) A risk assessment was performed based on identified COCs within the AOC, these findings are included in a Proposed Action Memorandum (PAM)

The risk assessment included an evaluation of existing soil and pond liner material analytical data stored in electronic format in the RFETS environmental Soil Water Database (SWD). The data were collected during previous Phase I field investigations and site-wide sampling programs. These data were screened and COCs were selected and evaluated to determine the risk posed to future human wildlife refuge workers (WRW). Based on the results of the risk assessment, the cumulative hazard index (HI) for noncarcinogenic health effects 0.04, well below the accepted cutoff of 1. The total cancer risk to a WRW due to RCRA constituents is below 1 excess cancer case per 1 million exposed individuals (1E-06) at 4E-07. The total cancer risk to a WRW due to radionuclides is 3E-06, with the major contributor to risk being americium-241 and uranium-238.

Corrective action of existing groundwater contamination, including treatment, is addressed in a separate Interim Measure/Interim Remedial Action (IM/IRA) decision document

The other units within the AOC were removed as a separate action under the RFCA Standard Operating Protocol (RSOP) for Routine Soil Remediation (ER RSOP, DOE 2002a) (refer to ER RSOP FY02 Notification #02-08, DOE 2002b) These components included the removal of concrete slabs, abovegrade lines, segments of belowgrade lines, valve vaults, collection sumps, manholes, electrical control conduit and other utilities, associated support racks, concrete ramps and barriers. To determine whether contamination was present at specific locations where soil or component removal was anticipated, an Industrial Area Sampling and Analysis Plan (IASAP) Addendum was also submitted (IASAP Addendum #IA-02-07, DOE 2002c). Soil with contaminant concentrations greater than RFCA Tier I ALs and associated debris were removed in accordance with RFCA and the ER RSOP. In addition, lysimeters and unnecessary groundwater monitoring wells were abandoned as a separate action under the Well Abandonment and Replacement Program (WARP) (K-H 2002b)

Based on applying the alternative closure requirements, the results of the risk assessment indicate RCRA constituents pose less than 1E-05 residual risk for a WRW and, with the completion of



the actions performed under the ER RSOP and IASAP, the SEP meet the closure performance standards of 6 CCR 1007-3, 265 111(a) and (b) In addition, the radiological contaminants remaining within the SEP AOC soil, are all below RFCA Tier I ALs and are below 1E-05 risk to a WRW Therefore, NFA is proposed for the SEP and SEP AOC Upon approval of the PAM, the pond berms will be pushed into the ponds, clean fill soil will be brought in, and the area will be regraded and vegetated as a best management practice

3 5 Demolished Site Buildings Through September 27, 2002

The following table (Table 3 5) is a comprehensive list of buildings located at the Rock Flats Environmental Technology Site which have been demolished through FY02. The list is included in the HRR reporting process because, in places, IHSSs, PACs, and UBC sites are located immediately within or under the facilities.

Table 3.5 Demolished Rocky Flats Buildings Through September 27, 2002

FY D&D	Date of D&D	Property Identifier	Property Name
2002	November 26, 2001	111	Administration
2002	April 05, 2002	123 Pad	123 Concrete Pad (facility D&D'd)
2002	April 05, 2002	123S Pad	123S Concrete Pad (facility D&D'd)
2002	March 01, 2002	S125	Storage Shed (south of 125)
2002	October 19, 2001	C130	Storage Yard Container (cargo containers w/roof)
2002	November 08, 2001	132PAD	132 Electrical Substation Pad
2002	September 09, 2002	262	No 2 Diesel Fuel Storage Tank (Abandoned March 1999), aka D-262, UST 4, northeast of 381, aka Tank 4 - does not need to be removed if 3 feet below grade - Closure Report from Contract RM000019RR2, October 1997 09/09/2002 - refoamed in place
2002	November 09, 2001	333	Paint Shop and Sand Blast Facility
2002	October 19, 2001	373	Cooling Tower - B374
2002	December 03, 2001	377	Air Compressor Building (Production)
2002	December 03, 2001	378	Waste Collection Pump House
2002	August 06, 2002	381	Fluorine Building
2002	May 23, 2002	T428B	Trailer (Sold)
2002	April 09, 2002	442L	RAD Ops / Glovebox Center Training
2002	April 09, 2002	442W	HEPA Filter Warehouse
2002	July 09, 2002	442 Pad	442 Concrete Pad (facility D&D'd)
2002		446 Pad	446 Concrete Pad (facility D&D'd)
2002	July 09, 2002	452	Human Resources Office Building
2002	July 29, 2002	452 Pad	452 Pad (facility D&D'd)
2002	June 17, 2002	T452A	Trailer (Offices)
2002	June 17, 2002	T452B	Trailer (Offices)
2002	June 18, 2002	T452C	Trailer (Offices)
2002	June 18, 2002	T452D	Trailer (Offices)
2002	May 23, 2002	T452E	Rest Rooms
2002	May 21, 2002	T452F	Trailer (Offices) (Sold)



Table 3.5 Demolished Rocky Flats Buildings Through September 27, 2002

FY D&D	Date of D&D	Property Identifier	Property Name
2002	June 17, 2002	T452G	Trailer (Offices)
2002	July 18, 2002	T452 Pad	T452 Pads (trailers D&D'd)
2002	November 10, 2001	550	Guard Tower T-3
2002	January 18, 2002	T551A	Trailer - Contractor Offices (vacant)
2002	November 27, 2001	560	Cooling Tower - B559 noticed gone 11/27/01
2002	August 01, 2002	662	Storage (Plant Power)
2002	September, 2002	662 Pad	662 Concrete Pad
2002	August 01, 2002	663	Storage and Shipping
2002	September 2002	663 Pad	663 Concrete Pad
2002	May 30, 2002	T690N	Trailer - Administration (Sold)
2002	October 19, 2001	702	Pump House – Tower 712
2002	October 19, 2001	703	Pump House - Cooling Tower 713
2002	November 15, 2001	709	Cooling Tower - B707 - 4,000 Tons
2002	April 22, 2002	709A	Emergency Diesel Pump (out of service)
2002	October 19, 2001	712	Cooling Tower for B776/777/779A
2002	October 19, 2001	712A	Propane Mix Shed
2002	October 19, 2001	713	Cooling Tower for B776/777/779A
2002	December 03, 2001	713A	Valve Prt (east of 713)
2002	October 26, 2001	774A	Waste Treatment Plant RCA Tank (nw of 774T)
2002	October 26, 2001	774B	Waste Treatment Plant Non RCA (nw of 774T)
2002	November 10, 2001	761	Guard Tower
2002	May 21, 2002	828	Process Waste Pit B886 Low Level Inactive
2002	June 26, 2002	850	Logistics/Office Space/Cafeteria
2002		850 Pad	850 Concrete Pad
2002	July 02, 2002	864	Guard Union Office (former Guard Post)
2002		864 Pad	664 Concrete Pad
2002	July 08, 2002	875	Filter Plenum B886 Zone 1
2002	June 24, 2002	880	Storage Shed
2002	February 07, 2002	T883D	Trailer - Rest Rooms (Sold)
2002	April 13, 2002	886	Nuclear Safety Criticality Lab
2002	April 2002	886 Pad	886 Concrete Pad
2002	December 20, 2001	S886	Bus Stop/Car Pool Shelter (north of 886) personal property
2002	March 11, 2002	T886A	Trailer (Offices)
2002	August 28, 2002	T886B	Trailer (Offices)
2002	August 26, 2002	T886C	Trailer (Offices)
2002	December 20, 2001	888	Guard Post
2002	July 08, 2002	889 Pad	889 Concrete Pad
2002	May 31, 2002	T891D	Trailer (Offices)
2002	August 23, 2002	T891F	Trailer (Offices) (Sold)
2002	September 04, 2002	T891E	Trailer (Offices)
2002	February 07, 2002	T891G	Trailer (Offices)

Table 3.5 Demolished Rocky Flats Buildings Through September 27, 2002

FY D&D	Date of D&D	Property Identifier	Property Name
2002	February 07, 2002	T891O	Trailer (Offices) (Sold)
2002	September 04, 2002	T891P	Trailer (Offices)
2002	September 04, 2002	T891Q	Trailer (Shower)
2002	April 01, 2002	T891R	Trailer (Offices) (Sold 03/22/02)
2002	February 07, 2002	T891V	Trailer (Offices) (originally T690J) (Sold)
2002	August 09, 2002	T893A	Trailer (Offices)
2002	August 15, 2002	T893B	Trailer (Offices)
2002	February 07, 2002	T900C	Trailer – OU2 Office Trailer/Surface Water Treatment (Sold)
2002	October 19, 2001	T900D	Trailer - OU2 Office Trailer/Surface Water Treatment
2002	May 30, 2002	T900E	Trailer - OU2 Soil Vapor Extraction (SVE) Unit
2002	November 10, 2001	901	Guard Tower
2002	September 06, 2002	910-G1	Gas Generator 1 - Building 910 (north)
2002	August 27, 2002	910-G2	Gas Generator 2 - Building 910 (middle) (sold)
2002	August 27, 2002	910-G3	Gas Generator 3 - Building 910 (south) (sold)
2002	February 12, 2002	932	Effluent Monitor Station - Pond A-1
2002	August 08, 2002	Tent 14	A-4 Pond Storage Tent, a k a Building 944
2002	July 08, 2002	Tank 018	Process Waste Tank, south of 884, west of 889 Pad, within concrete pad T-40 North and South foamed 7/25/96 (RF/ER-96-0050) RCRA unit closure required
2002	July 08, 2002	Tank 019	Process Waste Tank, south of 884, west of 889 Pad, within concrete pad, T-40 North and South foamed 7/25/96 (RF/ER-96-0050) RCRA unit closure required
2002	March 11, 2002	Tank 039	Underground Contaminated Wastewater Tank (828 Pit) Removed
2002	June 11, 2002	Tank 115	Propane Storage Tank, NDT 2300, north of 335 (out of service)
2002	November 01, 2001	Tank 163	100,000 gal Product Water Tank, NDT 0002
2002	November 01, 2001	Tank 164	100,000 gal Product Water Tank, NDT 0001
2002	November 01, 2001	Tank 165	Cement Silo, NDT 0003, (west of 377)
2002	November 07, 2001	Tank 167	Nitric Acid Storage Tank, NDT 0005, ID 450-611 (north of 374)
2002	December 03, 2001	Tank 168	Potassium Hydroxide Storage Tank, NDT 0006, D-225, ID 450-609 (north of 374)
2002	December 03, 2001	Tank 169	Potassium Hydroxide Storage Tank, NDT 0007, D-842, ID 450-610 (north of 374)
2002	July 31, 2002	Tank 175	Liquid Nitrogen Storage Tank (north of 771C)
2002	November 13, 2001	Tank 185	Potassium Hydroxide Holding Tank 771-4204 Tank NDT 1191, (southeast of 714), removed
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 208	Liquid Argon Storage Tank (south of 707)
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 209	Helium Storage Tank V-41 (south of 707)
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 210	Helium Storage Tank V-41 (south of 707)
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 211	Helium Storage Tank V-41 (south of 707)
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 212	Helium Storage Tank V-41 (south of 707)
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 213	Helium Storage Tank V-42 (south of 707)

Table 3.5 Demolished Rocky Flats Buildings Through September 27, 2002

FY D&D	Date of D&D	Property Identifier	Property Name
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 214	Helium Storage Tank V-42 (south of 707)
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 215	Helium Storage Tank V-42, (south of 707)
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 216	Helium Storage Tank V-42, (south of 707)
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 217	Helium Storage Tank V-42, (south of 707)
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 218	Helium Storage Tank V-42, (south of 707)
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 219	Helium Storage Tank V-42, (south of 707)
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 220	Helium Storage Tank V-42, (south of 707)
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 221	Helium Storage Tank V-42, (south of 707)
2002	December 13, 2001	Tank 223	Liquid Nitrogen Storage Tank, (southwest corner of 707) NDT 0607
2002	January 08, 2002	Tank 284	Helium Storage Tank (south of 707)
2002	March 11, 2002	Tank 294	Storage Tank, UST, (828 Pit) Removed
2002	June 11, 2002	Tank 331	Diesel Blend, Tent 14 Pond A-4, NDT 2980
2002	June 06, 2002	Tank 332	Propane Tank, Tent 14 Pond A-4, NDT 2978, return to vendor
2002	May 21, 2002	Tank 333	Propane Tank, Tent 14 Pond A-4, NDT 2979, return to vendor

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Appendix 1

HRR SITES

IHSSs, PACs, & UBCs

(Comprehensive Status List)

Kaiser-Hill Company, L.L.C. Annual Update for the Historical Release Report

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Appendix	1. HRI	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
			NORTHEAST BURFER ZONE	R ZONE	*	*	
110	BZ	NE-110	Trench T-3	HRR	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1997 ³	2002 12
					Annual 1997 ³	Annual	
					Annual 2000 ²⁶	2007	
					Annual 2002 ¹⁵		
1111	BZ	NE-111 1	Trench T-4	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1997	1999
					Annual 19973		
1112	BZ	NE-1112	Trench T-5	HRR	-		1
1113	BZ	NE-1113	Trench T-6	HRR¹		-	,
1114	BZ	NE-1114	Trench T-7	HRR	-	•	•
111.5	BZ	NE-1115	Trench T-8	HRR¹	-	•	•
1116	BZ	NE-1116	Trench T-9	HRR¹	•	1	•
1117	BZ	NE-1117	Trench T-10	HRR'	•	-	•
1118	BZ	NE-1118	Trench T-11	HRR¹	•	•	,
142 1	6	NE-142 1	Pond A-1	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	•
142 2	6	NE-142 2	Pond A-2	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	,
1423	9	NE-142 3	Pond A-3	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	•
142 4	9	NE-1424	Pond A-4	HRR¹	Annual 1997	Annual 19971	•
142 5	9	NE-142 5	Pond B-1	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	
142 6	9	NE-142 6	Pond B-2	HRR	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	
1427	9	NE-142 7	Pond B-3	HRR	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	•
1428	9	NE-1428	Pond B-4	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	•

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Appendix	1. HR	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS			i		
IHSS	oo	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
142 9	9	NE-142 9	Pond B-5	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	•
142 12	9	NE-142 12	Flume Pond (IAG Name Newly Identified Pond A-5) (off-scale of Plate #1)	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	•
1562	9	NE-1562	Soil Dump Area Between the A and B Series Drainages	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997³	1999 ²⁷
1661	6	NE-166 1	Trench A	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	2002 ³²
1662	9	NE-1662	Trench B	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	2002*2
1663	9	NE-1663	Trench C	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	2002 ³²
			(two areas designated on Plate #2)				
167 1	9	NE-167 1	Landfill North Area Spray Field	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 19973	1999 ²⁷
167.2	7	NE-167 2	Pond Area Spray Field (Center Area)	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	2002³²
1673	7	NE-1673	South Area Spray Field	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	2002 ³²
2161	6	NE-2161	East Spray Fields - North Area	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	2002³²
2162	BZ	NE-2162	East Spray Field	HRR'	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 19973	-
2163	BZ	NE-2163	East Spray Field	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	•
NA	BZ	NE-1400	Tear Gas Powder Release	HRR	•		EPA, 1992 ⁴
	\int						2002
A A	BZ	NE-1401	NE Buffer Zone Gas Line Break	HRR¹	•	ı	EPA, 1992 ⁴
۸N	R7	NF-1402	Fast Inner Cate PCR Smill	HRR			EDA 1007 ⁴
•)						2002 ³²

Appendix	1. HR	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
SSHI	00	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
NA	BZ	NE-1403	Gasoline Spill - Building 920 Guard Post	HRR¹	1	•	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ³²
142 6	BZ	NE-1404	Diesel Spill at Pond B-2 Spillway	Quarterly 2 ⁵	Quarterly 3 ⁶ Annual 1998 ⁷	Annual 1998 ⁷	2002 14
NA	BZ	NE-1405	Diesel Fuel Spill at Field Treatability Unit (identified as NE-1404, reassigned NE-1405 in Quarterly 7 ⁹)	Quarterly 36	Quarterly 48 Quarterly 79 Annual 19987	Annual 1998 ⁷	1999 ²⁸
NA	BZ	NE-1406	771 Hillside Sludge Release	Quarterly 48	Annual 19987	Annual 19987	₈₈ 6661
NA	BZ	NE-1407	OU 2 Treatment Facility	Quarterly 48	Quarterly 7° (900-1312) Quarterly 8 ¹⁵ (900-1309)	Annual 2002	-
NA	BZ	NE-1408	OU 2 Test Well (formerly NE-1406)	Quarterly 48	Quarterly 79	Annual 1999 ²³	2000 ²⁹
NA	BZ	NE-1409	Modular Tanks and 910 Treatment System Spill (formerly 000-503)	Quarterly 5 ¹⁰	Quarterly 7 ⁹ Annual 2000 ²⁶	Annual 1999 ²³ Annual 2000 ²⁶	2001 ³¹ 2002 ³²
NA	BZ	NE-1410	Diesel Fuel Spill at Field Treatability Unit	Quarterly 79	-	Quarterly 79	2002 14
NA	BZ	NE-1411	Diesel Fuel Overflowed from Tanker at OU 2 Field Treatability Unit	Quarterly 79		Quarterly 79	2002 14
NA	BZ	NE-1412	Trench T-12 Located in OU 2 East Trenches	Quarterly 10 ¹¹	•	,	



Appendix	1. HRF	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	00	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
NA	BZ	NE-1413	Trench T-13 Located in OU 2 East Trenches	Quarterly 10 ¹¹	•	•	•
				WZGNE-			**
114	7	NW-114	Present Landfill	HRR¹	1	•	•
170	BZ	NW-170	PU&D Storage Yard - Waste Spills	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 19987	2002³⁴
					Annual 1998 ⁷ Annual 2002 ³⁵	Annual 1999 ²³	
174A	BZ	NW-174A	PU&D Yard Container Storage Area	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 1998 ⁷	71	•
174B	BZ	NW-174B	PU&D Container Storage Facilities	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 19987	1999 ²⁸
					Annual 19987	Annual 1999 ²³	
195	16	NW-195	Nickel Carbonyl Disposal	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²		OU 16 CAD/ROD ¹²
203	1	NW-203	Inactive Hazardous Waste Storage Area	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 19987	1999 ²⁸
					Annual 1998'		
NA -	BZ	NW-1500	Diesel Spill at PU&D Yard (formerly NW-175)	Quarterly 36	Quarterly 79	Annual 19987	1999 ²⁸
AN	BZ	NW-1501	Asbestos Release at PU&D Yard (formerly NW-176)	Quarterly 36	Quarterly 79	Annual 1999 ²³	2000 ²⁹
114	7	NW-1502	Improper Disposal of Diesel-Contaminated Material at Landfill (formerly NW-177)	Quarterly 2 ⁵	Quarterly 36 Quarterly 79	Quarterly 79	2002 12
114	7	NW-1503	Improper Disposal of Fuel-Contaminated Material at Landfill	Quarterly 124	Quarterly 79	Quarterly 79	2002,12



Appendix	1. HRI	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
114	7	NW-1504	Improper Disposal of Thorosilane-Contaminated Material at Landfill	Quarterly 79	•	Quarterly 7º	2002 ¹⁴
NA	BZ	NW-1505	North Firing Range	Annual 2001	Annual 2001-		•
			a southership benefit	ZONE			
142 10	5	SE-142 10	Pond C-1	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	•
142 11	5	SE-142 11	Pond C-2	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	•
209	5	SE-209	Surface Disturbance Southeast of Bldg 881	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	1999 ²⁷
NA	BZ	SE-1600	Pond 7-Steam Condensate Releases	HRR¹	Annual 2002 ³⁵	ı	EPA, 1992 ⁴ ,
							2002
NA	BZ	SE-1601	Pond 8 - Cooling Tower Discharge Releases	HRR¹	Annual 2002 ³⁵	1	EPA, 1992 ⁴ ,
							2002*4
155	BZ	SE-1602	East Firing Range	Annual 1999 ²³	ŧ	•	•
			THE THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPER	VZONDA.			÷
115	ΙΑ	SW-115	Onginal Landfill	HRR¹	• :	•	
133 1	5	SW-133 1	Ash Pit 1	HRR¹	Annual 2001	Annual 2001	Deferred
133 2	5	SW-133 2	Ash Pit 2	HRR	Annual 2001	Annual 2001	Deferred
					Annual 2002 ¹⁵		
133 3	5	SW-133 3	Ash Pit 3	HRR¹	Annual 2001	Annual 2001	200212
133 4	\$	SW-133 4	Ash Pit 4	HRR'	Annual 2001	Annual 2001	Deferred
	_			_	Annual 2002		



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Appendix	1. HRI	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
133 5	S	SW-133 5	Incinerator Facility	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 2001	Annual 1997³ Annual 2001	•
133 6	S	SW-133 6	Concrete Wash Pad	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 2001	Annual 1997³ Annual 2001	•
961	ΥI	SW-196	Water Treatment Plant Backwash Pond	HRR¹		•	
NA	BZ	SW-1700	Fuel Spill into Woman Creek Drainage	HRR¹		•	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ¹²
NA	S	SW-1701	Recently Identified Ash Pit (also referred to as TDEM-1)	Quarterly 913	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 2001	Annual 1997³ Annual 2001	2002 12
NA	5	SW-1702	Recently Identified Ash Pit (also referred to as TDEM-2)	Quarterly 9 ¹³	Annual 2001	Annual 2001	Deferred
		A STATE OF THE STA	A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR				
101	IA	101-000	207 Solar Evaporation Ponds	HRR¹	Annual 19987	•	•
121	ΙΑ	000-121	Original Process Waste Lines	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 2002	•
			(includes Tanks T-2, T-3, T-10, T-14, T-16, T-40)		Annual 1998 ⁷ (UBC 123)	(Tank 40 only)	
162	IA	000-162	Radioactive Site - 700 Area Site # 2	HRR¹		,	•
168	1.1	000-168	West Spray Field	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	1	OU 11 CAD/ROD ¹⁴
172	ΙA	000-172	Central Avenue Waste Spill	HRR¹	Annual 19987	Annual 1998 ⁷	1999 ³⁸
190	≰	000-190	Caustic Leak	HRR¹	•	1	,
			(also referred to as Central Avenue Ditch)				
192	16	000-192	Antifreeze Discharge	HRR	Annual 1996 ²	,	OU 16 CAD/ROD ¹²

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Appendix 1.	1. HRF	HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
NA	ΙΑ	000-200	Sanitary Sewer System (not shown on Plate 4)	HRR ¹	1	•	•
NA	BZ	000-501	Roadway Sprayıng	HRR¹	•	•	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ⁴²
NA	ΨI	200-200	ITS Water Spill	Quarterly 25	NA	NA	NA
		(see 900-1310)	(identified in Quarterly 2 as 000-502, reassigned as 900-1310 in Quarterly 7, the number 000-502 is no longer in use)				
NA	IA	000-203	Solar Pond Water Spill Along Central Avenue	Quarterly 79	,	Quarterly 79	2002 ¹⁴
NA	IA	000-504	New Process Waste Lines	Annual 1999 ²³	•	•	•
NA	IA	000-505	Storm Drains	Annual 1999 ²³	,	•	•
			100 ARBA				
148	IA	100-148	Waste Spills	HRR¹	Annual 19987 (UBC 123)	Annual 2002	•
NA	IA	100-600	Mercury Spill-Valve Vault 124-B, Building 124	HRR	-	•	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ¹²
NA	ΨI	100-001	Building 123 Phosphoric Acid Spill	HRR¹	ı	•	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ¹²
NA	IA	100-602	Building 123 Process Waste Line Break	HRR		-	,
NA	ΙΑ	100-603	Building 123 Bioassay Waste Spill	HRR'	Annual 2001 Annual 2002 ³⁶	Annual 2001	2002,12

Appendix	1. HR	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	00	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
NA	ΨI	100-604	T130 Complex Sewer Line Leaks	HRR¹	1	·	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ³²
NA	ΙΑ	100-605	Building 115 Hydraulic Oil Spill	HRR¹	,	,	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ³²
NA	IA	100-606	Building 125 TCE Spill	HRR¹	,	_	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ³²
NA	IA	100-607	Building 111 Transformer PCB Leak	HRR¹	Annual 2000 ²⁶ Annual 2001 Annual 2002 ³⁶	Annual 2001	2001 ³⁰
NA	ΙA	100-608	Building 131 Transformer Leak	HRR¹	Annual 1998 ⁷	Annual 1998 ⁷	1999 ²⁸
NA	IA	100-609	Building 121 Security Incinerator	HRR¹	1	Annual 2002	
NA	IA	100-610	Asbestos Release – Building 123	HRR¹	,	,	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ¹²
NA	IA	100-611	Building 123 Scrubber Solution Spill	HRR¹	•	Annual 2002	٠
Ϋ́	IA	100-612	Battery Solution Spill - Building 119	HRR¹	,	,	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ³²
NA	IA	100-613	Asphalt Surface in Lay-down Yard North of Building 130 (identified as 000-501 in Quarterly 48, reassigned as 100-613 in Quarterly 79)	Quarterly 48	Quarterly 79 Annual 2002 ³⁵	Quarterly 7°	2002 ¹⁴
	436. 483.		SOCKEA	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			
128	Ι¥	300-128	Oil Burn Pit No 1	HRR¹	,	ı	•
134N	ΙΑ	300-134N	Lithium Metal Destruction Site	HRR¹		-	



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Appendix	1. HRF	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
134S	₹	300-134S	Lithium Metal Destruction Site	HRR¹	•	-	
135	IA	300-135	Cooling Tower Blowdown	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	1999 ²⁷
151	IA	300-151	Tank 262 Fuel Oil Spills	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	1999 ²⁷
1561	IA	300-156 1	Building 371 Parking Lot	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	2001 ³¹
			(two locations designated on Plate #2)		Annual 2000 ²⁶	Annual 2000 ²⁶	200212
171	VI	300-171	Solvent Burning Ground	HRR¹	•	1	•
181	IA	300-181	Building 334 Cargo Container Area	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	1999 ²⁷
186	ΙV	300-186	Valve Vault 12	HRR¹	•	•	•
188	IA	300-188	Acıd Leak	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	1999 ²⁷
206	VI	300-206	Inactive D-836 Hazardous Waste Tank	HRR¹	Annual 2001	Annual 2001	2002 ³⁴
212	ΙV	300-212	Building 371 Drum Storage Area, Unit 63	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	2002 ³⁴
			(deferred to Part VIII of the RFETS RCRA Mixed Residues Modification, see Annual 1997)				
NA	IA	300-700	Scrap Roofing Disposal (see also BZCR Site 31, Section 3)	HRR¹	•	•	EPA, 1992 ⁴ , 2002 ³²
NA	ΥI	300-701	Sulfuric Acid Spill – Building 371	HRR	•	1	EPA, 1992 ⁴ , 2002 ³²
NA	ΙV	300-702	Pesticide Shed	HRR	-	1	-
NA	ΙΑ	300-703	Building 331 North Area	HRR	•	,	EPA, 1992 ⁴ ,
NA	ΥI	300-704	Roof Fire, Building 381	HRR¹	,		EPA, 1992 ⁴ , 2002 ¹²



	NFA Recommendation Approved	EPA, 1992 ⁴ , 2002 ¹²	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ¹²	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ¹²	•	•	EPA, 1992 ⁴ , 2002 ¹²	2002 ³⁴	2002 ³⁴	2002 ³⁴	2002 ¹⁴	1999 ²⁷		·
	Proposed NFA R	•	•	•	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	-	Quarterly 79	Quarterly 79	Quarterly 8 ¹⁵	Quarterly 10 ¹¹	Annual 1997³		1
	Updated	•	•	•	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	-	Quarterly 79	•	•	•	-	7.0	·
	Identified	HRR	HRR¹	HRR ¹	HRR¹	HRR	HRR¹	Quarterly 124	Quarterly 79	Quarterly 8 ¹⁵	Quarterly 10 ¹¹	Annual 1997³		HRR¹
	Description	Potassium Hydroxide Spill North of Building 374	Evaporator Tanks North of Building 374	Sanıtızer Spill	Transformers North of Building 371	Transformer Leak 334-1	Gasoline Spill North of Building 331	Nickel-Cadmium Battery Acid Spill Outside of Building 373	0 5-Gallon Antifreeze Spilled by Street Sweeper Outside of Building 373	Caustic Spill North of Building 331	Laundry Waste Water Spill from Tank T-803, North of Building 374	Battery Acid Spill		West Loading Dock, Building 447 (IAG Name West Loading Dock Area)
Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS	PAC	300-705	300-706	300-707	300-708	300-709	300-710	300-711	300-712	300-713	300-714	300-715	423 16	400-116 1
1. HRR	no	ΙΑ	ΙΑ	ΥI	ΙV	IA	IA	IA	ΙΑ	ΙΑ	ΙΑ	ΙΑ		ΙΑ
Appendix	IHSS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA		1161

\neg																
	NFA Recommendation Approved	•	•	,	•	1	•	•	•	•	1999 ²⁷	OU 16 CAD/ROD ¹²	200212	•	-	•
	Proposed NFA	•	1	1	•	•	•	,	•	•	Annual 1997	•	Annual 1996 ²	•	•	•
	Updated	1	Annual 1996 ² (000-121)	Annual 1996 ² Annual 1997 ³	•	•	-	•	•	•	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	•	4	ı
	Identified	HRR¹	HRR	HRR	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR'	HRR¹	HRR'	HRR¹	HRR'	HRR¹	HRR¹
	Description	South Loading Dock, Building 444 (IAG Name South Loading Dock Area)	Underground Concrete Tank	Building 443 Oil Leak (deferred to IA OU, see Annual 1997)	Cooling Tower Pond West of Building 444 (IAG Name Cooling Tower Pond Northeast Corner of Building 460)	Cooling Tower Pond East of Building 444 (IAG Name Cooling Tower Pond West of Building 460)	Radioactive Site North Area	Radioactive Site South Area	Building 444/453 Drum Storage Area	Sulfuric Acid Spill (IAG Name Acid Leaks [2]	Hydrogen Peroxide Spill	Steam Condensate Leak	Original Uranium Chip Roaster	Building 460 Sump #3 Acid Side	Inactive 444 Acid Dumpster	Inactive 444/447 Waste Storage Area
Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS	PAC	400-116 2	400-122	400-129	400-136 1	400-136 2	400-157 1	400-157 2	400-182	400-187	400-191	400-193	400-204	400-205	400-207	400-208
. HRR	no	ΙΑ	ΙΑ	Y.	ΥI	IA	ΙΑ	ΙA	ΙΑ	IA	IA	16	15	Υ	ΙĀ	≰
Appendix 1	IHSS	1162	122	129	136 1	136.2	157 1	157 2	182	187	161	193	204	205	207	208



Appendix	1. HRF	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	00	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
NA	ΥI	400-800	Transformer 443-1	HRR'	Annual 19987	Annual 19987	1999 ²⁸
NA	IA	400-801	Transformer, Roof of Building 447	HRR	•	,	•
NA	IA	400-802	Storage Area, South of Building 334	HRR	•	•	•
NA	VΙ	400-803	Miscellaneous Dumping, Building 460 Storm Drain	HRR¹	•	•	•
NA	ΙA	400-804	Road North of Building 460	HRR¹	•	•	•
NA	IA	400-805	Building 443 Tank #9 Leak	HRR¹	Annual 2002 ³⁵	•	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ¹²
NA	IA	400-806	Catalyst Spill, Building 440	HRR¹	-	,	EPA, 1992 ⁴ , 2002 ¹²
NA	IA	400-807	Sandblasting Area	HRR¹	•	•	•
NA	IA	400-808	Vacuum Pump Leak - Building 442	HRR'	•	•	EPA, 1992 ⁴ , 2002 ¹²
NA	ΨI	400-809	Oil Leak - 446 Guard Post	HRR¹	·	•	EPA, 1992 ⁴ , 2002 ³²
NA	IA	400-810	Beryllium Fire - Building 444	HRR¹	•	-	
NA	IA	400-811	Transformer 443-2, Building 443	Quarterly 2 ⁵	Quarterly 36 Annual 19987	Annual 1998 ⁷	1999 ²⁸
NA	IA	400-812	Tank T-2 Spill in Building 460	Quarterly 6 ¹⁶	Quarterly 79 Quarterly 815 Annual 2001	Quarterly 8 ¹⁵ Annual 2001	200212
NA	ΙV	400-813	RCRA Tank Leak ın Building 460	Quarterly 79	,	•	•

Appendix 1.		HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed	NFA Recommendation Approved
NA	ΙΑ	400-814	Air Conditioner Compressor Release, Bldg 444 Roof	Quarterly 8 ¹⁵	1	Quarterly 8 ¹⁵	2002 ¹⁴
NA	IA	400-815	RCRA Tank Leak in Building 460	Quarterly 8 ¹⁵	•	•	•
NA	IA	400-820	Central Avenue Ditch Soil Spreading	Quarterly	Quarterly 79	NA	NA
	:	(see 600-1004)	(identified in Quarterly 6 as 400-820, reassigned as 600-1004 in Quarterly 7, the number 400-820 is no longer in use)	99			
	> 1		500 AREA	3.7			
1171	IA	500-117 1	North Site Chemical Storage	HRR¹	•	•	*
117.2	IA	500-117 2	Middle Site Chemical Storage	HRR¹	•	-	ę.
158	ΙΑ	500-158	Radioactive Site - Building 551	HRR¹	4	1	•
159	ΥI	500-159	Radioactive Site - Building 559	HRR¹	•	1	•
169	₹	500-169	Waste Drum Peroxide Burial	HRR	Annual 1998 ⁷ Annual 2000 ²⁶	Annual 19987	•
197	IA	500-197	Scrap Metal Sites	HRR	t	,	
NA	IA	200-900	Transformer Leak - 515/516	HRR	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	1
NA	Ι¥	500-901	Transformer Leak - 555	HRR	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	
NA	ΙĀ	500-902	Transformer Leak - 559	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	•
NA	Υ	500-903	RCRA Storage Unit #1	HRR	ı	ı	EPA, 1992 ⁴ ,
							2002 ³²
NA	IA	500-904	Transformer Leak - 223-1/223-2	HRR¹	,	,	•
NA	Ι¥	500-905	Transformer Leak - 558-1	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	•



Appendix	1. HR	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
NA	IA	500-906	Asphalt Surface Near Building 559	Quarterly 48	1	Annual 2002	
172	IA	500-907	Tanker Truck Release of Hazardous Waste from Tank 231B	Quarterly 913	•	•	
156 1, 186	IA	800-008	Oil Released from Air Compressor	Quarterly 12 ¹⁷	,	Quarterly 12 ¹⁷	2002*4
158	ΙΑ	606-005	Release of Spent Photographic Fixer Solution	Annual 1996 ²	•	Annual 1996 ²	2002 ³²
	~	* * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *	600 AREA	** * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * * *			
117 3	IA	600-117 3	Chemical Storage - South Site	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	1999 ²⁷
1201	IA	600-120 1	Fiberglassing Area North of Building 664	HRR¹	-		•
1202	IA	600-120 2	Fiberglassing Area West of Building 664	HRR¹	•	4	-
152	ΙA	600-152	Fuel Oil Tank 221 Spills	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	1999 ²⁷
160	ΙΑ	600-160	Radioactive Site Building 444 Parking Lot	HRR¹	•	•	•
161	IA	600-161	Radioactive Site - Building 664	HRR¹	•	•	•
164	IA	600-164 1	Radioactive Slab from Bldg 771	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	200131
					Annual 2000 ²⁶	Annual 2000 ²⁶	2002 ³²
					Annual 2002 ³⁶		
189	IA	600-189	Nitric Acid Tank	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997	2002
					Annual 2000 ²⁶ Annual 2001	Annual 2001	
NA	IA	600-1000	Transformer Storage Building 662	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	•
NA	ΙV	1001-009	Temporary Waste Storage Building 663	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	•	

Appendix	1. HR	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	00	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
NA	IA	600-1001(a)	Waste Oil Identified in PAC-1001	Annual 1997³	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 2000 ²⁶ Annual 2002 ³⁶	Annual 1997 ³	1999 ²⁷ 2002 ¹²
NA	IA	600-1002	Transformer Storage - West of Building 666	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	•
NA	IA	600-1003	Transformers North and South of 661-675 Substation	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	•
152, 157 1, 172	IA	600-1004	Central Avenue Ditch Cleaning Incident (formerly identified as 400-820)	Quarterly 616	Quarterly 79	,	•
NA	IA	900-1009	Former Pesticide Storage Area	Quarterly 79	•	Annual 2002	,
	1		VARIATION.			* 3	
1181	IA	700-118 1	Multiple Solvent Spills West of Building 730	HRR'	Annual 19987	ŧ	•
1182	IA	700-1182	Multiple Solvent Spills South End of Building 776	HRR¹	•	•	
123 1	٩	700-123 1	Valve Vault 7	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	2001
					Annual 2000 ²⁶	Annual 2000 ²⁶	2002 ³²
123 2	ΙĀ	700-123 2	Valve Vault West of Building 707	HRR¹	4	1	•
124 1	IA	700-124 1	30,000 Gallon Tank (Tank #68)	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ² (000-121)	•	•
124 2	ΨI	700-124 2	14,000 Gallon Tank (Tank #66)	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ² (000-121)	•	
1243	ΥI	700-124 3	14,000 Gallon Tank (Tank #67)	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ² (000-121)	1	,



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	,	TAPPOINT TO THE STILL STILL OF THE PERSON					
OSHI	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
125 L	₹	700-125	Holding Tank (Tank #66)	HRR¹	1	4	
126 1 L	ΙΑ	700-126 1	Westernmost Out-of-Service Waste Tank	HRR¹	•	•	•
1262 L	IA	700-126 2	Easternmost Out-of-Service Waste Tank	HRR¹	•	ı	4
127 L	IA	700-127	Low-Level Radioactive Waste Leak	HRR ¹	-	•	1
131	IA	700-131	Radioactive Site - 700 Area Site #1	HRR¹	,	•	•
132 L	IA	700-132	Radioactive Site - 700 Area Site #4	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	•	ľ
	<u></u>				(000-121)		
					Annual 1997 ³		
137 L	ΙΑ	700-137	Cooling Tower Blowdown Buildings 712 and 713 (IAG Name Cooling Tower Blowdown Building 774)	HRR ¹	•	•	•
138 L	IA	700-138	Cooling Tower Blowdown Building 779	HRR	•	•	
139 1N(a) L	ΑĮ	700-139 1N(a)	Caustic/Acid Spills Hydroxide Tank Area	HRR¹	Annual 1999 ²³		•
139 1N(b) L	41	700-139 IN(b)	Caustic/Acid Spills Hydroxide Tank Area	HRR			
139 IS L	41	700-139 IS	Caustic/Acid Spills Hydroxide Tank Area	HRR¹			
139 2 L	¥I	700-139 2	Caustic/Acid Spills Hydrofluoric Acid Tanks	HRR	1	4	•
143 L	Ϋ́	700-143	Bldg 771 Outfall	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	•	•
144 L	ΙΑ	700-144(N)	Sewer Line Overflow (IAG Name Sewer Line Break)	HRR¹	•	•	•
144 L	ΙĄ	700-144(S)	Sewer Line Overflow (IAG Name Sewer Line Break)	HRR¹	•	•	•
146 1 L	₹	700-146 1	Concrete Process Waste Tanks 7,500 Gallon Tank (31)	HRR¹	1	,	•

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Appendix 1.		HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	00	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
1462	ΙΑ	700-146 2	Concrete Process Waste Tanks 7,500 Gallon Tank (32)	HRR¹	-	•	•
1463	IA	700-146 3	Concrete Process Waste Tanks 7,500 Gallon Tank (34W)	HRR¹	-	-	-
1464	IA	700-146 4	Concrete Process Waste Tanks 7,500 Gallon Tank (34E)	HRR¹	-	1	•
1465	IA	700-146 5	Concrete Process Waste Tanks 3,750 Gallon Tank (30)	HRR¹	ı	•	•
146 6	IA	700-146 6	Concrete Process Waste Tanks 3,750 Gallon Tank (33)	HRR¹	•	-	,
147 1	IA	700-147 1	Process Waste Line Leaks (IAG Name Maas Area)	HRR¹	•	•	•
1491	ΙΑ	700-149 1	Effluent Pipe	HRR¹			
1492	ΙΑ	700-149 2	Effluent Pipe	HRR¹	1	•	•
150 1	Ϋ́	700-150 1	Radioactive Site North of Building 771 (IAG) Name Radioactive Leak North of Building 771)	HRR	ţ	•	•
1502	IA	700-150 2	Radioactive Site West of Buildings 771 and 776 (IAG Name Radioactive Leak West of Building 771)	HRR¹	•	•	•
1503	IA	700-150 3	Radioactive Site Between Buildings 771 & 774 (IAG Name Radioactive Leak Between Buildings 771 & 774)	HRR¹	•	•	•
1504	₹	700-150 4	Radioactive Site Northwest of Building 750 (IAG Name Radioactive Leak East of Building 750)	HRR	•	•	,

Appendix	1. HR	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	00	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
1505	IA	700-150 5	Radioactive Site West of Building 707 (IAG) Name Radioactive Leak West of Building 707)	HRR	Annual 19987	Annual 1998 ⁷	1999 ²⁸
1506	IA	700-150 6	Radioactive Site South of Building 779 (IAG) Name Radioactive Leak South of Building 779)	HRR¹	•	,	•
1507	IA	700-1507	Radioactive Site South of Building 776 (IAG) Name Radioactive Leak South of Building 776)	HRR¹	1		•
1508	IA	700-150 8	Radioactive Site Northeast of Building 779 (IAG Name Radioactive Leak Northeast of Building 779)	HRR¹	1	1	•
163 1	IA	700-163 1	Radioactive Site 700 Area Site No 3 Wash Area	HRR'	•	•	•
163 2	ΙΑ	700-163 2	Radioactive Site 700 Area Site No 3 Buried Slab	HRR¹	•	•	•
185	16	700-185	Solvent Spill	HRR	Annual 1996 ²	•	OU 16 CAD/ROD ¹²
194	91	700-194	Steam Condensate Leak	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	•	OU 16 CAD/ROD ¹²
214	Ι¥	700-214	750 Pad Pondcrete & Saltcrete Storage, Unit 25	HRR¹	ı	•	•
215	₹	700-215	Process Waste Tank Unit 55 13	HRR¹	٠		•
NA	ΙΑ	700-1100	French Drain North of Building 776/777	HRR¹	1	-	•
NA	ΙA	700-1101	Laundry Tank Overflow - Building 732	HRR¹	•	-	•
NA	Ϋ́	700-1102	Transformer Leak – 776-4	HRR	Annual 1996 ² Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 2001	•
					Annual 2000 ²⁶ Annual 2001		
NA	Ι¥	700-1103	Leaking Transformers - Building 707	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	•
NA	ΙΑ	700-1104	Leaking Transformers - Building 708	HRR'	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	•
NA	Ι¥	700-1105	Transformer Leak - 779-1/779-2	HRR¹	1	•	•

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Recommendation CDPHE 1998¹⁹ **Approved** EPA 19924 EPA, 1992⁴ EPA, 1992⁴ 2002 2002 2002 2002 2002^{34} 2002™ Quarterly 11118 Annual 19987 Annual 2002 Annual 1996² Annual 1996² Annual 19973 Annual 1997³ Proposed NFA Annual 200235 Annual 1999²³ Annual 1996² Annual 1996² Updated Identified Quarterly 1118 Annual 1997³ Annual 1997³ Annual 1997³ Annual 1998⁷ Annual 1998⁷ HRR HRR' HRR HRR¹ HRR HRR HRR' Release During Liquid Transfer Operations from Bldg 774 SOCARBA Release During Liquid Transfer Operations from Bldg 774 Identification of Diesel Fuel in Subsurface Soils Water Released from 207C Solar Evaporation Nickel Carbonyl Burial West of Building 771 Leaking Transformer South of Building 776 Compressor Waste Oil Spill - Building 776 Building 701 Water Line, Soil Put-back Leaking Transformer - Building 750 Uranium Incident - Building 778 Leaking Transformer - 776-5 771/774 Footing Drain Pond Process Waste Spill - Portal Description Pond Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS 700-1112 700-1113 700-1114a 700-1114b 700-1108 700-1110 700-1115 700-1116 700-1117 700-1106 700-1107 700-1109 700-1111 PAC OO ¥ ĭ Υ ≰ Y ¥ Z IA ΙA M Y Ι¥ ¥ IHSS 1507 Ν Ϋ́ Ϋ́ Ϋ́ Ϋ́ Ϋ́ Ϋ́ Ϋ́ ۲X Ϋ́Z 101 Ϋ́

OU I CAD/ROD²⁰

Annual 1997³

HRR'

Oil Sludge Pit

800-102

102

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Appendix	1. HRF	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
103	1	800-103	Chemical Burial	HRR	Annual 1997 ³		OU I CAD/ROD ²⁰
104	1	800-104	Liquid Dumping	HRR	Annual 1997	1	OU I CAD/ROD ²⁰
105 1		800-105 1	Bldg 881 Westernmost Out of Service Fuel Tanks	HRR¹	Annual 1997³	-	OU I CAD/ROD ²⁰
105 2	1	800-1052	Bldg 881 Easternmost Out of Service Fuel Tanks	HRR	Annual 1997	Ţ	OU I CAD/ROD ²⁰
106	1	800-106	Bldg 881, Outfall	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³		OU I CAD/ROD ²⁰
107	1	800-107	Bldg 881, Hillside Oil Leak	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	•	OU I CAD/ROD ²⁰
145	-	800-145	Sanitary Waste Line Leak	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	_	OU I CAD/ROD ²⁰
147 2	IA	800-147 2	Bldg Conversion Activity Contamination Area	HRR¹	Annual 1997	Annual 1997	1999 ²⁷
164 2	IA	800-164 2	Radioactive Site 800 Area Site #2, Building 886 Spills	HRR¹	•	•	•
1643	ΙΑ	800-1643	Radioactive Site 800 Area Site #2, Building 889 Storage Pad	HRR¹	•	٠	-
177	ΙΑ	800-177	Building 885 Drum Storage and Paint Storage (IAG Name Building 885 Drum Storage Area)	HRR¹	•	•	•
178	15	800-178	Building 881 Drum Storage Area	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	•	OU 15 CAD/ROD ²¹
179	15	800-179	Building 865 Drum Storage, refer to OU 15 CAD/ROD)	HRR	Annual 1996 ² Annual 2001	Annual 1996 ² Annual 2001	2002,12
180	15	800-180	Building 883 Drum Storage, refer to OU 15 CAD/ROD)	HRR	Annual 1996 ² Annual 2001	Annual 1996 ² Annual 2001	2002,12
211	15	800-211	Building 881 Drum Storage, Unit 26	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	•	OU 15 CAD/ROD ²²
217	15	800-217	Building 881, CN Bench Scale Treatment, Unit 32	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²		OU 15 CAD/ROD ²²
NA	ΙΑ	800-1200	Valve Vault 2	HRR	,	•	

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Appendix 1.		HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
NA	IA	800-1201	Radioactive Site South of Building 883	HRR	•	-	*
NA	VΙ	800-1202	Sulfuric Acid Spill, Building 883	HRR	•	•	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ³²
NA	IA	800-1203	Sanitary Sewer Line Break Between Buildings 865 and 886	HRR	•	ŧ	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ¹²
NA	IA	800-1204	Building 866 Spills	HRR¹	•	٠	•
NA	IA	800-1205	Building 881, East Dock	HRR¹	•	•	1
NA	IA	800-1206	Fire, Building 883	HRR¹	-	ı	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ³²
NA	IA	800-1207	Transformer 883-4	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	•
NA	IA	800-1208	Transformer 881-4	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	4
NA	IA	800-1209	Leaking Transformers, 800 Area	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	•
NA	IA	800-1210	Transformers 865-1 and 865-2	HRR'	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	•
NA	IA	800-1211	Capacitor Leak, Building 883	HRR¹	-	-	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ¹²
NA	IA	800-1212	Building 866 Sump Spill	Quarterly 5 ¹⁰	1	,	•
			AND THE STREET OF THE PROPERTY OF THE POOL AREA.	** *** *** ***	ć		
108	BZ	900-108	Trench T-1	HRR	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 1998 ⁷ Annual 2000 ²⁶	Annual 1999 ²¹ Annual 2000 ²⁶	2001 ³¹ 2002 ³²

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Recommendation OU I CAD/ROD²⁰ OU 1 CAD/ROD²⁰ Approved 199927 2002³⁴ 199927 1999^{27} Annual 19973 Annual 1997³ Annual 1997³ Annual 19987 Proposed NFA Annual 1996² Annual 1997³ Annual 200235 Annual 1999²³ Annual 2000²⁶ Annual 1999²³ Annual 1999²³ Annual 2000^{26} Annual 19987 Annual 1997³ Annual 1997³ Annual 1997³ Annual 19973 Annual 1996² Annual 1997³ Annual 1997³ Annual 19987 Annual 1996² Annual 19987 Annual 1997³ Updated Identified HRR' HRR¹ HRR¹ HRR HRR HRR' HRR¹ HRR¹ HRR! HRR West Scrap Metal Storage Area and Solvent Spill (OU 1 CAD/ROD Specifies Continuance of Groundwater Collection from well (see ref # 20) East Scrap Metal Storage Area and Solvent Spill Hazardous Disposal Area (IAG Name Reactive Metal Destruction Site) Contaminated Soil Disposal Area East of Bldg 881 903 Pad (IAG Name 903 Drum Storage Area) Trench T-2 - Ryan's Ptt Oil Burn Pit No 2 Sludge Disposal Pallet Burn Site Description Mound Area Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS 900-1192 900-109 900-112 900-113 900-130 900-119 1 900-140 900-141 900-153 900-154 PAC 00 BZ BZ BZ BZ ₹ 9 ¥ IHSS 1192 1191 112 140 154 141 108 130 153

Appendix	1. HR	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
155	BZ	900-155	903 Lıp Area	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 1998 ⁷ Annual 1999 ²³ Annual 2000 ²⁶	1	•
165	IA	900-165	Triangle Area	HRR¹	1	-	•
173	ΙΑ	900-173	South Dock - Building 991 (IAG Name Radioactive Site - 900 Area)	HRR¹	•	•	•
175	ΥĮ	900-175	S&W Building 980 Container Storage Facility	HRR¹	1	4	•
176	ΙA	900-176	S&W Contractor Storage Yard	HRR¹	•	•	•
183	BZ	900-183	Gas Detoxification Area	HRR!	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 2000 ²⁶ Annual 2002 ³⁵	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 2000 ²⁶	2001 ³¹ 2002 ¹²
184	ΙA	900-184	Building 991 Steam Cleaning Area	HRR¹	•	•	•
210	IA	900-210	Building 980 Cargo Container, Unit 16	HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³	Annual 1997 ³	1999 ²⁷
213	ΙΑ	900-213	Unit 15, 904 Pad Pondcrete Storage	HRR ¹	•	•	•
NA	IA	900-1300	RO Plant Sludge Drying Beds	HRR¹	1	ı	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ³⁴
NA	IA	900-1301	Building 991 Enclosed Area	HRR¹	•	ı	•
NA	ΥI	900-1302	Gasoline Spill	HRR¹	•	1	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ¹²
NA	IA	900-1303	Natural Gas Leak	HRR¹	•	•	EPA 1992 ⁴ 2002 ¹²

Appendix	1. HRI	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	00	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
NA	ΙΑ	900-1304	Chromic Acid Spill - Building 991	HRR'	1	ı	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ¹²
NA	IA	900-1305	Building 991 Roof	HRR¹	1	•	EPA, 1992 ⁴ 2002 ¹²
NA	IA	900-1306	Transformers 991-1 and 991-2	HRR	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	
NA	IA	900-1307	Explosive Bonding Pit	HRR	Annual 1999 ²¹	•	-
NA	IA	900-1308	Gasoline Spill Outside of Building 980	Quarterly 616	Quarterly 8 ¹⁵ Annual 2001	Annual 2001	2002 ¹²
NA	BZ	900-1309	OU 2 Field Treatability Unit Spill	Quarterly 616	Quarterly 79 (900-1312)	Annual 1999 ²³	2000^{29}
					Quarterly 8 ¹⁵ Annual 1999 ²³		
NA	IA	900-1310	ITS Water Spill (identified as 000-502 in Quarterly 2, reassigned 900-1310 in Quarterly 79)	Quarterly 2 ⁵	Quarterly 36 Quarterly 79	•	•
NA	ΑI	900-1311	Septic Tank East of Building 991	Quarterly 79	Annual 1999 ²³ Annual 2000 ²⁶	Annual 1999 ²³ Annual 2000 ²⁶	2001^{31} 2002^{32}
NA	IA	900-1312	OU-2 Water Spill	Quarterly 79	Annual 1999 ²³	Annual 1999 ²³	1999 ²⁹
192	IA	900-1313	Seep Area Near OU-2 Influent	Quarterly 911	Annual 1999 ²³	Annual 1999 ²³	1999 ²⁹
101	IA	900-1314	Solar Evaporation Pond 207B Sludge Release	Quarterly 9 ¹³	1	Quarterly 9 ¹³	2002 14
NA	IA	900-1315	Tanker Truck Release on East Patrol Road, North of Spruce Ave	Quarterly 10 ¹¹	Quarterly 1118	Quarterly 1118	2002 14

Codate	Company, L.L.C. date for the Histor	I Company, L.L.C date for the Historical Release Report					KH-01-902 UN Rev 0
dix	1. HR	idix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
ro	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
	BZ	900-1316	Elevated Chromium (total) Identified During Geotechnical Drilling	Quarterly 1011	,	Quarterly 1011	2002 ¹⁴
	ΙΑ	900-1317	Soil Released from Wooden Crate in 964 Laydown Yard	Quarterly 1118	,	Quarterly 1118	2002 4
	IA	900-1318	Release of F001 Listed Waste Water to Soil	Annual	Annual 19987	Annual 1997	2001

Appendix 1.		HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
NA	BZ	900-1316	Elevated Chromium (total) Identified During Geotechnical Drilling	Quarterly 1011	•	Quarterly 10 ¹¹	2002 ¹⁴
176	ΙΑ	900-1317	Soil Released from Wooden Crate in 964 Laydown Yard	Quarterly 1118	1	Quarterly 1118	2002**
N A	ΙΑ	900-1318	Release of F001 Listed Waste Water to Soil (identified as 900-1307 in Annual 1997, reassigned 900-1318 in Annual 1998)	Annual 1997³	Annual 1998 ⁷ Annual 2000 ²⁶	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 2000 ²⁶	2001 ³¹ 2002 ³²
, X			ORFSITE AREA				
199	3	OFF-SITE AREA 1	Off-Site Area 1	HRR	Annual 1997 ³	-	OU 3 CAD/ROD ²²
200	3	OFF-SITE AREA 2	Great Western Reservoir	HRR	Annual 1997 ³	'	OU 3 CAD/ROD ²²
201	3	OFF-SITE AREA 3	Standley Lake	· HRR¹	Annual 1997 ³		OU 3 CAD/ROD ²²
202	е	OFF-SITE AREA 4	Mower Reservoir	HRR¹	Annual 1997		OU 3 CAD/ROD ²²
Š		Ì					
2 2 M	the state of the s		UNDER BUILDING CONTAMINATION	MINATION	1 ₂ -		
NA	IA	UBC-122	Building 122 (UBC-122)	HRR¹	•	1	
NA	IA	UBC-123	Building 123 (UBC-123)	HRR¹	Annual 1998 ⁷ Annual 2001	Annual 2002	1
NA	₹	UBC-125	Building 125 (UBC-125)	HRR	Annual 200215	•	2002 11
NA	ΥI	UBC-331	Building 331 (UBC-331)	HRR	1		
NA	Ι¥	UBC-371	Building 371 (UBC-371)	HRR			
NA	٨	UBC-374	Building 374 (UBC-374)	HRR¹		1	
NA	IA	UBC-439	Building 439 (UBC-439)	HRR¹	•	•	

Appendix	1. HRR	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS					
IHSS	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved
NA	₹I	UBC-440	Building 440 (UBC-440)	HRR¹			
NA	IA	UBC-441	Building 441 UBC-441)	HRR	1		
NA	IA	UBC-442	Building 442 (UBC-442)	HRR¹	ı	•	•
NA	IA	UBC-444	Building 444 (UBC-444)	HRR¹	1	•	•
NA	IA	UBC-447	Building 447 (UBC-447)	HRR	-	ŧ	•
NA	IA	UBC-528	Building 528 (UBC-528)	HRR	•	1	•
NA	ΙΑ	UBC-559	Building 559 (UBC-559)	HRR	•	1	,
NA	IA	UBC-701	Building 701 (UBC-701)	HRR	ą	ı	,
NA	ΙΑ	UBC-707	Building 707 (UBC-707)	HRR	1	1	,
NA	IA	UBC-731	Building 731 (UBC-731)	HRR	•	•	•
NA	ΙΑ	UBC-770	Building 770 UBC-770)	HRR¹	-	9	4
NA	IA	UBC-771	Building 771(UBC-771)	HRR ¹	Annual 2001	*	•
NA	IA	UBC-774	Building 774 (UBC-774)	HRR¹	-	1	•
NA	ΙΑ	UBC-776	Building 776 (UBC-776)	HRR ¹	-	1	•
NA	IA	UBC-777	Building 777 (UBC-777)	HRR ¹	1	1	•
NA	IA	UBC-778	Building 778 (UBC-778)	HRR¹	•	•	
NA	ΥI	UBC-779	Building 779 (UBC-779)	HRR¹	3	•	•
NA	<u>4</u>	UBC-865	Building 865 (UBC-865)	HRR¹	•	ı	•
NA	ΙĄ	UBC-881	Building 881 (UBC-881)	HRR¹	•	4	•
NA	ΙΑ	UBC-883	Building 883 (UBC-883)	HRR ¹	3	•	•
NA	ΙΑ	UBC-886	Building 886 (UBC-886)	HRR¹	Annual 2001	_	1
NA	ΙĄ	UBC-887	Building 887 (UBC-887)	HRR¹	•		•

Karser-Hill Company, L.L.C. Annual Update for the Historical Release Report

Appendix	1. HRF	Appendix 1. HRR Sites at RFETS						
IHSS	no	PAC	Description	Identified	Updated	Proposed NFA	NFA Recommendation Approved	
NA	IA	UBC-889	Building 889 (UBC-889)	HRR¹	•	Annual 2002	•	_
NA	IA	UBC-991	Building 991 (UBC-991)	HRR	•	_	•	
NA	NA	VV	PICs 1, 2, 3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12, 13, 16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36, 37, 38, 39, 40, 43, 45, 46, 48, 49, 50, 51, 52, 53, 54, 55, 56, 58, 59, 60, 61	HRR¹	2002	1	2002 ¹⁴	
NA	AN	NA	PICs 4, 6, 9, 11, 14, 15, 17, 18, 41, 42, 44, 47, 57	HRR	2002	•		T

Datc 09/02

- Historical Release Report for the Rocky Flats Plant, Rocky Flats Plant, Golden, CO, June, 1992
- Annual Update for the Historical Release Report, RF/ER-96-0046, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September, 1996
- Annual Update for the Historical Release Report, RF/RMRS-97-073 UN, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September, 1997
- EPA, 1992 Correspondence to R Schassburger, DOE RFO, from M Hestmark, EPA Region VIII, RE Potential Area of Concern Needing Further Investigation, December 23 4
- Historical Release Report Second Quarterly Update, October 1, 1992 to January 1, 1993 2
- Historical Release Report, Third Quarterly Update, January 1, 1993 to April 1, 1993 9
- Annual Update for the Historical Release Report, RF/RMRS-98-269 UN, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September 7
- Historical Release Report, Fourth Quarterly Update, April 1, 1993 to July 1, 1993
- Historical Release Report, Seventh Quarterly Update, January 1, 1994 to March 31, 1994 6
- Historical Release Report, Fifth Quarterly Update, July 1, 1993 to October 1, 1993 0
- Historical Release Report, Tenth Quarterly Update, October 1, 1994 to December 31, 1994 Ξ
- Corrective Action Decision/Record of Decision for OU 16 Low Priority Sites, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO August, 1994 12
- Historical Release Report, Ninth Quarterly Update, July 1, 1994 to September 30, 1994 13
- Operable Unit 11 Final Combined Phases RFI/RI Report, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, June, 1995 7
- Historical Release Report, Eighth Quarterly Update, April 1, 1994 to June 30, 1994 15
- Historical Release Report, Sixth Quarterly Update, October 1, 1993 to January 1, 1994 16
- Historical Release Report, Twelfth Quarterly Update, April 1, 1995 to June 30, 1995 11
- Historical Release Report, Eleventh Quarterly Update, January 1, 1995 to March 31, 1995
- 8
- CDPHE, 1998, Excavated Soil Adjacent to Building 701 (cc mail from C Spreng to L Brooks), Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July 19
- Corrective Action Decision/Record of Decision, Operable Unit 1 881 Hillside Area, IHSS 119 1, Department of Energy, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, February, 1997 20
- Corrective Action Decision/Record of Decision for OU 15 Inside Building Closures, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, August, 1995 71
- Final Corrective Action Decision/Record of Decision Declaration, Operable Unit 3, Department of Energy, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, July, 22
- Annual Update for the Historical Release Report, RF/RMRS-99-428 UN, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September, 1999 23
- Historical Release Report, First Quarterly Report submitted September 30, 1992 24
- 25 KH, 2000, Historical Release Report (Interim Update) and Response to Comments for HRR Annual Updates (1997, 1998 & 1999), Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site,

Date 09/02

- Annual Update for the Historical Release Report, KH-00-900 UN, Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site, Golden, CO, September, 2000
- EPA, CDPHE, 1999 Correspondence to J Legare, DOE RFO, from T Rehder, EPA Region VIII, S Gunderson, CDPHE, RE 1997 Annual HRR Review, July 9, 1999
- EPA, CDPHE, 1999 Correspondence to J Legare, DOE RFO, from T Rehder, EPA Region VIII, S Gunderson, CDPHE, RE 1998 Annual HRR Review, July 9, 1999
- EPA, CDPHE, 2000 Correspondence to J Legare, DOE RFO, from T Rehder, EPA Region VIII, S Gunderson, CDPHE, RE 1999 Annual HRR Review, June 23, 2000 29
- EPA, CDPHE, 2001 Correspondence to J Legare, DOE RFO, from T Rehder, EPA Region VIII, S Gunderson, CDPHE, RE NFA PAC 100-607, April 12, 2001
- CDPHE, 2001, Preliminary Electronic Correspondence to MC Broussard, from C Spreng CDPHE, RE 2000 Annual HRR Review, September 2001 30

31

- EPA, CDPHE, 2002 Correspondence to J Legare, DOE RFO, from T Rehder, EPA Region VIII, S Gunderson, CDPHE, RE Approval of NFA Designation for IHSSs & PACs, February 14, 2002 32
- EPA, CDPHE, 2002 Correspondence to J Legare, DOE RFO, from T Rehder, EPA Region VIII, S Gunderson, CDPHE, RE No Further Action Justification for Bldg 125 **UBC**, April 2, 2002 33
- EPA, CDPHE, 2002 Correspondence to J Legare, DOE RFO, from T Rehder, EPA Region VIII, S Gunderson, CDPHE, RE Approval of NFA designation for IHSSs, PACs, and PICs, September 26, 2002 34
- Additional clarification supporting NFA status is provided in the 2002 HRR narratives, based on discussions of FY02 HRR Working Group 35
- Further clarification of NFA status is provided by NFA Approval Letter, based on FY02 HRR Working Group discussion 36

Appendix 2

Correspondence

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Revises 01/02

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Joe Legare
Assistant Administrator for Environment and Infrastructure
U S Department of Energy-RFFO
10808 Highway 93, Unit A

RE Approval of NFA designation for IHSSs and PACs

Dear Mr Legare

Golden CO 80401-8200

February 14, 2002

Since 1994 the Site has been proposing IHSSs and PACs for No Further Action (NFA) or No Further Remedial Action (NFRA) in the annual and quarterly Updates to the Historic Release Reports (HRR) No formal process was in place for the agencies to disposition the proposed NFA/NFRA sites. This fall an NFA Working Group developed and implemented a systematic approach for reviewing NFA/NFRA proposals in accordance with RFCA Attachment 6 and the Implementation Guidance Document Using this systematic approach, 79 proposed sites were discussed during November and December 2001. It was agreed that 63 of the 79 sites meet the criteria for NFA/NFRA sites. This letter provides formal approval of these 63 sites listed in the attached table (Table 1). The remaining sixteen sites either require additional information, additional characterization, or limited remediation prior to approval as NFA/NFRA sites. Approved meeting minutes are located in the Site Project File and provide a record of discussions and agreements reached among the NFA Working Group members.

NFA meeting discussions also resulted in several corrections or clarifications to previous HRR Updates and associated correspondence. Some of the items are significant enough that they will be addressed in the 2002 Annual HRR Update. Other items only require documentation here in order to complete the process. Table 2 describes these clarifications and corrections.

If you have any questions please contact Gary Kleeman (EPA), 303-312-6246, Carl Spreng (CDPHE), 303-692-3358 or Reginald Tyler (DOE), 303-966-5927



Sincerely,

Steven H Gunderson

RFCA Project Coordinator

Colorado Department of Public

Health and Environment

Enclosure

cc w/Enc

L Butler, KH

M Broussard, KH

R Tyler, ERWM, RFFO

G Kleeman, EPA

C Spreng, CDPHE

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Rocky Flats Project Manager **Environmental Protection Agency**

List of Recently Approved NFAs Table I

	1	<u>1</u>		en den monte percepto		т					
NOTES	, , ,								, , .		
APPROVED	****	12/5/01	12/5/01		12/19/01	12/19/01	12/19/01	12/19/01	3. 2. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3. 3.	11/14/01	11/14/01
UPDATED		Annual 2001	Annual 1997³ Annual 2001		Quarterly 7° Quarterly 8 ¹⁵ Annual 2001	Annual 1996 ² Annual 2001	Annual 1996² Annual 2001	Quarterly 8 ¹⁵ Annual 2001		Quarterly 7° Annual 2000 ²⁶	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 2000 ²⁶
IDENTIFIED	Kurinal HRRE Update 🖖	HRR¹	Quarterly 9 ¹³		Quarterly 6 ¹⁶	HRR¹	HRR¹	Quarterly 616	nanal HRR I pdate	Quarterly 5 ¹⁰	HRR¹
DESCRIPTION	Adjoint the second	Ash Pit 3	Recently Identified Ash Pit (also referred to as TDEM-1)		Tank T-2 Spill in Building 460	Building 865 Drum Storage	Building 883 Drum Storage	Gasoline Spill Outside of Building 980	en et skipter in a state of the skipter of	Modular Tanks and 910 Treatment System Spill (formerly 000-503)	Building 371 Parking Lot (2 locations designated on Plate #2)
PAC		SW-133 3	SW-1701		400-812	800-179	800-180	900-1308		NE-1409	300-156 1
90		ۍ	S		4	15	15	₹		BZ	ı
IHSS		133 3	A'N		A'A	179	180	AN AN		AN A	156 1

List of Recently Approved NFAs Table I

	NOTES							2000 Sign Sign Sign Sign Sign Sign Sign Sign	
	APPROVED		11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01			***************************************
	UPDATED		Annual 1997³ Annual 2000 ²⁶	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 1998 ⁷ Annual 2000 ²⁶	Annual 1999 ²³ Annual 2000 ²⁶	Annual 1998' Annual 2000 ²⁶			
Table 1	IDENTIFIED		HRR'	HRR'	Quarterly 7°	Annual 1997³			
J.a	DESCRIPTION		Valve Vault 7	Trench T-1	Septic Tank East of Building 991	Release of F001 Listed Waste Water to Soil	(identified as 500-130) in Annual 1997, reassigned 900-1318 in Annual 1998)		
	749	נשה	700-123 1	900-108	900-1311	900-1318			
			≾	BZ	₹	₹			
	3000	IHON	123 1	108	NA	A'A		244	

List of Recently Approved NFAs Table I

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NOTES	NOTES											
44.0	APPROVED		11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01		12/19/01
	UPDATED		Anrual 1996²	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	Amual 1996 ²	Annual 1996 ²	٠		Quarterly 3° Quarterly 7°
	IDENTIFIED	Section of the second	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ²	HIRK Update?	Quarterly 25
	DESCRIPTION		Trench A	Trench B	Trench C	Pond Area Spray Field (Center Area)	South Area Spray Field	East Spray Fields - North Area	Ongnal Uranum Chp Roaster	Release of Spent Photographic Fixer Solution	Hamilton (Junishin)	Improper Disposal of Diesel- Contamnated Material at Landfill (formerly NW-177)
	PAC		NE-166 1	NE-1662	NE-166 3	NE-1672	NE-167 3	NE-216 1	400-204	500-909		NW-1502
	no		٥	9	9	-	7	9	2	₹.		7
	IHSS		1661	1662	1663	167 2	1673	216 1	204	158		114

List of Recently Approved NFAs Table 1

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	NOTES		; ;									
	APPROVED	12/19/01		12/19/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	12/19/01	12/19/01	11/14/01	11/14/01
	UPDATED	Quarterly 78	Umg Cupted tanducted to the first of the	ı	,	•	•	•	•	•		
	IDENTIFIED	Quarterly 124	100		HRR¹	HRR	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹
	DESCRIPTION	Improper Disposal of Fuel Contaminated Material at Landfill	n zkat in kalata isom indfalo.	Tear Gas Pow	NE Buffer Zone Gas Line Break	East Inner Gate PCB Spill	Gasoline Spill - Building 920 Guard Post	Fuel Spill into Woman Creek Drainage	Roadway Spraying	Mercury Spill - Valve Vault 124-B, Building 124	Building 123 Phosphone Acid Spill	T130 Complex Sewer Line Leaks
	PAC	NW-1503		NE-1400	NE-1401	NE-1402	NE-1403	SW-1700	000-501	100-600	100-601	100-604
	00	7		BZ	BZ	BZ	BZ	BZ	BZ	ξ <u>I</u>	¥.	ΙΑ
	SSHI	114		NA	A A	AA A	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA

List of Recently Approved NFAs Table 1

					-				Т	
NOTES										
APPROVED	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01
UPDATED	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•	•
IDENTIFIED	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹
DESCRIPTION	Buidmg 115 Hydraulic Oii Spill	Building 125 TCE Spill	Asbestos Release - Building 123	Battery Solution Spill - Building 119	Scrap Roofing Disposal	Sulfunc Acid Spill – Building 371	Building 331 North Area	Roof Fire, Building 381	Potassuum Hydroxide Spill North of Building 374	Evaporator Tanks North of Building 374
PAC	100-605	100-606	100-610	100-612	300-700	300-701	300-703	300-704	300-705	300-706
no	₹	IA.	YI Y	₹	ΑI	₹.	¥1	Ā	4	IA
IHSS	A'N	N.A	NA	NA AN	NA	A'X	NA	ΑΝ	ĄN	NA

List of Recently Approved NFAs Table 1

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	NOTES										
	APPROVED	12/19/01	11/14/01	12/5/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01	11/14/01
	UPDATED		,		•			,	•	•	
	IDENTIFIED	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR ¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR¹	HRR1
	DESCRIPTION	Santizer Spill	Gasoline Spill North of Building 331	Building 443 Tank #9 Leak	Catalyst Spill, Building 440	Vacuum Pump Leak - Building 442	Oil Leak - 446 Guard Post	RCRA Storage Unit #1	Compressor Waste Oil Spill - Building 776	Uranum Incident - Building 778	Sulfuric Acid Spill, Building 883
	PAC	300-707	300-710	400-805	400-806	400-808	400-809	500-903	700-1107	700-1109	800-1202
	no	₹	4	₹I	¥.	Į.	₹I	4	IA	শ্ব	Ι¥
	IHSS	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA A	NA

List of Recently Approved NFAs Table I

						Carro Carre	NOTES
SSHI	no	PAC	DESCRIPTION	IDENTIFIED	UPDATED	AFFROVED	GION I
NA	₹	800-1203	Santary Sewer Line Break Between Buildings 865 and 886	HRR¹		11/14/01	
NA	¥	800-1206	Fire, Building 883	HRR¹	•	11/14/01	
NA	Į.	800-1211	Capacitor Leak, Building 883	HRR¹	1	11/14/01	
NA A	IA	900-1302	Gasoline Spill	HRR¹	•	11/14/01	
NA A	ΙĄ	900-1303	Natural Gas Leak	HRR¹	1	11/14/01	
₹.		900-1304	Chromic Acid Spill - Building 991	HRR¹		11/14/01	
NA	ΙΨ	900-1305	Building 991 Roof	HRR¹	,	11/14/01	

TABLE 2 Clarifications to documentation associated with recently approved NFA/NFRA sites

YEAR	PAC	TITLE	CORRECTION / CLARIFICATION
2000	600-164 1	B771 Radioactive Slab	Appendix 1, pg 124 The correct title should read Radioactive Slab from Building 771
2000	600-1001(a)	Waste Oil in PAC 1001	Page 47 As stated, PAC 600-1001 will be investigated. It is only the waste oil spill identified as 600-1001(a) which was cleaned up upon discovery that is agreed to as NFA.
2000	100-607	B111 Transformer PCB Leak	As way of clarification to a statement in the October 2, 2001 CDPHE letter stating that the Site had not proposed this PAC as a potential NFA, This PAC was not proposed in the 2001 Annual Update to the HRR because PAC 600-607 was approved NFA via separate letter dated April 12, 2001, and required no further evaluation.
2001	100-603	B123 Bioassay Waste Spill	Clarification is required due to confusion over the write-up provided under Description of Operation or Occurrence and Physical/Chemical Description Constituent Released in the 2001 HRR The release was contained with-in the trench and 8 feet of the building with berms as confirmed by sampling. Based on this, rainwater being pumped from the trench at the time of the release at locations greater than 8 feet from the building and both south and southeast of the building was not contaminated by the release. The contaminated rainwater contained with-in the bermed area of the trench totaled approximately 100 gallons and was neutralized, pumped and treated at 374.





April 2, 2002

Mr Joe Legare
Assistant Administrator for Environment and Infrastructure
U S Department of Energy-RFFO
10808 Highway 93, Unit A
Golden CO 80401-8200

RE No Further Action Justification for Building 125 Under Building Contamination

Dear Mr Legare

The Colorado Department of Public Health and Environment and the Environmental Protection Agency have reviewed the document referenced above. The agencies concur with the justification in this Interim Update to the Historical Release Report. We therefore approve this recommendation for No Further Action for UBC-125

If you have any questions concerning the approval of this document, please contact Carl Spreng of CDPHE at 303-692-3358 or Gary Kleeman of EPA at 303-312-6246

Sincerely.

Steven H Gunderson

RFCA Project Coordinator

Colorado Department of Public

Health and Environment

cc Reg Tyler, DOE

Dave Shelton, K-H

Lane Butler, K-H

Administrative Record, T130G

Tım Rehder

Rocky Flats Project Manager

Tim Rehar 1

Environmental Protection Agency

Dan Miller, AGO

Susan Chakı, CDPHE

Steve Tarlton, CDPHE-RFOU

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September 26, 2002

Mr Joe I egare
Assistant Administrator for Environment and Infrastructure
U S Department of Energy-RFFO
10808 Highway 93, Unit A
Golden CO 80401-8200

RE Approval of NFA designation for IHSSs, PACs, and PICs

Dear Mr Legare

Since 1994 the Site has been proposing IHSSs and PACs for No Further Action (NFA) or No Further Remedial Action (NFRA) in the annual and quarterly Updates to the Historic Release Report (HRR) In the fall of 2001 an NFA Working Group developed and implemented a systematic approach for reviewing NFA/NFRA proposals in accordance with RFCA Attachment 6 and the Implementation Guidance Document. Using this systematic approach, 28 additional sites were approved as NFA/NFRA sites at Working Group meetings during January through April 2002. In addition, 48 of the 61 Potential Incidents of Concern (PICs) described in the original 1992 HRR were approved as NFAs. The remaining 13 PICs will be discussed further during future Working Group meetings. This letter provides formal approval of the 28 NFA/NFRA sites and the 48 PICs listed in the attached table. Approved meeting minutes are located in the Site Project File and provide a record of discussions and agreements reached among NFA Working Group members.

If you have any questions please contact Gary Kleeman (EPA), 303-312-6246, Carl Spreng (CDPHE), 303-692-3358 or Reginald Tyler (DOE), 303-966-5927

Sincerely,

Steven H Gunderson
RFCA Project Coordinator

Colorado Department of Public

Health and Environment

Tim Rehder

Rocky Flats Project Manager

Environmental Protection Agency

STATUS OF PROPOSED NFAs

IHSS	no	PAC	DESCRIPTION	DENTIFIED	UPDATED	NOTES	MEETING
506	IA	300-206	Inactive D-836 Hazardous Waste Tank	HRR¹	Annual 2001	NFA	20/LZ/Z
189	IA	600-189	Nitric Acid Tank	HRR	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 2000 ²⁶ Ann.al 2001	NFA	1/31/02
170	BZ	NW-170	PU&D Storage Yard - Waste Spills	HRR ¹	Annual 1997 ³ Annual 1998 ⁷ Annual 1999 ⁷	NFA	20/22/2
		学の () () () () () () () () () (を 一	A STATE OF THE STA			
142 6	BZ	NE-1404	Diesel Spill at Pond B-2 Spillway	Quarterly 2 ⁵	Quarterly 3 ⁶ Annual 1998 ⁷	NFA	20112/2
212	ΑΙ	300-212	Building 371 Drum Storage Area, Unit 63 (deferred to Part VIII of the RFETS RCRA Mixed Residues Modification, see Annual 1997)	HRR'	Annual 1997 ³	NFA	2/27/02
NA	ΑI	700-1114a	Release During Liquid Transfer Operations from Bldg 774	Annual 1997 ³	•	NFA	20/12/7
NA	ΑΊ	700-1114b	Release During Liquid Transfer Operations from Bldg 774	Annual 1997³	1	NFA	2/27/02
109	BZ	900-109	Trench T-2 - Ryan's Pit	HRR¹	Annual 1996 ² Annual 1997 ³	NFA	4/03/02

STATUS OF PROPOSED NFAS

IHSS	00	PAC	DESCRIPTION	IDENTIFIED	UPDATED	NOTES	MEETING DATE
NA	ΙΑ	400-814	Air Conditioner Compressor Release, Bldg 444 Roof	Quarterly 8 ¹⁵		NFA	3/13/02
NA	BZ	NE-1410	Diesel Fuel Spill at Field Treatability Unit	Quarterly 79	,	NF4	1/31/02
NA	BZ	NE-1411	Diesel Fuel Overflowed from Tanker at OU 2 Field Treatability Unit	Quarterly 79	,	NFA	2011272
114	7	NW-1504	Improper Disposal of Thorosilane Contaminated Material at Landfill	Quarterly 79	,	NFA	1/31/02
NA	IA	000-203	Solar Pond Water Spill Along Central Avenue	Quarterly 79	,	NFA	1/31/02
AA	ΙΑ	100-613	Asphalt Surface in Lay Down Yard North of Building 130 (identified as 000-501 in Quarterly 48, reassigned as 100- 613 in Quarterly 79)	Quarterly 48	Quarterly 79	NFA	20/1/2/2
NA	IA	300-711	N1-Cad Battery Spill Outside of Building 373	Quarterly 1 ²⁴	Quarterly 79	NFA	1/31/02
NA	IA	300-712	1/2 gal Antifreeze Spilled by Street Sweeper Outside of Building 373	Quarterly 79	,	NFA	1/31/02
	fiscell	incous Sites for	When wheelthootis sites. CPA approved in 1992 (CLEPITE	me greened sample gen	ally concurred.	and with concurred. Need written concurrence.	nce.
NA	BZ	SE-1600	Pond 7 - Steam Condensate Releases	HRR	ı	NFA	4/03/02



Kleeman.Gary@epama il.epa.gov 07/30/02 05 41 PM

To Reginald Tyler@rf doe gov
cc Marcella Broussard@rfets gov, carl spreng@state co us
Subject PICs

Here are the PICs that I feel warrant further investigation #s 6, 9, 11, 14, 18, 41, 42, and 44 gk

Appendix 3 Areas of (Non RFCA) Soil Put-back

Appendix 4

Plates

THIS TARGET SHEET REPRESENTS AN OVER-SIZED MAP / PLATE FOR THIS DOCUMENT:

(Ref: 01-RF-02273; JLB-021-01)

Annual Update Historical Release Report

(August 1, 2001 through August 1, 2002)

September 2002

Plate 1:

Individual Hazardous Substance Sites by Consolidated Operable Unit

As of September 2002

September 27, 2002

CERCLA Administrative Record Document, SW-A-004400

U S DEPARTEMENT OF ENERGY ROCKY FLATS ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY SITE

THIS TARGET SHEET REPRESENTS AN OVER-SIZED MAP / PLATE FOR THIS DOCUMENT:

(Ref. 01-RF-02273; JLB-021-01)

Annual Update Historical Release Report

(August 1, 2001 through August 1, 2002)

September 2002

Plate 2:

No Further Action Individual Hazardous Substance Sites and Potential Areas of Concern

(Including Proposed NFAs)

As of September 2002

September 27, 2002

CERCLA Administrative Record Document, SW-A-004400

U S DEPARTEMENT OF ENERGY ROCKY FLATS ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY SITE

THIS TARGET SHEET REPRESENTS AN OVER-SIZED MAP / PLATE FOR THIS DOCUMENT:

(Ref: 01-RF-02273; JLB-021-01)

Annual Update Historical Release Report

(August 1, 2001 through August 1, 2002)

September 2002

Plate 3:

Original Process Waste Lines and New Process Waste Lines

September 27, 2002

CERCLA Administrative Record Document, SW-A-004400

U S DEPARTEMENT OF ENERGY ROCKY FLATS ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY SITE

THIS TARGET SHEET REPRESENTS AN OVER-SIZED MAP / PLATE FOR THIS DOCUMENT.

(Ref. 01-RF-02273; JLB-021-01)

Annual Update Historical Release Report

(August 1, 2001 through August 1, 2002)

September 2002

Plate 4:

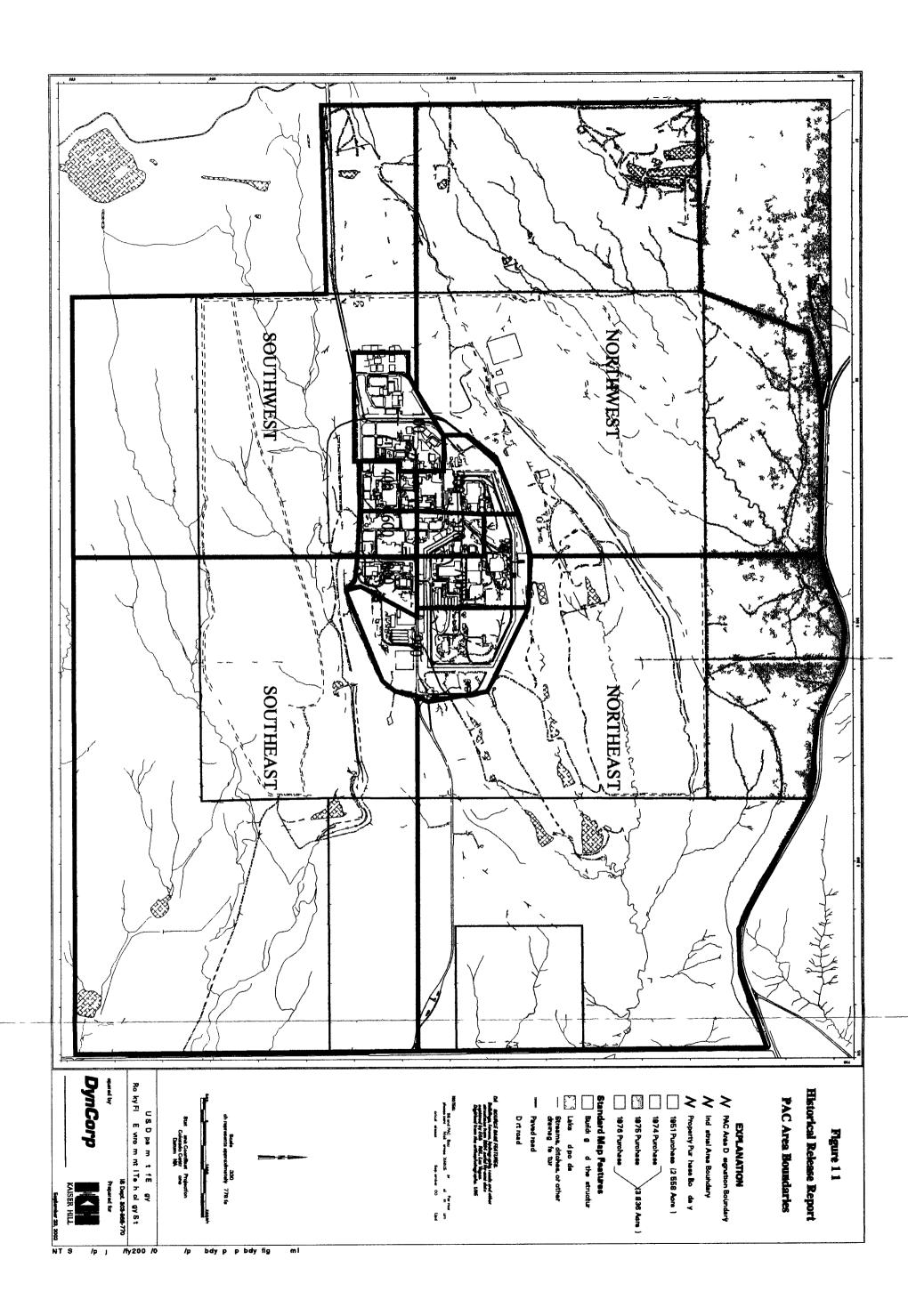
Potential Areas of Concern and under Building Contamination Sites

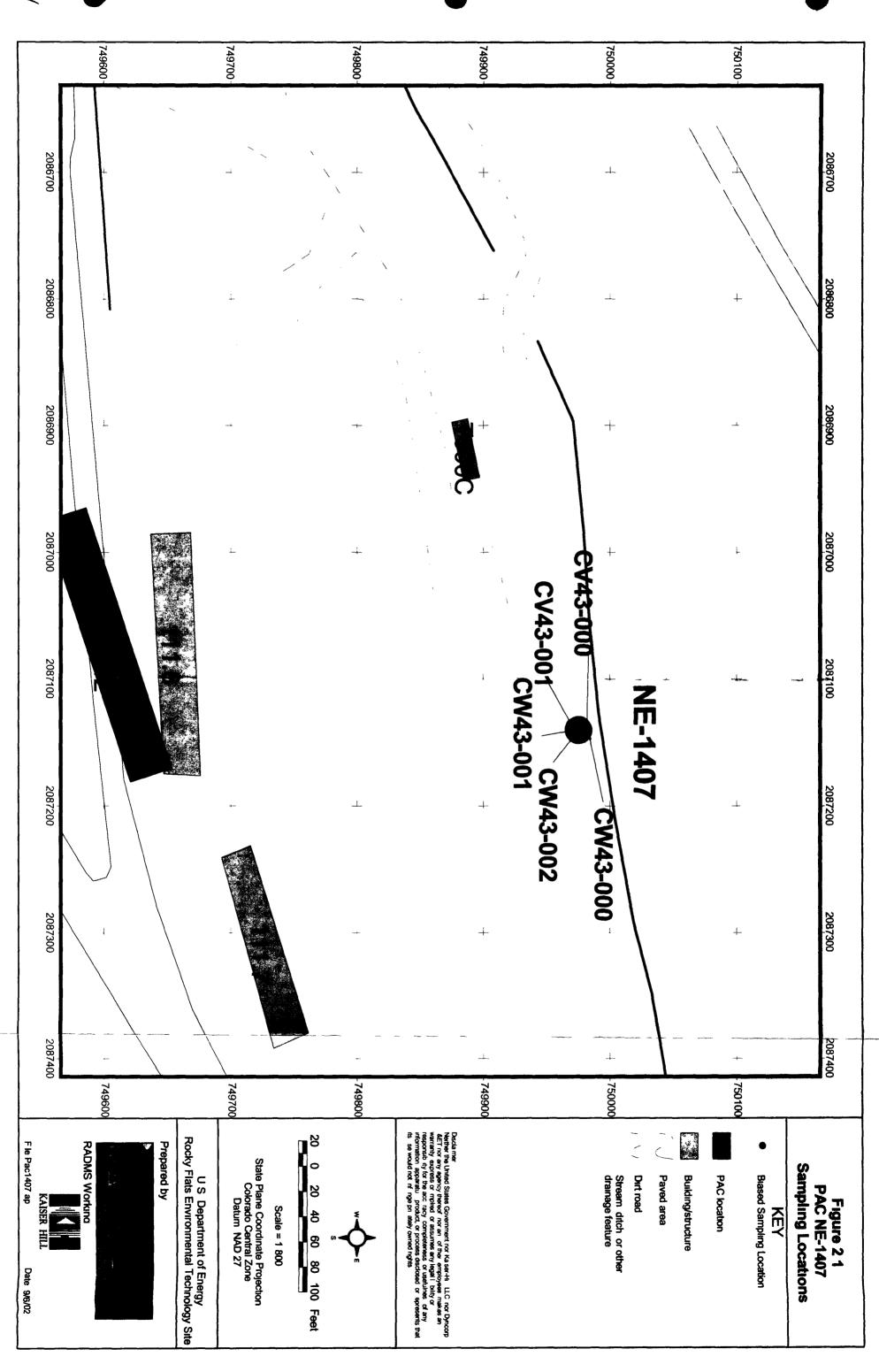
As of September 2002

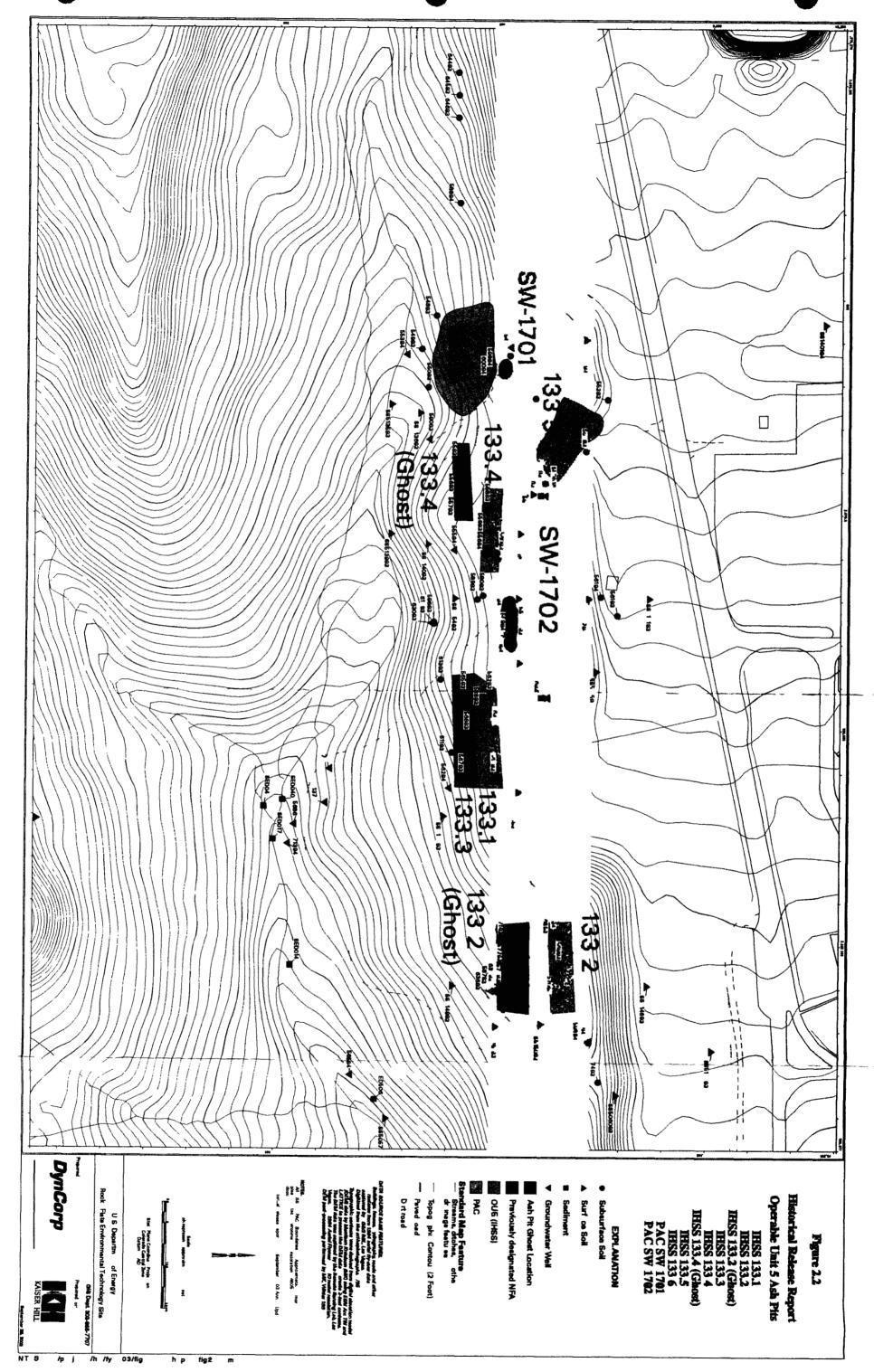
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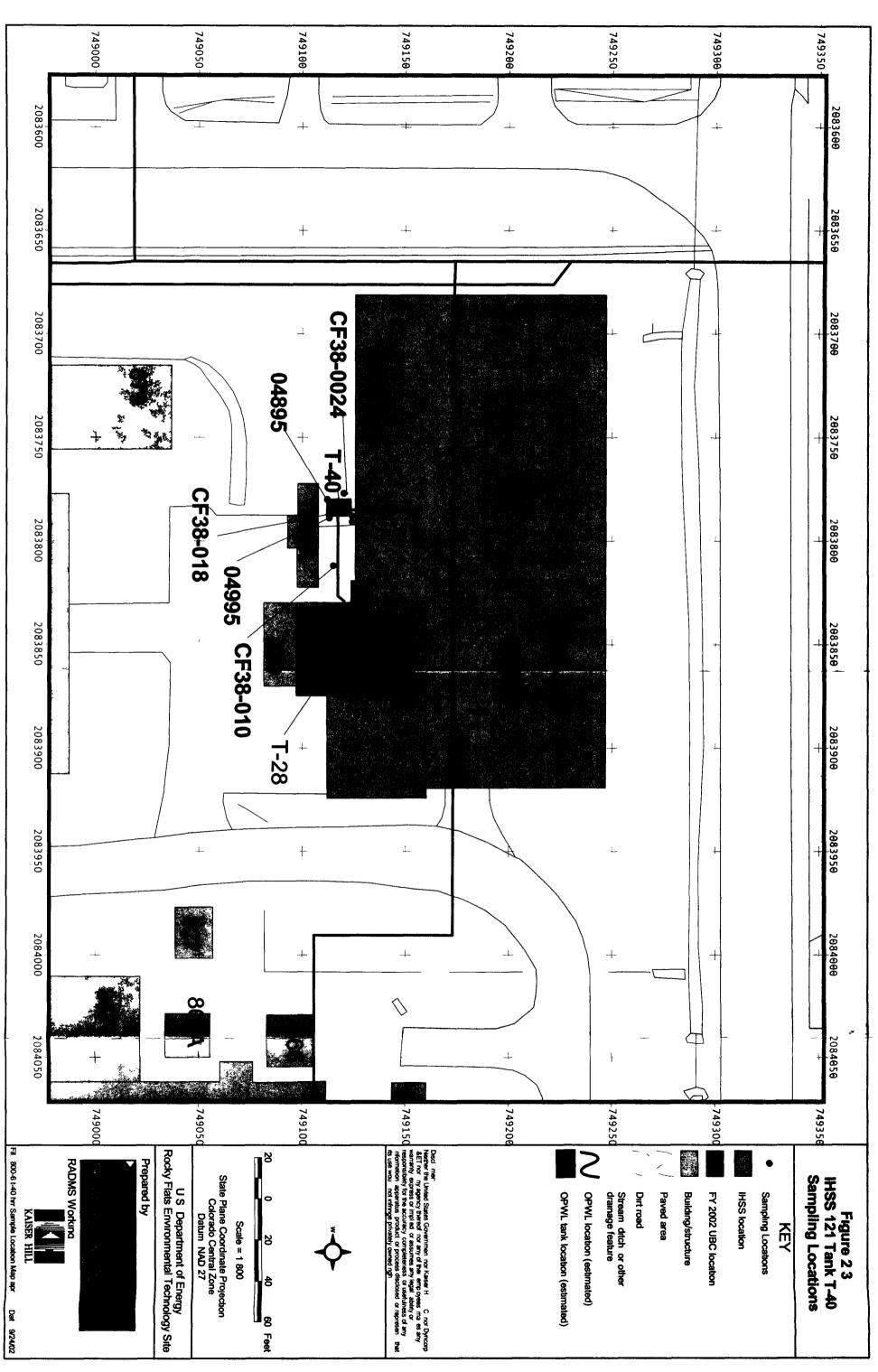
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U S DEPARTEMENT OF ENERGY ROCKY FLATS ENVIRONMENTAL TECHNOLOGY SITE

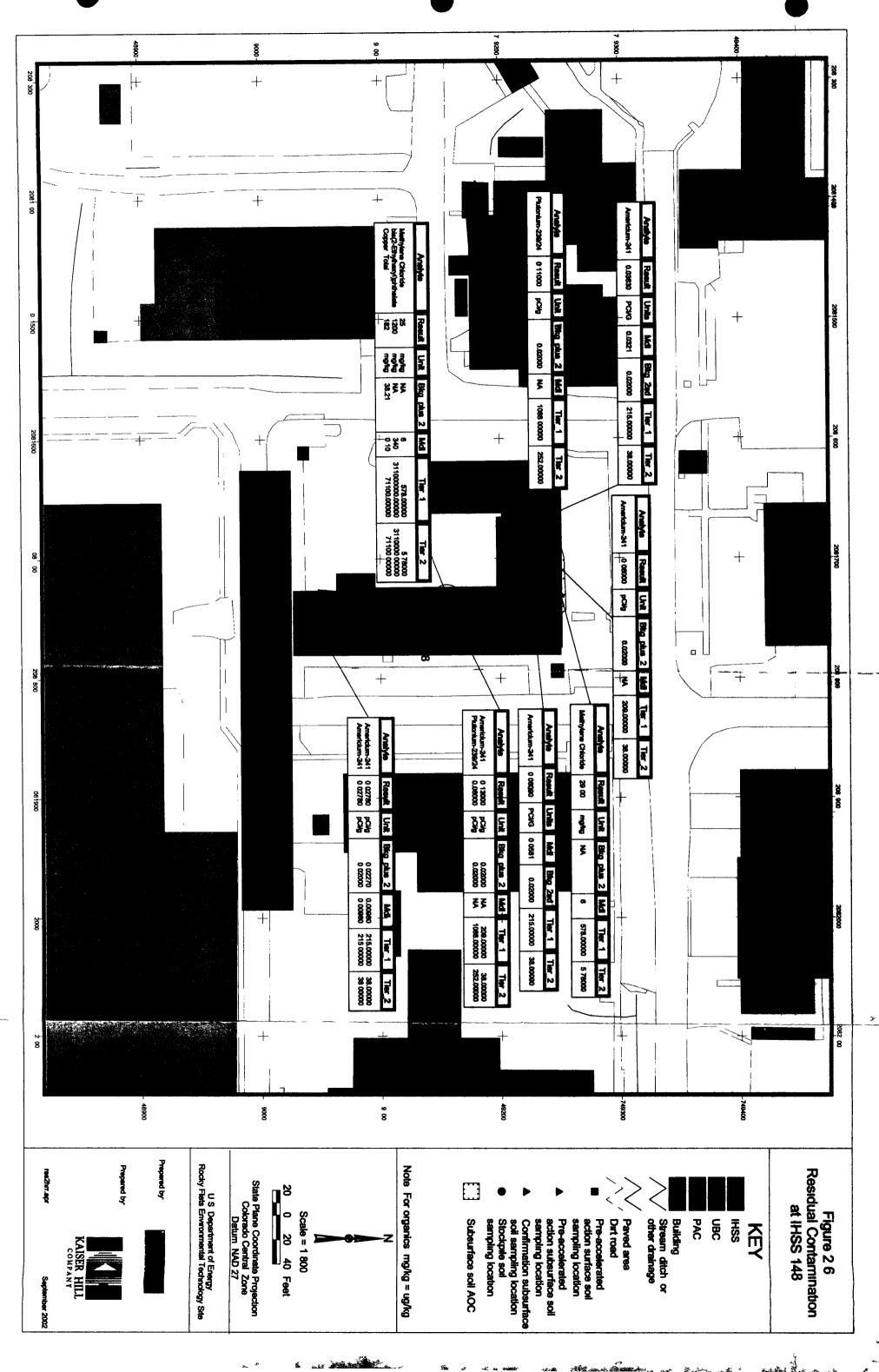


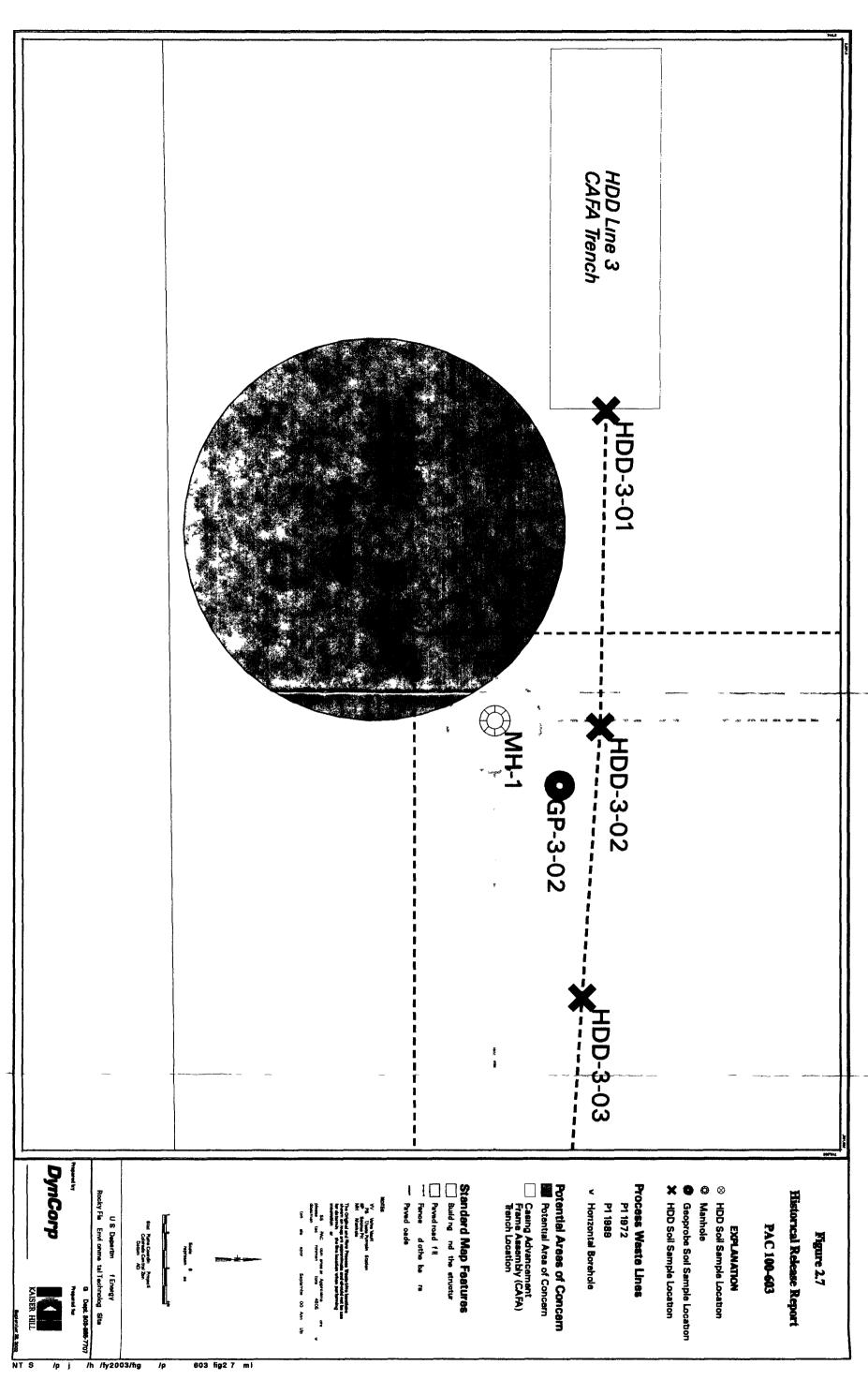


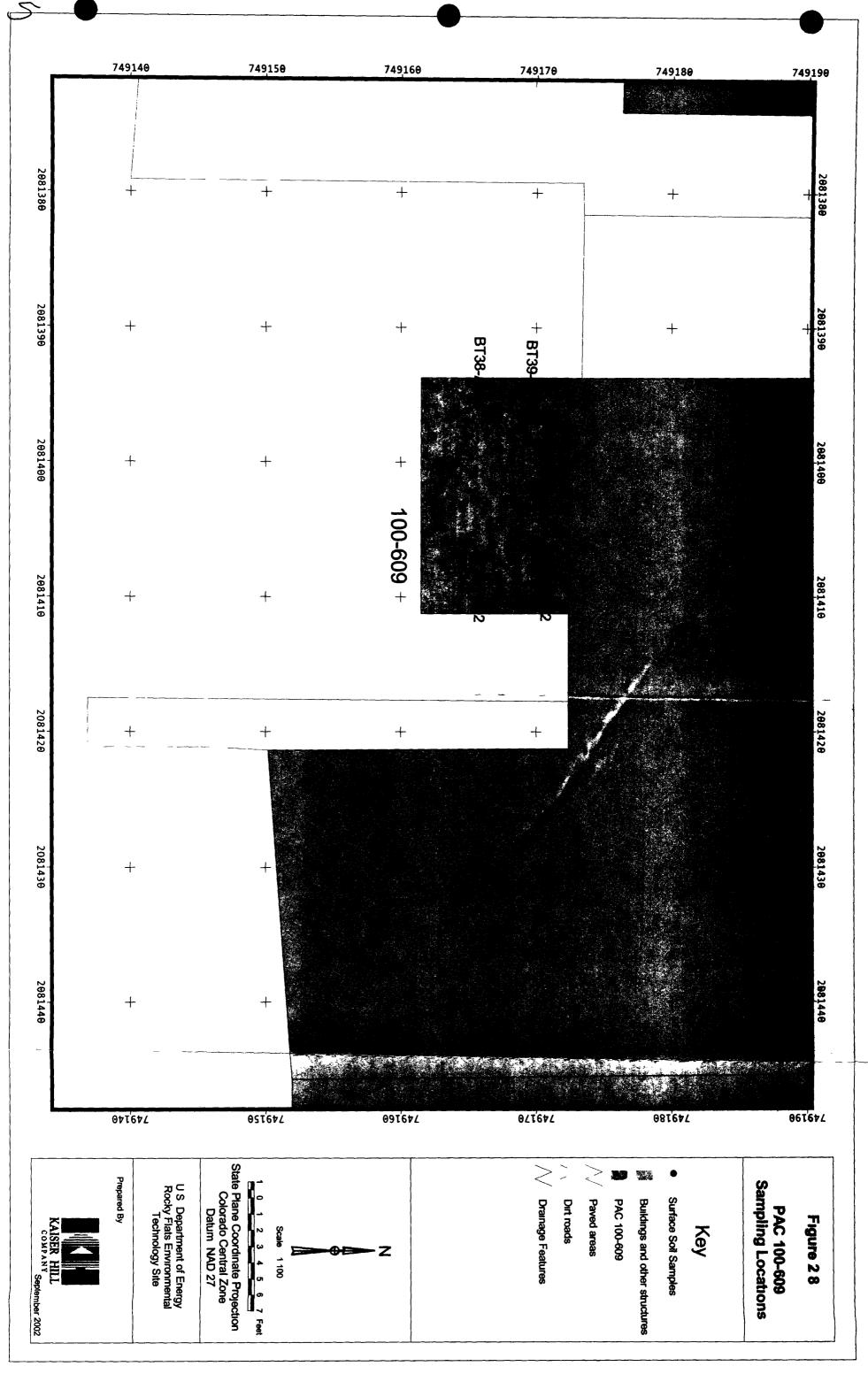


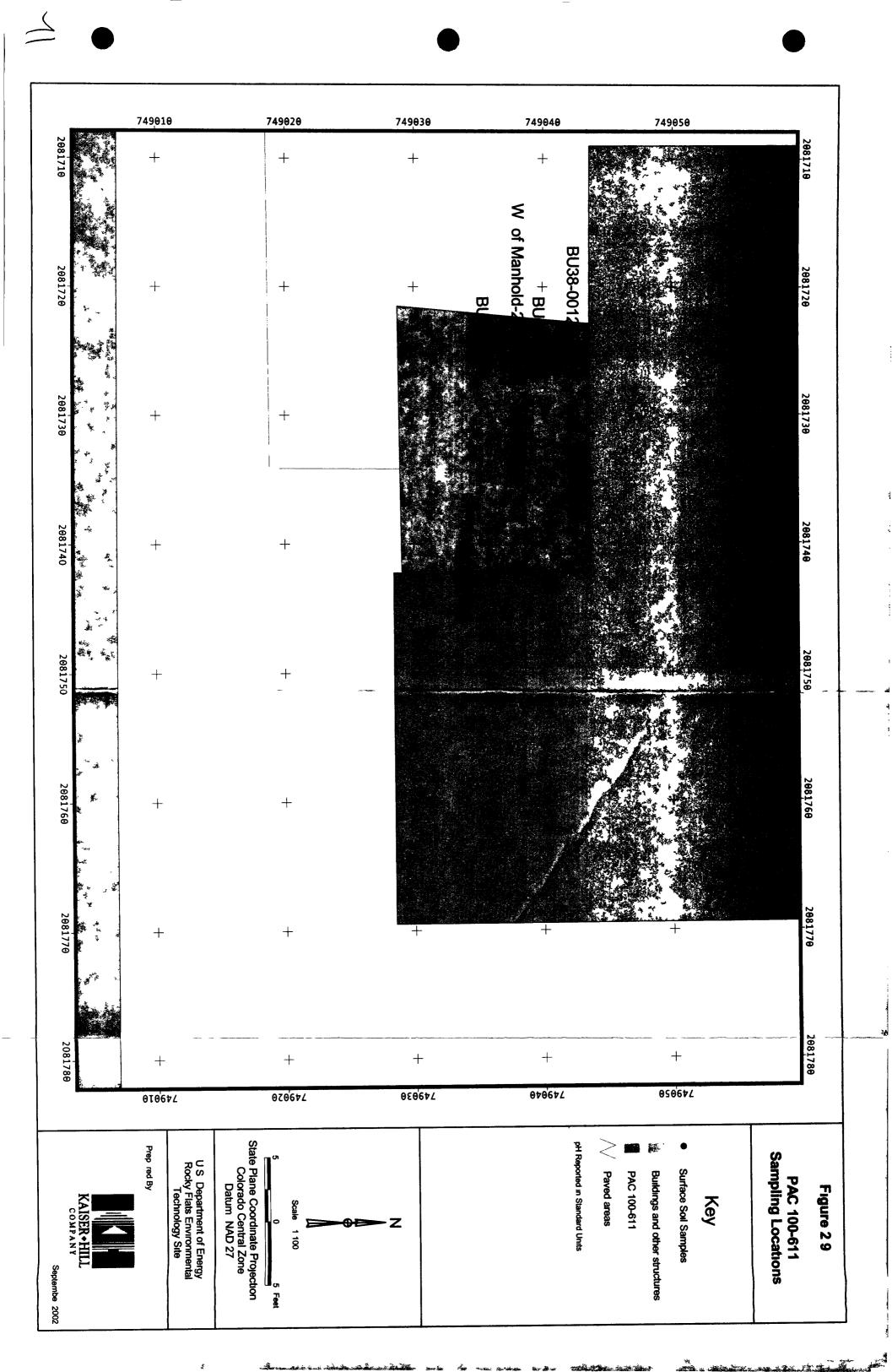


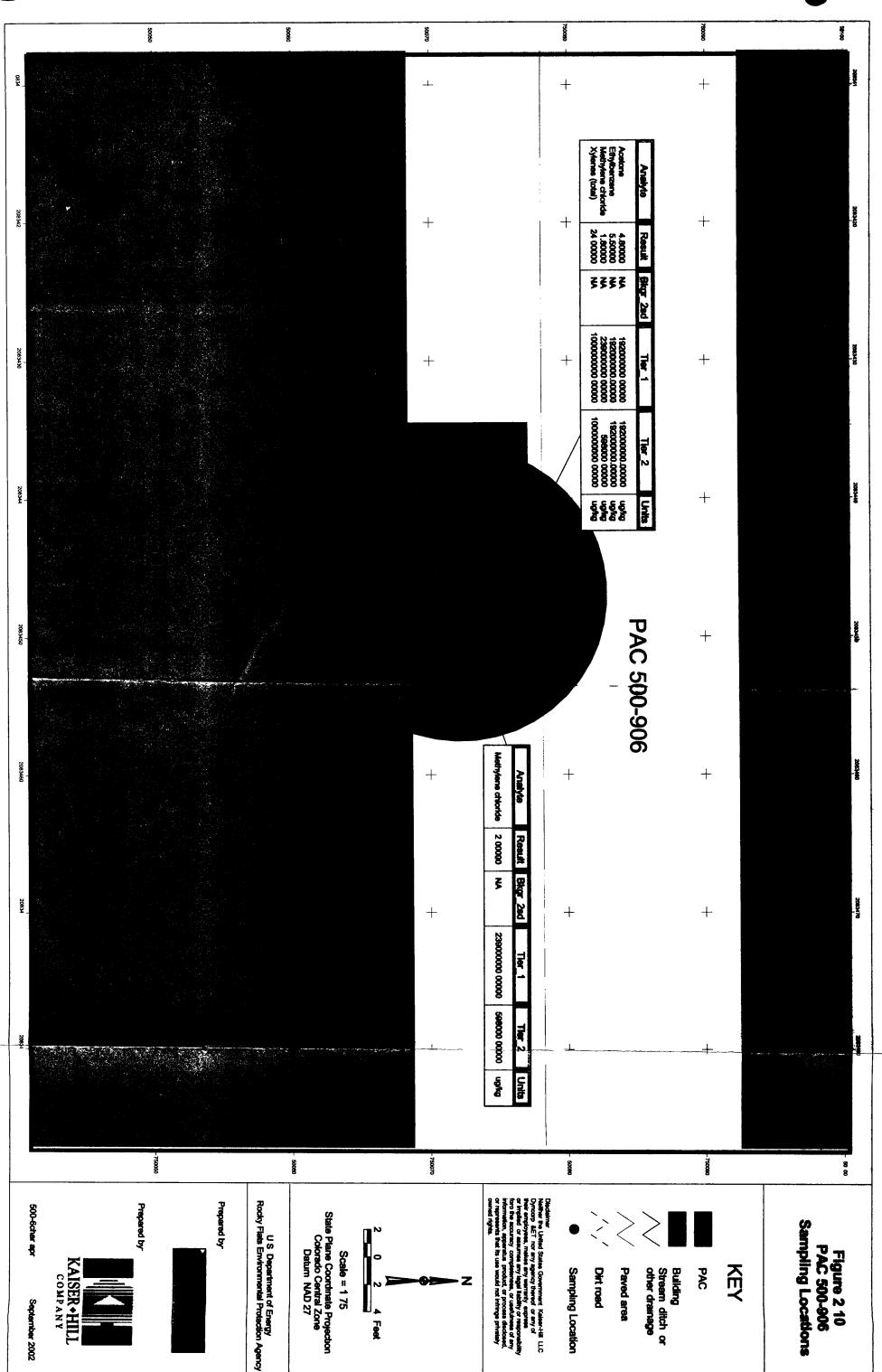






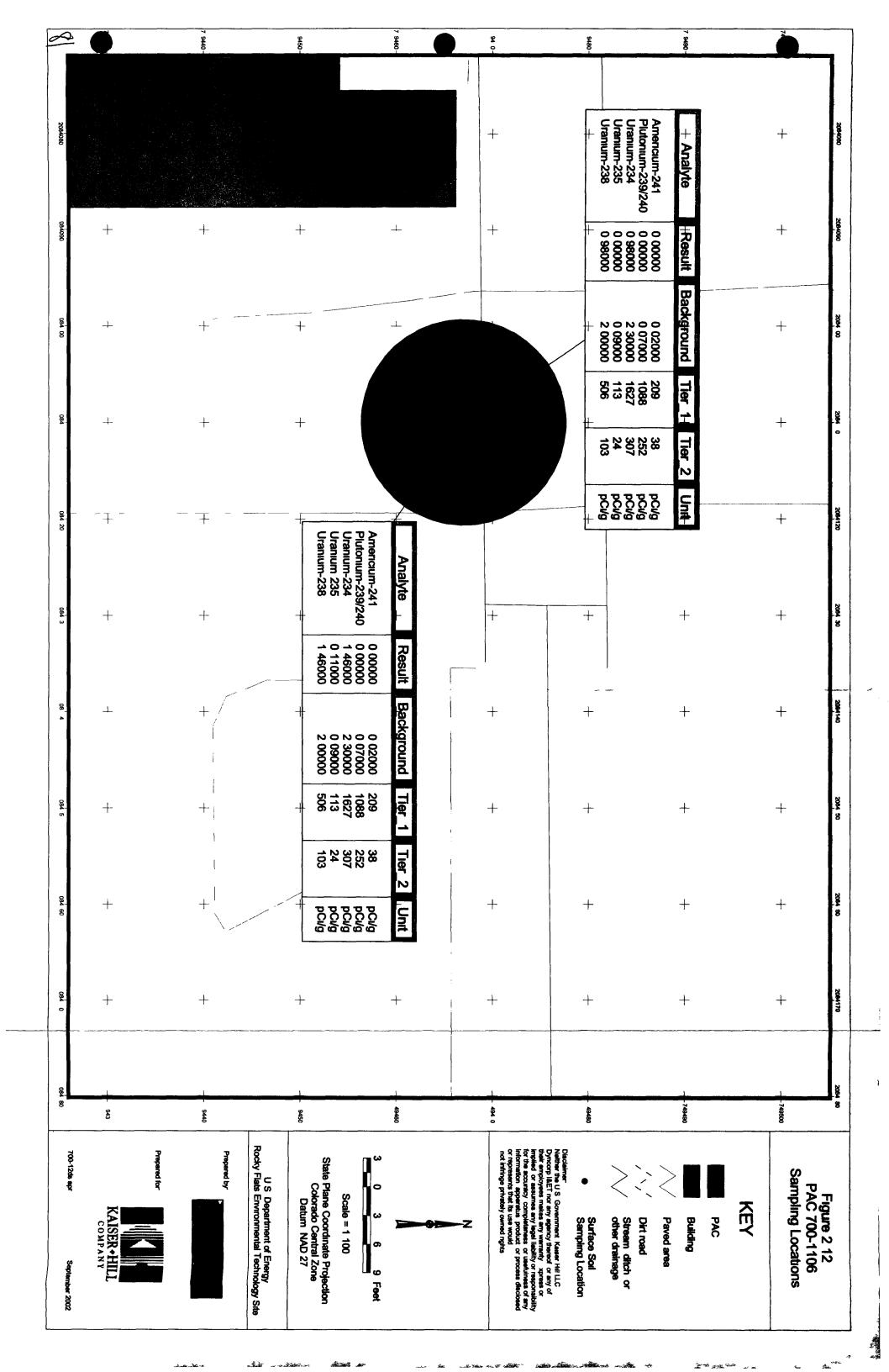


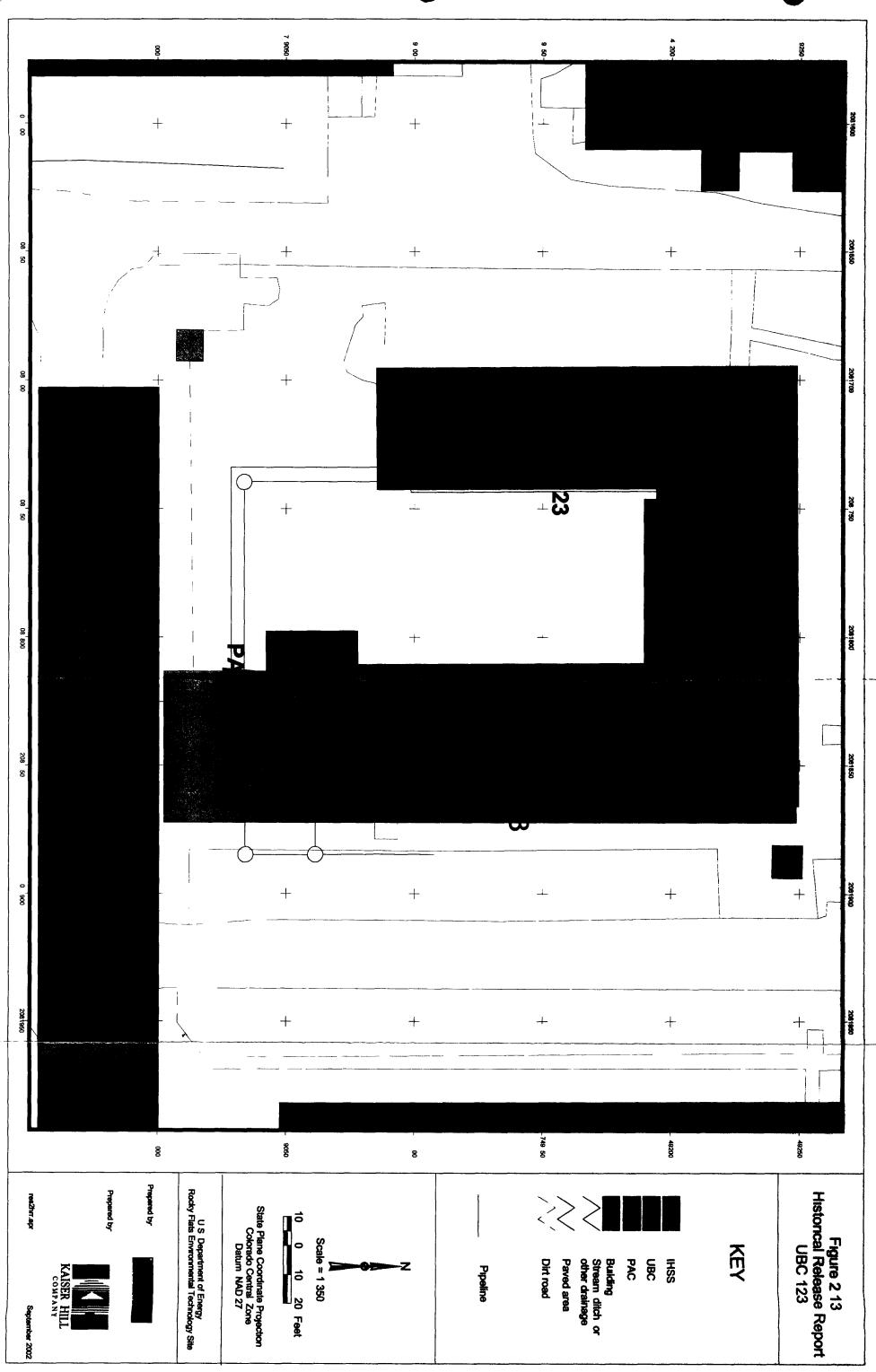


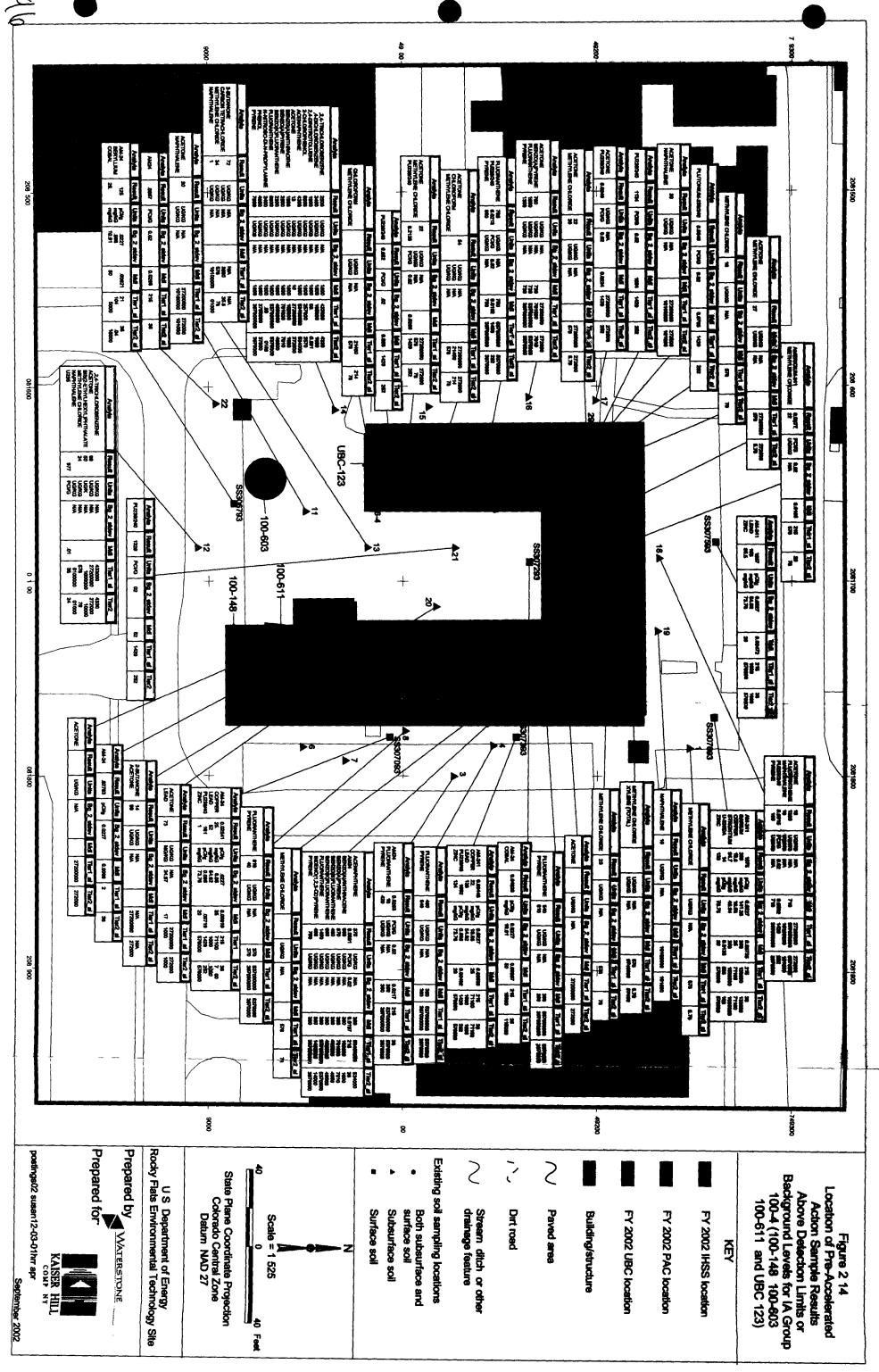


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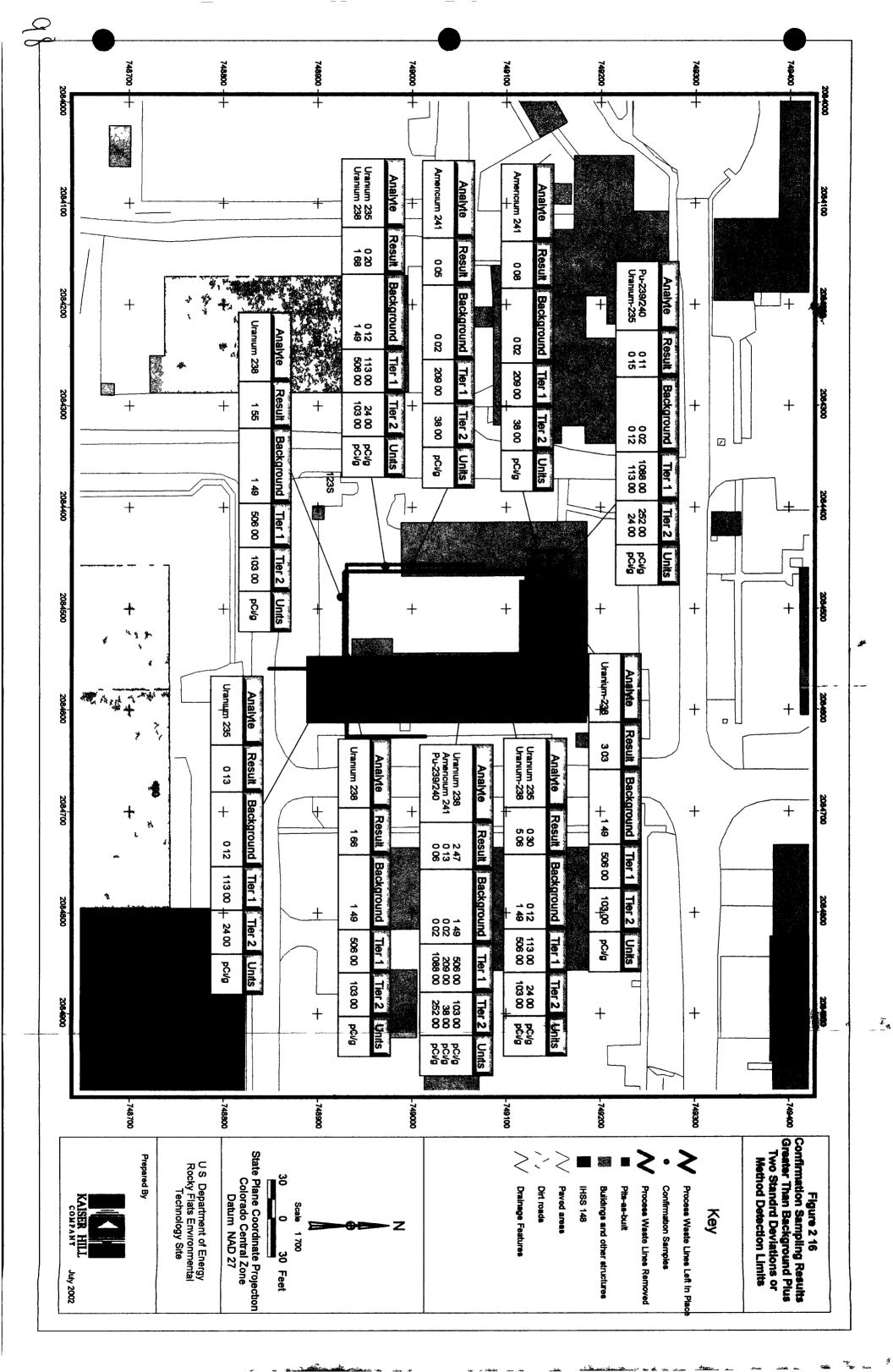




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Location of Pre-Accelerated Sample 2 5 Results Above Detection Limits or Background Levels Collected at UBC 123 (IA Group 100-4) in State Plane Coordinate Projection Colorado Central Zone Datum NAD 27 Surface soil Both subsurface and drainage feature Stream ditch or other Dirt road Paved area 0 Subsurface soil surface soil FY 2002 UBC location November 2000 FY 2002 PAC location FY 2002 IHSS location Building/structure Scale = 1 400 WATERSTONE ð 賣 8 16 November 2001 30 Feet



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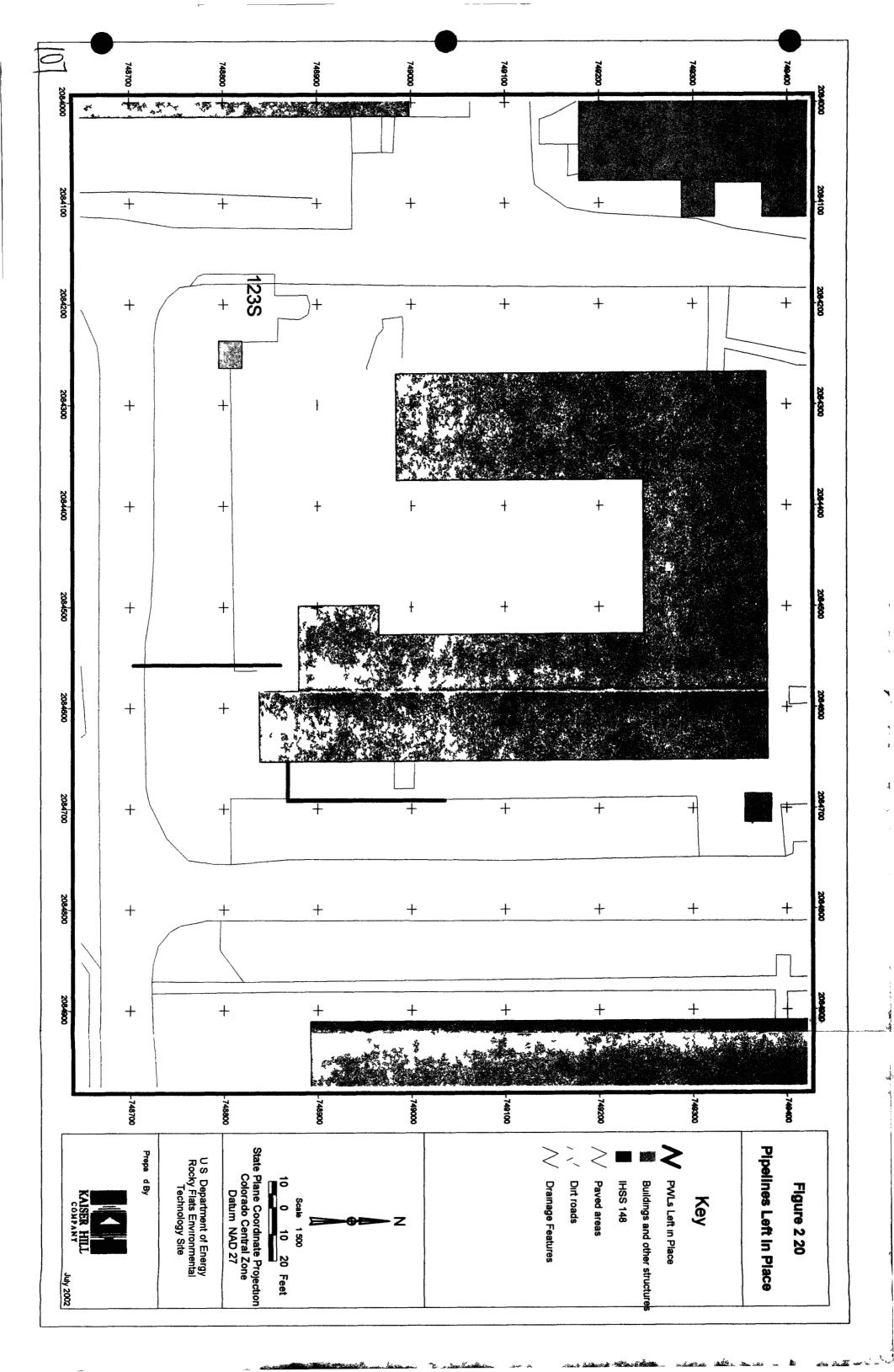
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749200 749400 Prepared by U.S. Department of Energy Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site res2.apr State Plane Coordinate Projection Colorado Central Zone Datum NAD 27 Note For organics mg/kg = ug/kg Figure 2 19
Residual Contamination 20 0 20 Scale = 1 700 20 0 20 at UBC-123 Building Subsurface soil AOC PAC Stream ditch or other drainage S B C Surface soil Tier II Surface soil AOC action surface soil sampling location SSE exceedance soil sampling location Stockpile soil action subsurface soil Pre-accelerated Pre-accelerated Paved area sampling location Confirmation subsurface sampling location 令 June 2002 **8**L Feet



748950 749000-749100 749250 749150-749300-2083600 2083600 2083650 __ 2083700 2083700 2083750 2083750 2083800 2083800 CF38-023 + 2083850 2083850 CF38-008 CF38-019 2083900 2083900 CF38-011 CF38-006 CF38-02 2083950 CE38-005 2083950 CF38-015 2084000 2084000 2084050 2084050 + 749000 -749050 748950 -74920d .749100 -74915e 749256 8 Fie 800-6 hrr 889 Sample map ap U.S. Department of Energy Rocky Flats Environmental Technology Site Tank T 28 Sampling Locations Disclaimer

Disclaimer the United States Government nor Kasser-H C nor Dyncorp

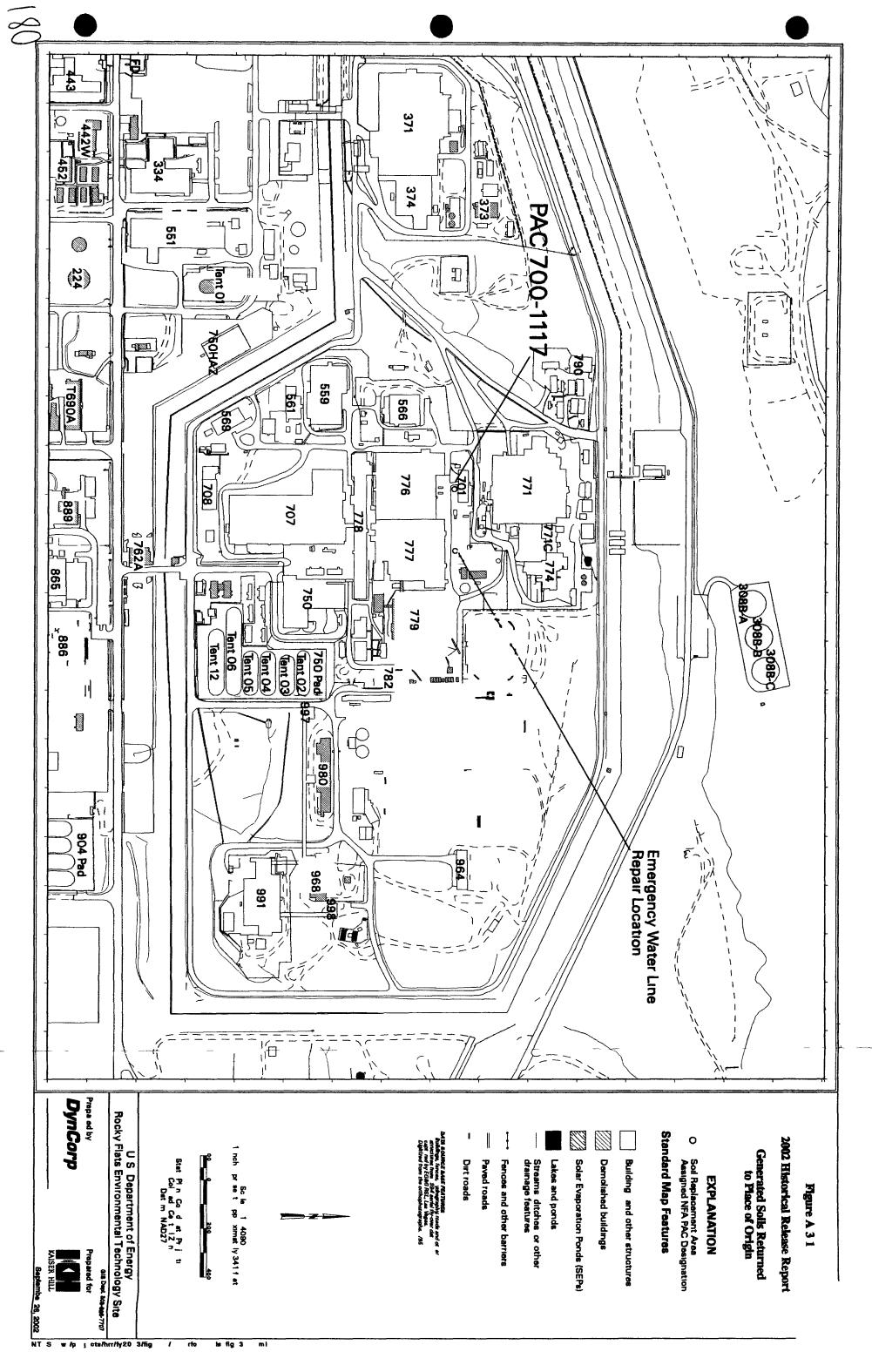
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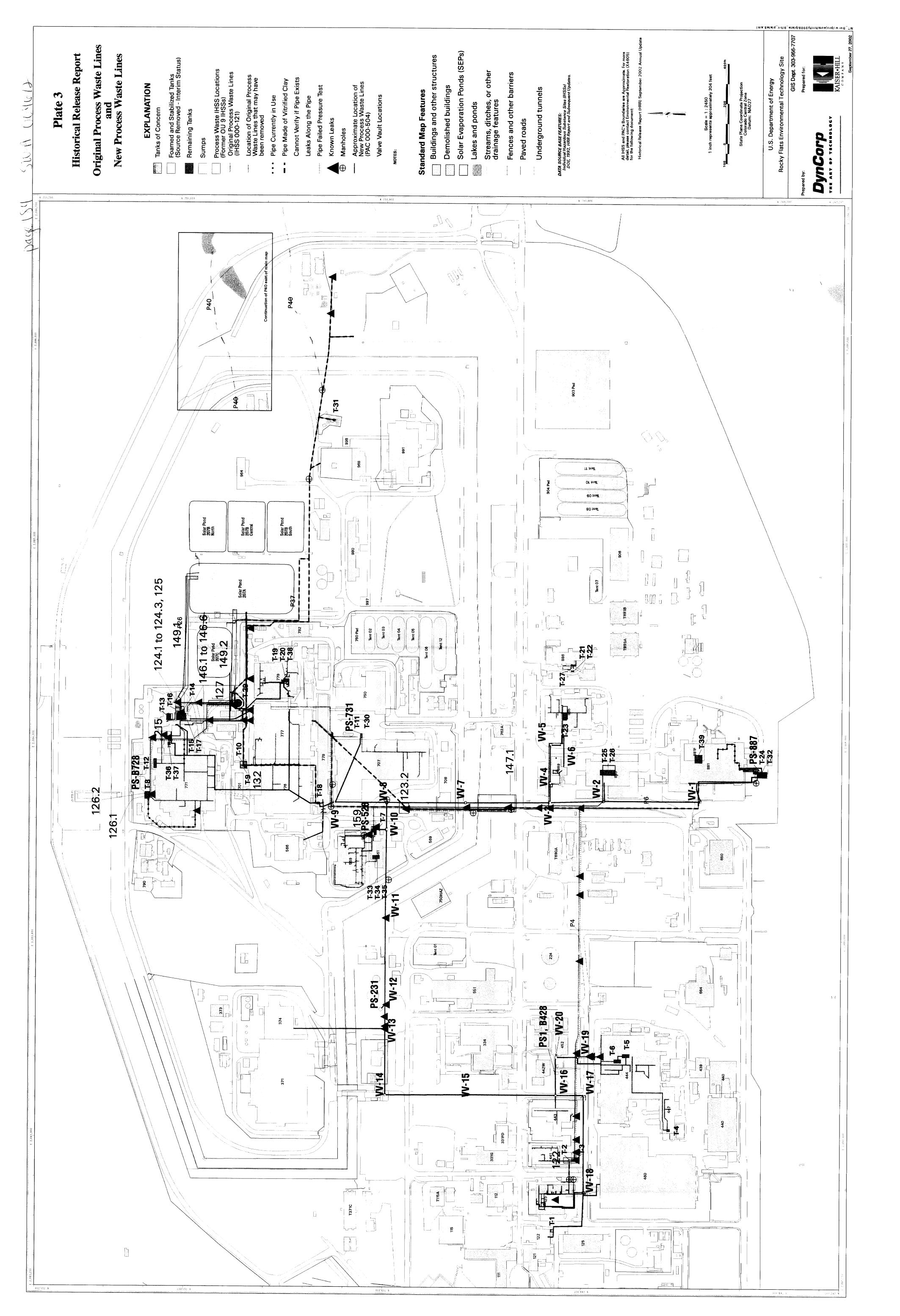
its use would not mininge privately owned right. Prepared by RADMS Working State Plane Coordinate Projection Colorado Central Zone Datum NAD 27 Figure 2.21 UBC 889 and IHSS 121 OPWL location (estimated) OPWL tank location (estimated) Stream ditch or other drainage feature Dirt road Paved area FY 2002 IHSS location FY 2002 brased sampling location Building/structure FY 2002 UBC location KAISER HILI Scale = 1 500 否 8 8 Dat 9/12/02 l g Feet

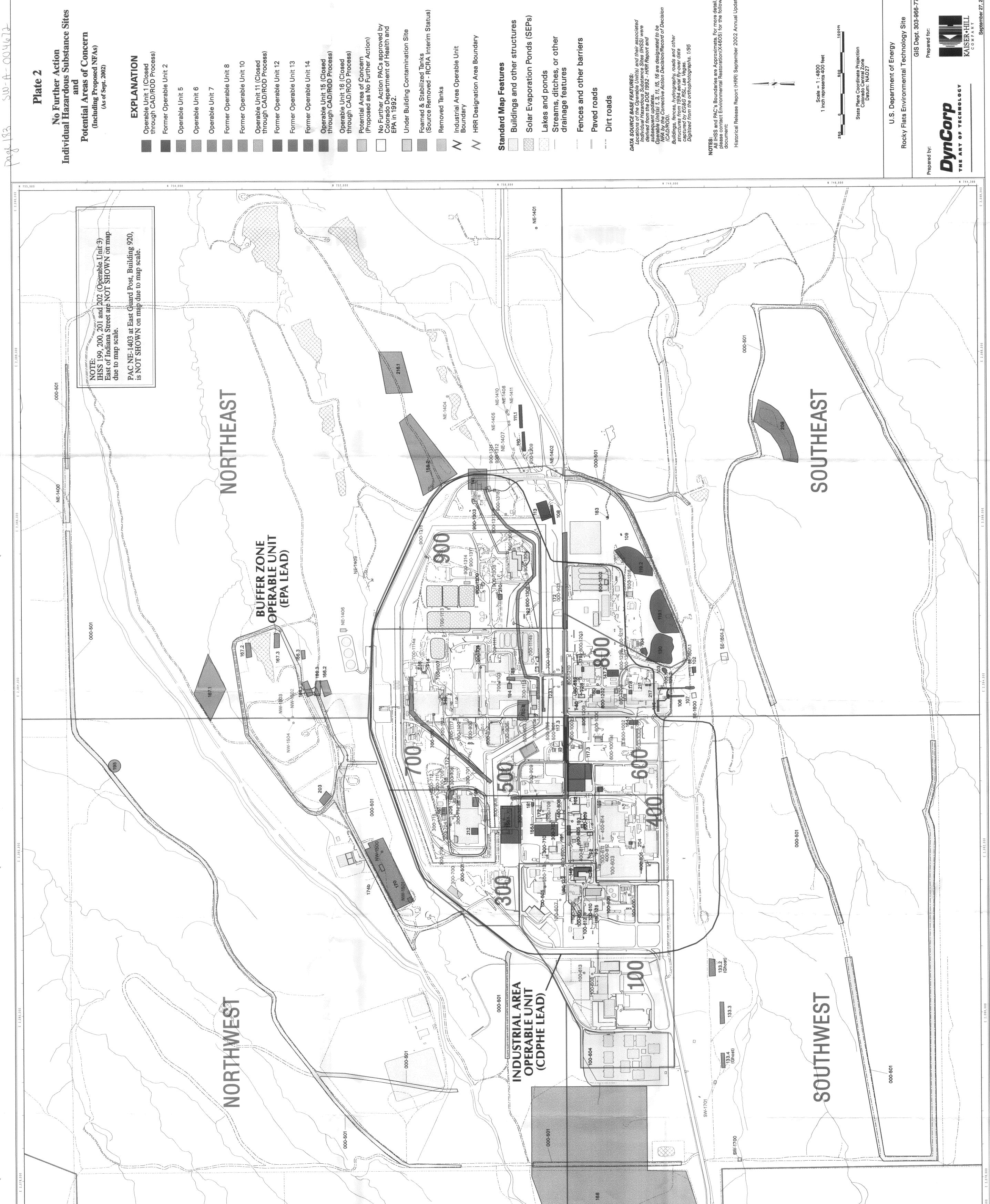


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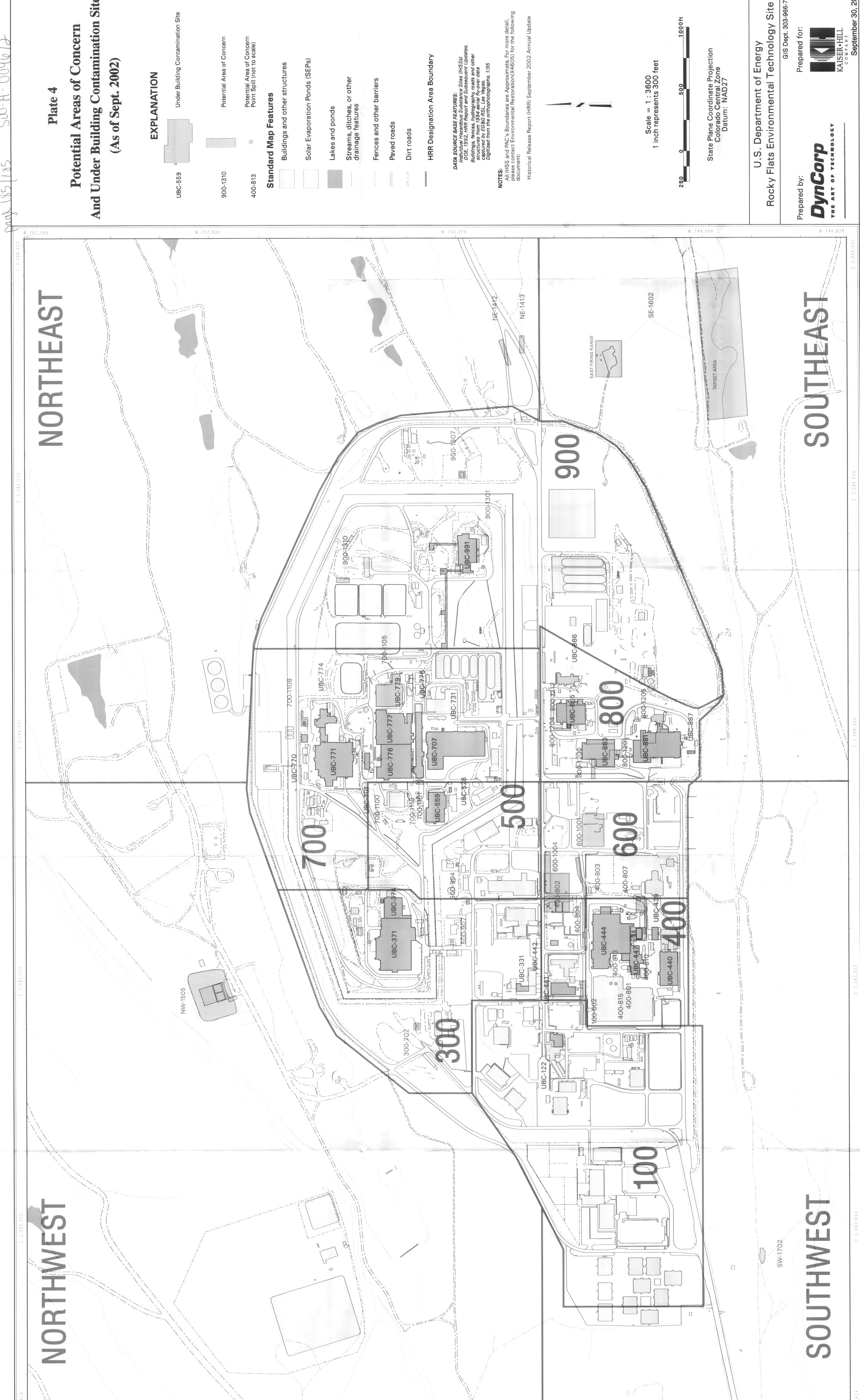
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No Further Action PACs approved by Colorado Department of Health and EPA in 1992. Under Building Contamination Site

NOTES:
All IHSS and PAC's Boundaries are Approximate. For more detail, please contact Environmental Restoration(X4605) for the follow document:



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And Under Building Contamination Sites Potential Areas of Concern

GIS Dept. 303-966-7707

KAISER+HILL
COMPANY
September 30, 2002 Prepared for:

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